

Converting Colors

HunterLab(31.0555, -12.2450,
8.5043)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(31.0555, -12.2450,
8.5043) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(30.9532,
-12.1119, 8.3858)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	425E44
RGB	66, 94, 68
RGB Percent	26%, 37%, 27%
CMY	0.7412, 0.6314, 0.7333
CMYK	0.30, 0.00, 0.28, 0.63
HSL	124°, 18%, 31%
HSV	124°, 30%, 37%
XYZ	7.2929, 9.5810, 6.9338
YIQ	82.6640, -8.3420, -14.0220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

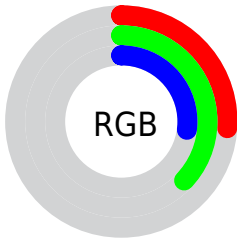
Format	Color
RYB	66, 92, 94
Decimal	4349508
CIELab	37.08, -16.33, 11.65
CIELCh	37, 20.057, 144.489
Yxy	9.5814, 0.3063, 0.4024
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282539588 (0xFF425E44)
YUV	82.6640, -7.2294, -14.6143
Hunter-Lab	30.9532, -12.1119, 8.3858

Details

The HunterLab color $[30.9532, -12.1119, 8.3858]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 336666 . A complement of this color would be $[26.5500, 10.6602, -6.0654]$, and the grayscale version is $[29.3169, -1.5643, 1.5928]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[50.1563, -15.3576, 11.1053]$, and $[15.3086, -8.8138, 5.7168]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[30.3027, -14.9529, 10.2423]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[31.7015, -8.9347, 6.3399]$.

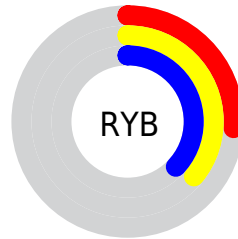
Distribution



Red (26%)

Green (37%)

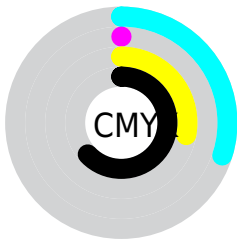
Blue (27%)



Red (26%)

Yellow (36%)

Blue (37%)

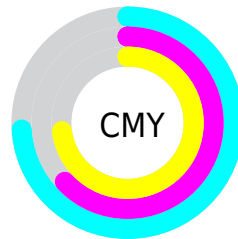


Cyan (30%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (28%)

Black (63%)



Cyan (74%)

Magenta (63%)

Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 30.9532, -12.1119, 8.3858 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 30.9532, -12.1119, 8.3858 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 30.9532, -12.1119,
8.3858

■ 30.9532, -12.1119,
8.3858

■ 136.9883,
-25.2902, 19.4037

■ 22.6325, -10.4726,
7.0851

■ 50.0051, -15.1903,
10.8740

■ 15.2289, -8.7111,
5.7067

■ 60.6124, -16.6709,
12.0914

■ 8.8535, -8.5084,
5.9365

■ 71.8788, -18.1289,
13.3025

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.7679, -19.5722,
14.5126

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 96.2486, -21.0063,
15.7255

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 109.2941,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-22.4353, 16.9437

0.0000, NaN, NaN

122.8809,
-23.8625, 18.1693

■ 30.9532, -12.1119,
8.3858

■ 30.9532, -12.1119,
8.3858

■ 30.3027, -14.9529,
10.2423

■ 31.7015, -8.9347,
6.3399

■ 29.7488, -17.4272,
11.8886

■ 32.5437, -5.4530,
4.1258

■ 29.2915, -19.5139,
13.3089

■ 33.4778, -1.7032,
1.7665

■ 28.9286, -21.2015,
14.4926

■ 34.5002, 2.2784,
-0.7154

■ 28.6560, -22.4907,
15.4354

■ 35.6069, 6.4572,
-3.2987

■ 28.4676, -23.3964,
16.1411

■ 36.7939, 10.8009,
-5.9640

■ 28.3235, -24.0851,
16.6164

■ 38.0566, 15.2804,
-8.6942

■ 28.3205, -24.0993,
16.6254

■ 39.3907, 19.8704,
-11.4746

■ 40.7920, 24.5487,
-14.2926

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.9539, -7.1727, 11.4152



30.9532, -12.1119, 8.3858



30.9539, -14.2360, 2.9203

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.9539, -12.1125, 8.3861



30.9539, -2.9686, -14.4528



30.9539, 11.9449, 6.6511

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.9532, -12.1119, 8.3858



26.5500, 10.6602, -6.0654

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.9539, 13.3286, 0.3963



30.9532, -12.1119, 8.3858



30.9539, 4.2822, -12.8146

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.9539, -12.1125, 8.3861



30.9539, -9.2741, -11.0310



30.9539, 10.4104, -6.9593



30.9539, 6.7846, 10.5850

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.9532, -12.1119, 8.3858



30.9539, -13.9224, -1.7857



30.9539, 10.4104, -6.9593



30.9539, 12.8858, 4.7950

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.9539, -12.1125, 8.3861



43.1227, -6.9712, 5.3049



32.6824, -5.7814, 10.6869



21.0511, -3.6482, 2.7459



71.2094, -3.7996, 3.8689



21.6712, -1.1563, 1.1774

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.9539, -12.1125, 8.3861



40.3148, -18.8285, 12.9232



31.2590, -10.3470, 3.9894



16.0891, -2.5119, 1.9225



33.3071, -28.3769, 19.6265



77.9074, -66.6210, 46.4381

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.5500, 10.6602, -6.0654



33.1685, 18.2454, -10.5821



26.1310, 8.5397, -0.1602



15.4267, 0.8968, -0.2435



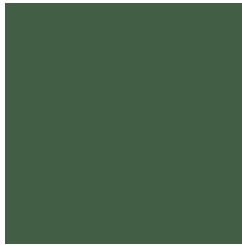
20.6113, 39.9341, -22.6233



48.1755, 93.2507, -52.1925

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.9532, -12.1119, 8.3858 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

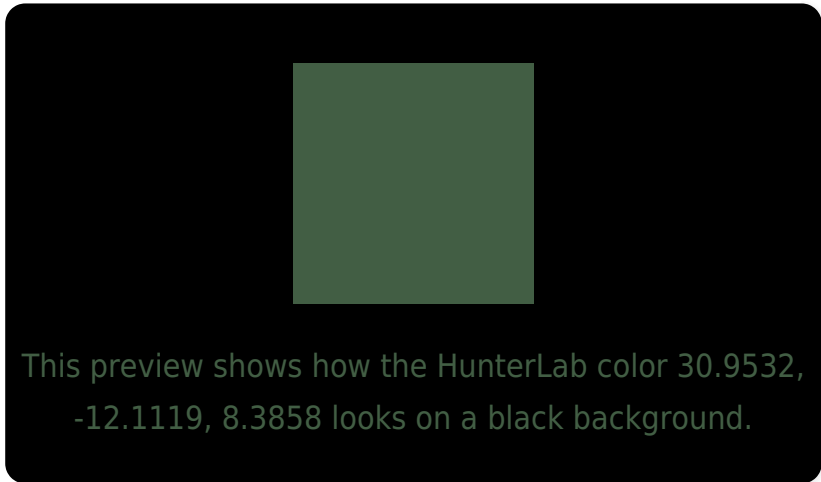
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

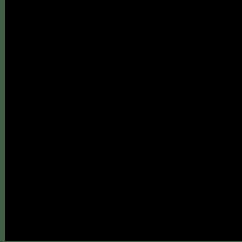
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 30.9532, -12.1119, 8.3858 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.9532, -12.1119, 8.3858.



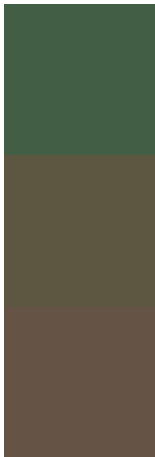
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.9532,

-12.1119, 8.3858.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

30.9532, -12.1119, 8.3858

Protanopia

30.8629, -2.6715, 9.3635

Deuteranopia

30.9023, 1.6193, 7.9530



Tritanopia

30.8464, -5.3010, -2.8230

Trichromacy



Original Color

30.9532, -12.1119, 8.3858

Protanomaly

30.8945, -6.6485, 9.0290

Deuteranomaly

30.7958, -4.1122, 8.0646

Tritanomaly

30.6908, -7.9071, 1.7649

Monochromacy



Original Color

30.9532, -12.1119, 8.3858

Achromatopsia

29.4110, -1.5693, 1.5980

Achromatomaly

29.9069, -5.5205, 4.0426

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 30.9532, -12.1119, 8.3858 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(66, 94, 68)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(66, 94, 68)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(66, 94, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(66, 94, 68) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 30.9532, -12.1119, 8.3858 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(66, 94, 68) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(66, 94, 68) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(66, 94, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(66, 94, 68); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 94, 68);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 94, 68)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 30.9532, -12.1119, 8.3858 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(66, 94, 68) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(66, 94,  
68) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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