

Converting Colors

HunterLab(31.1060, 13.2665,
-8.3165)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(31.1060, 13.2665,
-8.3165) contains.

HunterLab(31.1879, 13.2121, -8.0553)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(31.1879, 13.2121,
-8.0553)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E4D6D
RGB	110, 77, 109
RGB Percent	43%, 30%, 43%
CMY	0.5686, 0.6980, 0.5725
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.01, 0.57
HSL	302°, 18%, 37%
HSV	302°, 30%, 43%
XYZ	11.8446, 9.7269, 15.7212
YIQ	90.5150, 9.3960, 16.9480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

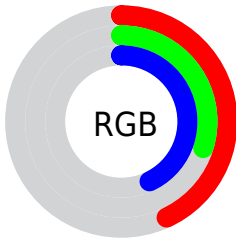
Format	Color
R_{YB}	110, 77, 109
Decimal	7228781
CIE _{Lab}	37.35, 19.80, -12.94
CIE _{LCh}	37, 23.653, 326.823
Yxy	9.7273, 0.3176, 0.2608
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285418861 (0xFF6E4D6D)
YUV	90.5150, 9.1131, 17.0883
Hunter-Lab	31.1879, 13.2121, -8.0553

Details

The HunterLab color $31.1879, 13.2121, -8.0553$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 663366 . A complement of this color would be $36.4417, -14.7318, 10.4696$, and the grayscale version is $32.1309, -1.7144, 1.7457$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $50.1760, 14.6266, -8.6685$, and $15.4728, 11.5166, -7.1814$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $28.8248, 18.4257, -11.4820$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $33.7731, 8.0133, -4.6137$.

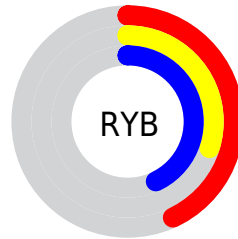
Distribution



Red (43%)

Green (30%)

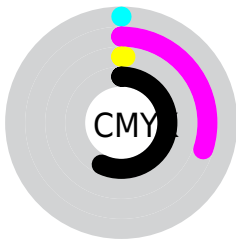
Blue (43%)



Red (43%)

Yellow (30%)

Blue (43%)

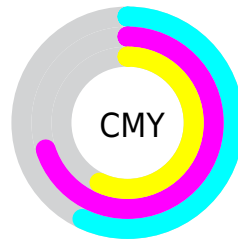


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (30%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (57%)



Cyan (57%)

Magenta (70%)

Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 31.1879, 13.2121, -8.0553 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 31.1879, 13.2121, -8.0553 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 31.1879, 13.2121,
-8.0553

■ 31.1879, 13.2121,
-8.0553

■ 137.3734, 15.7907,
-7.1981

■ 22.8441, 12.4506,
-7.8221

■ 50.2805, 14.3638,
-8.2848

■ 15.4144, 11.5385,
-7.5078

■ 60.9059, 14.7880,
-8.2949

■ 9.0195, 10.5041,
-7.1571

■ 72.1894, 15.1265,
-8.2428

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 84.0948, 15.3881,
-8.1334

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 96.5909, 15.5799,
-7.9709

0.0000, NaN, NaN

109.6512, 15.7078,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-7.7588

0.0000, NaN, NaN

123.2523, 15.7767,
-7.5003

■ 31.1879, 13.2121,
-8.0553

■ 31.1879, 13.2121,
-8.0553

■ 28.8248, 18.4257,
-11.4820

■ 33.7731, 8.0133,
-4.6137

■ 26.7160, 23.5441,
-14.8180

■ 36.5483, 2.8967,
-1.2056

■ 24.8984, 28.3920,
-17.9448

■ 39.4883, -2.1079,
2.1461

■ 23.4062, 32.7346,
-20.7068

■ 42.5717, -6.9907,
5.4320

■ 22.2655, 36.3050,
-22.9300

■ 45.7807, -11.7542,
8.6514

■ 21.4848, 38.8704,
-24.4666

■ 49.1005, -16.4071,
11.8080

■ 20.9036, 40.8421,
-25.5971

■ 52.5189, -20.9609,
14.9078

■ 20.9035, 40.8424,
-25.5973

■ 56.0258, -25.4279,
17.9577

■ 59.6128, -29.8201,
20.9644

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.1886, 6.0494, -15.5882



31.1879, 13.2121, -8.0553



31.1886, 16.3692, 0.8245

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.1886, 13.2112, -8.0546



31.1886, -0.7557, 13.5654



31.1886, -14.9407, -6.1560

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.1879, 13.2121, -8.0553



36.4417, -14.7318, 10.4696

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.1886, -16.3521, 2.5463



31.1879, 13.2121, -8.0553



31.1886, -8.6971, 12.6215

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.1886, 13.2112, -8.0546



31.1886, 7.7820, 12.1009



31.1886, -14.1896, 9.0577



31.1886, -10.1077, -14.3019

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.1879, 13.2121, -8.0553



31.1886, 15.5532, 5.8668



31.1886, -14.1896, 9.0577



31.1886, -15.8071, -3.1406

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.1886, 13.2112, -8.0546



48.7223, 3.3304, -1.2581



28.3457, 4.3871, -13.3132



23.2972, 1.9710, -0.8503



75.5302, -4.0301, 4.1037



25.2436, -1.3469, 1.3715

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.1886, 13.2112, -8.0546



39.1171, 22.3236, -13.8432



30.6800, 10.6480, -0.9002



18.5790, 1.2117, -0.4414



22.9093, 44.7589, -28.0333



51.1081, 99.8163, -62.2621

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.1886, 13.2112, -8.0546



39.1171, 22.3236, -13.8432



36.7953, -12.6811, 5.3679



18.5790, 1.2117, -0.4414



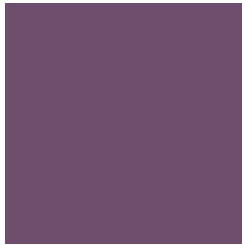
22.9093, 44.7589, -28.0333



51.1081, 99.8163, -62.2621

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 31.1879, 13.2121, -8.0553 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

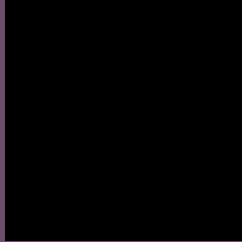
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 31.1879, 13.2121, -8.0553 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 31.1879, 13.2121, -8.0553.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 31.1879, 13.2121, -8.0553.

-8.0553.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

31.1879, 13.2121, -8.0553

Protanopia

31.2775, 1.5857, -12.0204

Deuteranopia

31.2143, 2.0576, -7.1510



Tritanopia

31.1429, 6.9784, 2.1460

Trichromacy



Original Color

31.1879, 13.2121, -8.0553

Protanomaly

30.9886, 5.6084, -10.6977

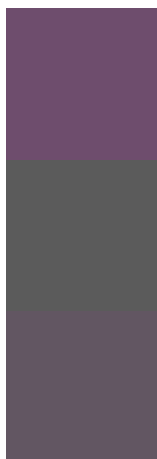
Deuteranomaly

31.1482, 5.7734, -7.7109

Tritanomaly

31.2277, 8.9061, -1.1572

Monochromacy



Original Color

31.1879, 13.2121, -8.0553

Achromatopsia

32.3445, -1.7258, 1.7573

Achromatomaly

31.8341, 3.5550, -1.8431

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 31.1879, 13.2121, -8.0553 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 77, 109)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 77, 109)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 77, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 77, 109) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 31.1879, 13.2121, -8.0553 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 77, 109) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 77, 109) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(110, 77, 109)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 77, 109); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 77, 109);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 77,  
109) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 31.1879, 13.2121, -8.0553 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 77, 109) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110, 77,  
109) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor