

Converting Colors

HunterLab(31.1313, 2.3888,
-0.9824)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(31.1313, 2.3888, -0.9824)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(31.1205, 2.2372,
-0.9598)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5E555E
RGB	94, 85, 94
RGB Percent	37%, 33%, 37%
CMY	0.6314, 0.6667, 0.6314
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.00, 0.63
HSL	300°, 5%, 35%
HSV	300°, 10%, 37%
XYZ	9.8850, 9.6849, 11.9381
YIQ	88.7170, 2.4750, 4.7070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

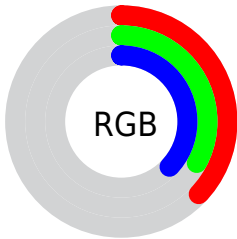
Format	Color
RYB	94, 85, 94
Decimal	6182238
CIELab	37.27, 5.52, -3.88
CIELCh	37, 6.744, 324.905
Yxy	9.6853, 0.3137, 0.3074
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284372318 (0xFF5E555E)
YUV	88.7170, 2.6045, 4.6332
Hunter-Lab	31.1205, 2.2372, -0.9598

Details

The HunterLab color $[31.1205, 2.2372, -0.9598]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[32.5467, -5.4629, 4.3024]$, and the grayscale version is $[31.4933, -1.6804, 1.7111]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[50.2701, 1.5065, -0.1173]$, and $[15.3602, 2.3023, -1.2885]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[28.8134, 6.5318, -3.9219]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[33.5635, -1.9625, 1.9403]$.

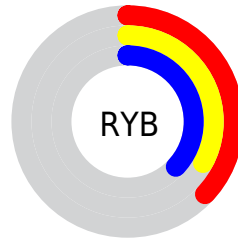
Distribution



 Red (37%)

 Green (33%)

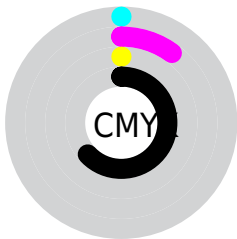
 Blue (37%)



 Red (37%)

 Yellow (33%)

 Blue (37%)

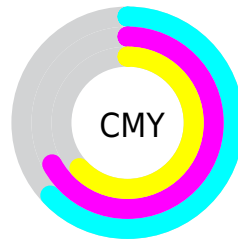



 Cyan (0%)

 Magenta (10%)

 Yellow (0%)

 Black (63%)



 Cyan (63%)

 Magenta (67%)

 Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 31.1205, 2.2372, -0.9598 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 31.1205, 2.2372, -0.9598 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 31.1205, 2.2372,
-0.9598

■ 31.1205, 2.2372,
-0.9598

■ 137.2628, -1.0330,
3.2332

■ 22.7833, 2.3162,
-1.1742

■ 50.2014, 1.8613,
-0.3439

■ 15.3611, 2.3050,
-1.3136

■ 60.8216, 1.5840,
0.0429

■ 8.9722, 2.2273,
-1.3812

■ 72.1002, 1.2552,
0.4761

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 84.0009, 0.8792,
0.9521

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 96.4927, 0.4597,
1.4681

0.0000, NaN, NaN

109.5487, -0.0005,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

123.1457, -0.4987,
2.6105

■ 31.1205, 2.2372,
-0.9598

■ 31.1205, 2.2372,
-0.9598

■ 28.8134, 6.5318,
-3.9219

■ 33.5635, -1.9625,
1.9403

■ 26.6608, 10.8999,
-6.9313

■ 36.1232, -6.0577,
4.7714

■ 24.6873, 15.2912,
-9.9532

■ 38.7859, -10.0516,
7.5355

■ 22.9199, 19.6182,
-12.9277

■ 41.5397, -13.9515,
10.2373

■ 21.3875, 23.7461,
-15.7625

■ 44.3748, -17.7670,
12.8832

■ 20.1177, 27.4912,
-18.3322

■ 47.2829, -21.5083,
15.4799

■ 19.1324, 30.6403,
-20.4915

■ 50.2571, -25.1853,
18.0341

■ 18.4409, 32.9975,
-22.1070

■ 53.2916, -28.8072,
20.5519

■ 17.8790, 35.0131,
-23.4879

■ 56.3815, -32.3825,
23.0390

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.1212, 0.3213, -2.5932



31.1205, 2.2372, -0.9598



31.1212, 3.1085, 1.2985

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.1212, 2.2364, -0.9592



31.1212, -1.2480, 5.7875



31.1212, -5.7703, -0.2279

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.1205, 2.2372, -0.9598



32.5467, -5.4629, 4.3024

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.1212, -6.1618, 2.0844



31.1205, 2.2372, -0.9598



31.1212, -3.5972, 5.4466

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.1212, 2.2364, -0.9592



31.1212, 1.0579, 5.1018



31.1212, -5.3779, 4.1324



31.1212, -4.2920, -2.1488

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.1205, 2.2372, -0.9598



31.1212, 2.9622, 2.8110



31.1212, -5.3779, 4.1324



31.1212, -6.0315, 0.5340

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.1212, 2.2364, -0.9592



43.2561, -0.6563, 1.2269



30.4312, -0.3024, -1.8862



21.0714, -0.1459, 0.4795



71.2094, -3.7996, 3.8689



21.6712, -1.1563, 1.1774

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.1212, 2.2364, -0.9592



40.6270, 3.9560, -1.9571



30.9990, 1.5811, 0.7767



15.4350, 0.9414, -0.3617



21.0018, 41.2903, -27.7003



49.1462, 96.6231, -64.8213

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.8756, 0.9167, 2.5369



40.2408, 1.8887, 3.5390



32.6560, -4.8526, 2.7371



15.3238, 0.3429, 1.2215



18.1455, 31.0747, 11.7252



42.4622, 72.7178, 27.4380

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 31.1205, 2.2372, -0.9598 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 31.1205, 2.2372, -0.9598 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

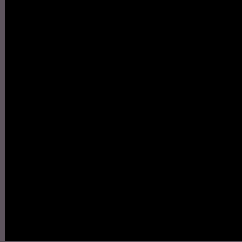
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 31.1205, 2.2372, -0.9598 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 31.1205, 2.2372, -0.9598.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 31.1205, 2.2372, -0.9598.

-0.9598.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

31.1205, 2.2372, -0.9598

Protanopia

31.0948, -0.4307, -1.4905

Deuteranopia

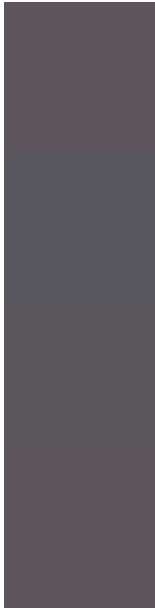
31.0360, 1.9534, -1.0717



Tritanopia

31.0635, 1.9318, -0.1507

Trichromacy



Original Color

31.1205, 2.2372, -0.9598

Protanomaly

31.0732, 0.8252, -1.4961

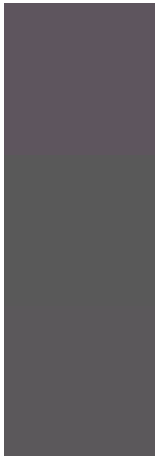
Deuteranomaly

31.0360, 1.9534, -1.0717

Tritanomaly

31.0918, 2.0836, -0.5530

Monochromacy



Original Color

31.1205, 2.2372, -0.9598

Achromatopsia

31.6068, -1.6865, 1.7173

Achromatomaly

31.5578, -0.4028, 0.8434

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 31.1205, 2.2372, -0.9598 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(94, 85, 94)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 85, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 85, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 85, 94) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 31.1205, 2.2372, -0.9598 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 85, 94) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 85, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(94, 85, 94)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 85, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 85, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 85, 94)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 31.1205, 2.2372, -0.9598 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 85, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 85,  
94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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