

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(31.1924, 0.5034,  
2.9271)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(31.1924, 0.5034, 2.9271)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(31.1306, 0.4728,  
2.8224)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	5E5655
RGB	94, 86, 85
RGB Percent	37%, 34%, 33%
CMY	0.6314, 0.6627, 0.6667
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.10, 0.63
HSL	7°, 5%, 35%
HSV	7°, 10%, 37%
XYZ	9.5836, 9.6911, 9.9598
YIQ	88.2780, 5.0890, 1.3850

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

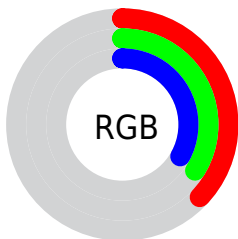
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>Y</sub>B</b>	94, 86, 85
Decimal	6182485
CIE Lab	37.28, 3.05, 1.75
CIE LCh	37, 3.521, 29.853
Yxy	9.6916, 0.3278, 0.3315
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284372565 (0xFF5E5655)
YUV	88.2780, -1.6161, 5.0182
Hunter-Lab	31.1306, 0.4728, 2.8224

# Details

The HunterLab color  $[31.1306, 0.4728, 2.8224]$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666666$ . A complement of this color would be  $[32.5084, -3.7323, 0.6522]$ , and the grayscale version is  $[31.3462, -1.6726, 1.7031]$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $[50.2861, -0.3980, 3.9532]$ , and  $[15.3865, 0.8565, 1.7605]$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $[28.8010, 2.9376, 3.8721]$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $[33.5619, -1.8833, 1.7731]$ .

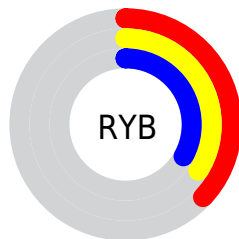
# Distribution



Red (37%)

Green (34%)

Blue (33%)



Red (37%)

Yellow (34%)

Blue (33%)

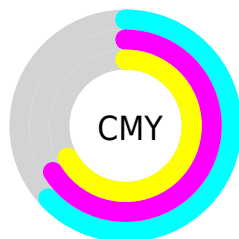


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (63%)



Cyan (63%)

Magenta (66%)

Yellow (67%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 31.1306, 0.4728, 2.8224 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 31.1306, 0.4728, 2.8224 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 31.1306, 0.4728,  
2.8224

■ 31.1306, 0.4728,  
2.8224

■ 137.2794, -3.8607,  
9.3452

■ 22.7924, 0.7125,  
2.2531

■ 50.2133, -0.1875,  
4.0635

■ 15.3691, 0.8797,  
1.7181

■ 60.8343, -0.5931,  
4.7318

■ 8.9793, 1.0022,  
1.2978

■ 72.1136, -1.0432,  
5.4306

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 84.0150, -1.5343,  
6.1588

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 96.5074, -2.0637,  
6.9152

0.0000, NaN, NaN

109.5641, -2.6292,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

123.1617, -3.2287,  
8.5092

■ 31.1306, 0.4728,  
2.8224

■ 31.1306, 0.4728,  
2.8224

■ 28.8010, 2.9376,  
3.8721

■ 33.5619, -1.8833,  
1.7731

■ 26.5858, 5.5209,  
4.9147

■ 36.0805, -4.1389,  
0.7258

■ 24.5038, 8.2220,  
5.9399

■ 38.6772, -6.3064,  
-0.3175

■ 22.5764, 11.0273,  
6.9301

■ 41.3437, -8.3970,  
-1.3567

■ 20.8290, 13.9001,  
7.8583

■ 44.0731, -10.4213,  
-2.3921

■ 19.2898, 16.7699,  
8.6862

■ 46.8596, -12.3884,  
-3.4244

■ 17.9879, 19.5224,  
9.3654

■ 49.6985, -14.3067,  
-4.4542

■ 16.9493, 22.0019,  
9.8448

■ 52.5856, -16.1831,  
-5.4823

■ 16.1734, 23.9653,  
10.3434

■ 55.5173, -18.0239,  
-6.5096

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.1313, 0.8035, 1.6887



31.1306, 0.4728, 2.8224



31.1313, -0.4335, 3.6271

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.1313, 0.4719, 2.8229



31.1313, -3.7354, 2.8327



31.1313, -1.6690, -0.7056

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.1306, 0.4728, 2.8224



32.5084, -3.7323, 0.6522

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.1313, -2.8732, -0.3704



31.1306, 0.4728, 2.8224



31.1313, -4.0546, 1.7005

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.1313, 0.4719, 2.8229



31.1313, -2.8626, 3.6326



31.1313, -3.7414, 0.5223



31.1313, -0.4444, -0.3767



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.1306, 0.4728, 2.8224



31.1313, -1.2337, 3.8842



31.1313, -3.7414, 0.5223



31.1313, -2.0895, -0.6667

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.1313, 0.4719, 2.8229



43.2648, -1.4112, 2.8348



31.0949, 2.0988, -0.5934



21.0763, -0.5927, 1.4317



71.2094, -3.7996, 3.8689



21.6712, -1.1563, 1.1774



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.1313, 0.4719, 2.8229



40.6392, 1.1902, 3.9810



32.2733, -1.4687, 4.0719



15.4404, 0.1412, 1.3519



18.8694, 28.6649, 12.1291



43.3438, 69.7420, 27.9292



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.5084, -3.7323, 0.6522



42.7937, -5.3893, 0.5845



31.3336, -1.8197, -0.7624



16.0651, -1.7660, 0.3671



31.2250, -13.9911, -8.8257

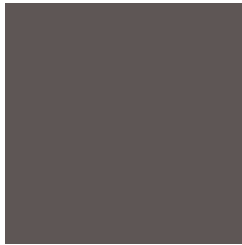


72.5183, -32.0405, -21.4752



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 31.1306, 0.4728, 2.8224 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

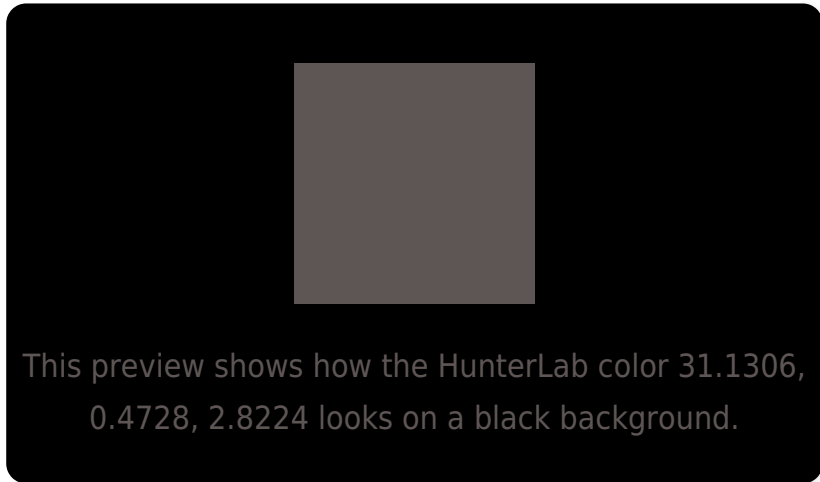
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

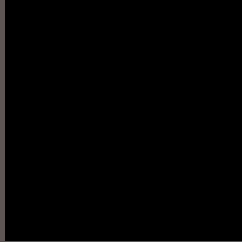
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 31.1306, 0.4728, 2.8224 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 31.1306, 0.4728, 2.8224.



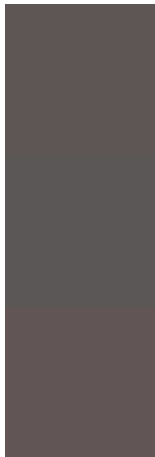
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 31.1306, 0.4728,

2.8224.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

31.1306, 0.4728, 2.8224

### Protanopia

31.0837, -0.9655, 2.3435

### Deuteranopia

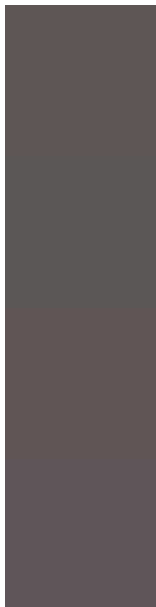
31.1356, 1.7989, 2.8514



## Tritanopia

31.1490, 2.2190, -0.0399

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

31.1306, 0.4728, 2.8224

## Protanomaly

31.1648, -0.6855, 2.4420

## Deuteranomaly

31.0478, 1.5029, 2.7458

## Tritanomaly

31.0663, 1.7758, 1.1364

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

31.1306, 0.4728, 2.8224

## Achromatopsia

31.2390, -1.6668, 1.6973

## Achromatomaly

31.1098, -0.8231, 1.9707

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 31.1306, 0.4728, 2.8224 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(94, 86, 85) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 86, 85)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 86, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 86, 85) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 31.1306, 0.4728, 2.8224 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 86, 85) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 86, 85) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(94, 86, 85)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 86, 85); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 86, 85);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 86, 85)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 31.1306, 0.4728, 2.8224 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 86, 85) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 86,  
85) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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