

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(31.3439, 52.1433,  
-23.8333)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(31.3439, 52.1433,  
-23.8333) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(31.3439, 52.1433,  
-23.8333)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9D1D88
RGB	157, 29, 136
RGB Percent	62%, 11%, 53%
CMY	0.3843, 0.8862, 0.4667
CMYK	0.00, 0.82, 0.13, 0.38
HSL	310°, 69%, 36%
HSV	310°, 82%, 62%
XYZ	18.7879, 9.8244, 24.1986
YIQ	79.4700, 41.9410, 60.4130

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

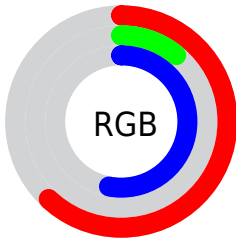
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	157, 29, 136
Decimal	10296712
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	37.53, 60.55, -28.86
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	38, 67.073, 334.516
Yxy	9.8249, 0.3558, 0.1860
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288486792 (0xFF9D1D88)
YUV	79.4700, 27.8693, 67.9938
Hunter-Lab	31.3439, 52.1433, -23.8333

# Details

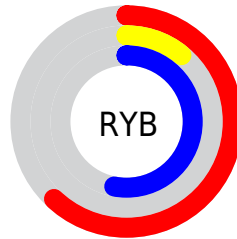
The HunterLab color **31.3439, 52.1433, -23.8333** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993399**. A complement of this color would be **49.6043, -39.5237, 26.2660**, and the grayscale version is **28.0252, -1.4954, 1.5227**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50.4749, 56.5727, -25.1303**, and **18.5434, 35.3794, -16.1041** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.2806, 54.9771, -24.1293**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32.9765, 47.6344, -22.4717**.

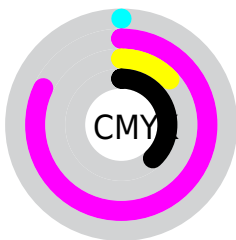
# Distribution



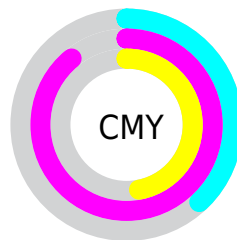
- Red (62%)
- Green (11%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (47%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 31.3439, 52.1433, -23.8333 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 31.3439, 52.1433, -23.8333 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



31.3439, 52.1433,  
-23.8333

31.3439, 52.1433,  
-23.8333

137.6291, 68.1353,  
-27.3595

22.9848, 50.0214,  
-23.2939

50.4635, 56.3456,  
-24.9512

15.5379, 48.1264,  
-22.9269

61.1009, 58.3250,  
-25.4571

9.1280, 47.1884,  
-23.1876

72.3958, 60.2036,  
-25.9110

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

84.3119, 61.9802,  
-26.3095

0.0000, NaN, NaN

96.8184, 63.6574,  
-26.6524

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

109.8885, 65.2392,

-26.9406

123.4989, 66.7303,  
-27.1756

■ 31.3439, 52.1433,  
-23.8333

■ 31.3439, 52.1433,  
-23.8333

■ 30.2806, 54.9771,  
-24.1293

■ 32.9765, 47.6344,  
-22.4717

■ 29.6874, 56.3822,  
-23.7750

■ 35.1717, 41.7845,  
-20.1753

■ 37.8911, 35.0213,  
-17.1551

■ 41.0782, 27.7411,  
-13.6320

■ 44.6722, 20.2431,  
-9.7903

■ 48.6160, 12.7220,  
-5.7641

■ 52.8594, 5.2891,  
-1.6425

■ 57.3602, -2.0016,  
2.5195

■ 62.0832, -9.1315,  
6.6903

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.3447, 29.1729, -60.7632



31.3439, 52.1433, -23.8333



31.3447, 59.2558, 4.9848

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.3447, 52.1413, -23.8320



31.3447, -5.2428, 21.9413



31.3447, -31.4665, -35.0022

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.3439, 52.1433, -23.8333



49.6043, -39.5237, 26.2660

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.3447, -35.8047, -1.9700



31.3439, 52.1433, -23.8333



31.3447, -23.8630, 20.6936

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.3447, 52.1413, -23.8320



31.3447, 20.8816, 21.3920



31.3447, -33.5153, 15.3719



31.3447, -19.2376, -69.9646



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.3439, 52.1433, -23.8333



31.3447, 52.6702, 15.0474



31.3447, -33.5153, 15.3719



31.3447, -33.6950, -22.6770

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.3447, 52.1413, -23.8320



63.4645, 19.9757, -9.3147



19.8669, 34.9026, -82.3441



28.9479, 10.9335, -5.2077



88.7363, -4.7347, 4.8212



36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.3447, 52.1413, -23.8320



39.8419, 75.0578, -31.6179



29.2217, 43.9940, 5.7012



25.9536, 1.7441, -0.3369



26.7631, 50.8424, -21.5416



3.6416, 7.0195, -3.7174



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.3447, 52.1413, -23.8320



39.8419, 75.0578, -31.6179



50.5469, -33.7208, 12.5059



25.9536, 1.7441, -0.3369



26.7631, 50.8424, -21.5416



3.6416, 7.0195, -3.7174



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 31.3439, 52.1433, -23.8333 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 31.3439, 52.1433, -23.8333 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

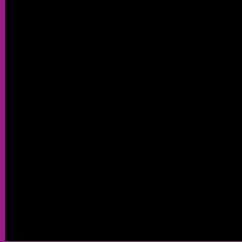
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 31.3439, 52.1433, -23.8333 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 31.3439, 52.1433, -23.8333.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 31.3439, 52.1433, -23.8333.

-23.8333.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

31.3439, 52.1433, -23.8333

### Protanopia

31.8061, 11.5700, -64.7312

### Deuteranopia

31.9361, 2.0746, -18.1988



## Tritanopia

31.5591, 29.6755, 11.4041

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

31.3439, 52.1433, -23.8333

## Protanomaly

27.2772, 21.3208, -62.2841

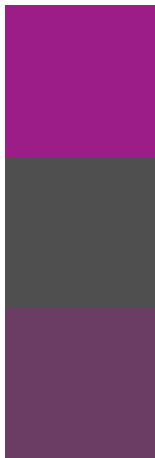
## Deuteranomaly

29.4215, 20.8890, -24.7766

## Tritanomaly

30.9959, 37.8809, 1.6842

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

31.3439, 52.1433, -23.8333

## Achromatopsia

27.9620, -1.4920, 1.5192

## Achromatomaly

27.1724, 18.3528, -9.2426

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 31.3439, 52.1433, -23.8333 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(157, 29, 136)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(157, 29, 136)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 29, 136) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(157, 29, 136) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 31.3439, 52.1433, -23.8333 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(157, 29, 136) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(157, 29, 136) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 29, 136) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(157, 29, 136); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 29, 136);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 29,  
136) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 31.3439, 52.1433, -23.8333 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(157, 29, 136) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(157, 29,  
136) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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