

Converting Colors

HunterLab(31.4057, -5.1783,
8.7173)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(31.4057, -5.1783, 8.7173)
contains.

HunterLab(31.3316, -4.9530, 8.5654)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(31.3316, -4.9530,
8.5654)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	585A45
RGB	88, 90, 69
RGB Percent	35%, 35%, 27%
CMY	0.6549, 0.6470, 0.7294
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.23, 0.65
HSL	66°, 13%, 31%
HSV	66°, 23%, 35%
XYZ	8.7548, 9.8167, 7.0636
YIQ	87.0080, 5.5490, -6.9550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

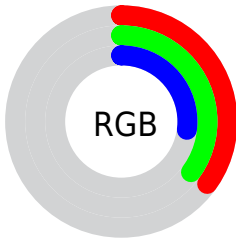
Format	Color
RYB	69, 90, 71
Decimal	5790277
CIELab	37.51, -4.85, 11.90
CIELCh	38, 12.848, 112.157
Yxy	9.8171, 0.3415, 0.3829
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283980357 (0xFF585A45)
YUV	87.0080, -8.8779, 0.8700
Hunter-Lab	31.3316, -4.9530, 8.5654

Details

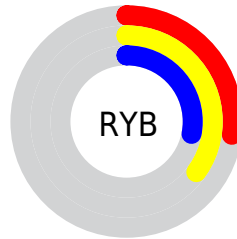
The HunterLab color **31.3316, -4.9530, 8.5654** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **25.1680, 2.5704, -7.2349**, and the grayscale version is **30.9055, -1.6490, 1.6792**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50.4418, -6.6340, 11.1841**, and **15.6320, -3.6083, 5.8625** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31.0999, -6.1222, 10.9064**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.5906, -3.6512, 5.8740**.

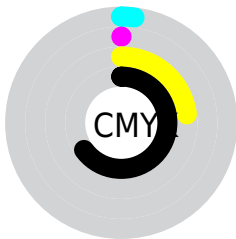
Distribution



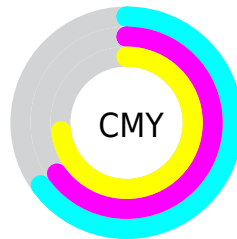
- Red (35%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (27%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (28%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (65%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 31.3316, -4.9530, 8.5654 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 31.3316, -4.9530, 8.5654 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 31.3316, -4.9530,
8.5654

■ 31.3316, -4.9530,
8.5654

137.6088,
-12.7935, 19.7005

■ 22.9736, -4.1707,
7.2475

■ 50.4489, -6.5615,
11.0848

■ 15.5281, -3.3927,
5.8507

■ 61.0855, -7.3919,
12.3163

■ 9.1195, -2.8024,
5.9051

■ 72.3795, -8.2416,
13.5408

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 84.2947, -9.1114,
14.7637

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 96.8003, -10.0015,
15.9887

0.0000, NaN, NaN

109.8697,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-10.9119, 17.2185

0.0000, NaN, NaN

123.4794,
-11.8426, 18.4553

■ 31.3316, -4.9530,
8.5654

■ 31.3316, -4.9530,
8.5654

■ 31.0999, -6.1222,
10.9064

■ 31.5906, -3.6512,
5.8740

■ 30.8929, -7.1573,
12.8998

■ 31.8753, -2.2147,
2.8303

■ 30.7102, -8.0612,
14.5534

■ 32.1867, -0.6457,
-0.5635

■ 30.5510, -8.8376,
15.8784

■ 32.5252, 1.0534,
-4.3028

■ 30.4140, -9.4920,
16.8902

■ 32.8907, 2.8796,
-8.3808

■ 30.2976, -10.0316,
17.6093

■ 33.2833, 4.8287,
-12.7887

■ 30.1984, -10.4758,
18.0865

■ 33.7028, 6.8964,
-17.5163

■ 30.1343, -10.7616,
18.3802

■ 34.1490, 9.0777,
-22.5518

■ 34.6217, 11.3673,
-27.8824

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.3323, -0.4521, 8.9750



31.3316, -4.9530, 8.5654



31.3323, -8.3844, 6.4594

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.3323, -4.9539, 8.5658



31.3323, -6.9392, -5.7284



31.3323, 7.6211, 0.5303

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.3316, -4.9530, 8.5654



25.1680, 2.5704, -7.2349

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.3323, 5.6546, -3.9343



31.3316, -4.9530, 8.5654



31.3323, -2.8765, -7.8737

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.3323, -4.9539, 8.5658



31.3323, -9.4835, -1.6518



31.3323, 1.7476, -7.1735



31.3323, 6.9854, 4.7281

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.3316, -4.9530, 8.5654



31.3323, -9.6889, 4.1858



31.3323, 1.7476, -7.1735



31.3323, 7.2387, -0.9958

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.3323, -4.9539, 8.5658



42.0086, -3.6898, 5.3656



26.6051, 3.9503, 3.9158



20.6486, -1.8362, 2.6851



70.1359, -3.7423, 3.8106



20.7927, -1.1094, 1.1297

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.3323, -4.9539, 8.5658



41.2657, -7.4351, 13.1115



30.5805, -7.6824, 7.7928



16.3612, -1.5600, 2.3491



37.0677, -13.3174, 22.6078



86.6214, -31.6205, 52.8221

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.1680, 2.5704, -7.2349



31.2374, 4.8775, -12.7855



25.9905, 5.2615, -5.9598



15.1354, -0.0762, -0.7598



10.8888, 28.9162, -72.5656



25.1014, 67.3800, -172.8715

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 31.3316, -4.9530, 8.5654 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 31.3316, -4.9530, 8.5654 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

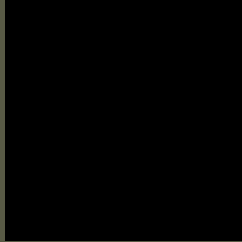
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

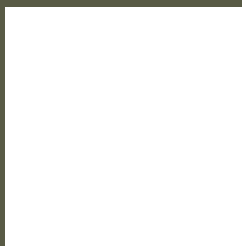
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 31.3316, -4.9530, 8.5654 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 31.3316, -4.9530, 8.5654.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 31.3316, -4.9530,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

31.3316, -4.9530, 8.5654

Protanopia

31.2674, -2.4867, 8.8531

Deuteranopia

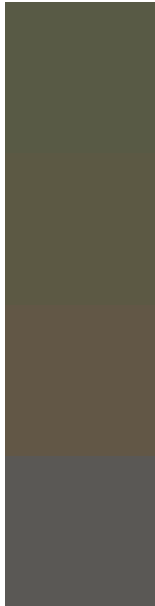
31.3413, 1.8074, 8.3825



Tritanopia

31.3826, 0.4970, -0.6601

Trichromacy



Original Color

31.3316, -4.9530, 8.5654

Protanomaly

31.3647, -3.5008, 8.9275

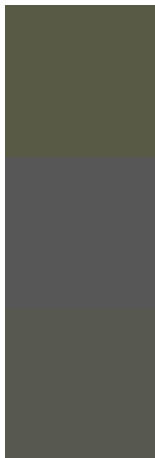
Deuteranomaly

31.3931, -0.6330, 8.3898

Tritanomaly

31.3193, -1.5433, 3.0020

Monochromacy



Original Color

31.3316, -4.9530, 8.5654

Achromatopsia

30.8719, -1.6472, 1.6773

Achromatomaly

30.9594, -3.0486, 4.4893

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 31.3316, -4.9530, 8.5654 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(88, 90, 69)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(88, 90, 69)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(88, 90, 69) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(88, 90, 69) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 31.3316, -4.9530, 8.5654 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(88, 90, 69) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(88, 90, 69) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(88, 90, 69) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(88, 90, 69); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 90, 69);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 90, 69)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 31.3316, -4.9530, 8.5654 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(88, 90, 69) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(88, 90,  
69) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor