

Converting Colors

HunterLab(31.4965, -0.9440,
-1.1788)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(31.4965, -0.9440,
-1.1788) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(31.3559, -0.8731,
-1.1654)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	57585F
RGB	87, 88, 95
RGB Percent	34%, 35%, 37%
CMY	0.6588, 0.6549, 0.6274
CMYK	0.08, 0.07, 0.00, 0.63
HSL	232°, 4%, 36%
HSV	232°, 8%, 37%
XYZ	9.4858, 9.8319, 12.2243
YIQ	88.4990, -2.8430, 1.9650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

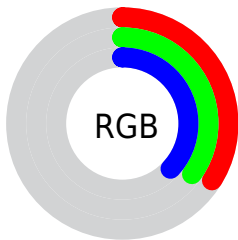
Format	Color
R_{YB}	87, 88, 95
Decimal	5724255
CIE Lab	37.54, 1.15, -4.17
CIE LCh	38, 4.330, 285.437
Yxy	9.8323, 0.3007, 0.3117
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283914335 (0xFF57585F)
YUV	88.4990, 3.2050, -1.3146
Hunter-Lab	31.3559, -0.8731, -1.1654

Details

The HunterLab color $31.3559, -0.8731, -1.1654$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $33.3561, -2.4927, 4.4827$, and the grayscale version is $31.4124, -1.6761, 1.7067$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $50.5368, -1.8474, -0.3197$, and $15.6261, -0.2372, -1.4006$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $28.4907, 0.3435, -4.9687$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $34.2976, -1.9714, 2.3836$.

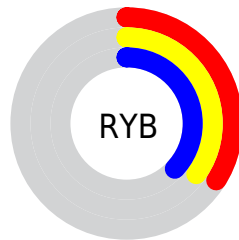
Distribution



Red (34%)

Green (35%)

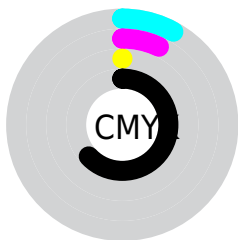
Blue (37%)



Red (34%)

Yellow (35%)

Blue (37%)

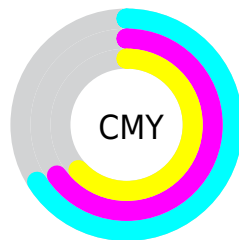


Cyan (8%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (63%)



Cyan (66%)

Magenta (65%)

Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 31.3559, -0.8731, -1.1654 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 31.3559, -0.8731, -1.1654 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 31.3559, -0.8731,
-1.1654

■ 31.3559, -0.8731,
-1.1654

■ 137.6485, -6.0445,
2.9207

■ 22.9955, -0.5050,
-1.3645

■ 50.4774, -1.7585,
-0.5774

■ 15.5473, -0.1945,
-1.4875

■ 61.1158, -2.2655,
-0.2033

■ 9.1362, 0.0617,
-1.5249

■ 72.4116, -2.8111,
0.2176

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 84.3285, -3.3928,
0.6820

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 96.8357, -4.0087,
1.1868

0.0000, NaN, NaN

109.9065, -4.6569,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

1.7295

0.0000, NaN, NaN

123.5177, -5.3359,
2.3081

■ 31.3559, -0.8731,
-1.1654

■ 31.3559, -0.8731,
-1.1654

■ 28.4907, 0.3435,
-4.9687

■ 34.2976, -1.9714,
2.3836

■ 25.7105, 1.7107,
-9.0943

■ 37.3057, -2.9731,
5.7288

■ 23.0296, 3.2670,
-13.6253

■ 40.3742, -3.8970,
8.9112

■ 20.4665, 5.0617,
-18.6639

■ 43.4980, -4.7574,
11.9627

■ 18.0461, 7.1534,
-24.3253

■ 46.6725, -5.5656,
14.9085

■ 15.8029, 9.6033,
-30.7139

■ 49.8943, -6.3305,
17.7684

■ 13.7843, 12.4503,
-37.8563

■ 53.1601, -7.0590,
20.5584

■ 12.0536, 15.6523,
-45.5533

■ 56.4673, -7.7572,
23.2913

■ 10.6257, 18.8824,
-53.5332

■ 59.8137, -8.4295,
25.9775

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.3566, -2.4241, -1.1772



31.3559, -0.8731, -1.1654



31.3566, 0.4873, -0.3584

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.3566, -0.8738, -1.1649



31.3566, 0.4541, 3.6692



31.3566, -4.5206, 2.4146

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.3559, -0.8731, -1.1654



33.3561, -2.4927, 4.4827

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.3566, -3.7798, 3.6405



31.3559, -0.8731, -1.1654



31.3566, -0.9183, 4.3405

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.3566, -0.8738, -1.1649



31.3566, 1.2640, 2.4556



31.3566, -2.4679, 4.3302



31.3566, -4.5092, 0.9391

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.3559, -0.8731, -1.1654



31.3566, 1.0953, 0.4995



31.3566, -2.4679, 4.3302



31.3566, -4.3520, 2.8680

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.3566, -0.8738, -1.1649



43.0769, -1.9267, 0.9885



33.1930, -4.0951, 1.4940



20.9649, -0.8978, 0.3372



71.2094, -3.7996, 3.8689



21.6712, -1.1563, 1.1774

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.3566, -0.8738, -1.1649



40.3248, -0.8577, -2.4304



31.3259, 0.3601, -1.1822



16.0033, -0.4195, -0.6874



12.2051, 23.8829, -66.8117



26.8373, 60.4388, -164.0143

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.5501, 0.7372, 2.1029



40.6402, 1.7179, 2.8394



33.3938, -3.7408, 4.5021



16.1087, 0.4531, 1.0866



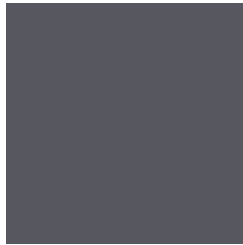
18.6808, 32.1618, 10.7502



43.0890, 74.0088, 26.1560

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 31.3559, -0.8731, -1.1654 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 31.3559, -0.8731, -1.1654 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

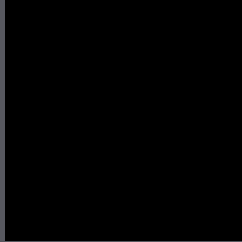
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

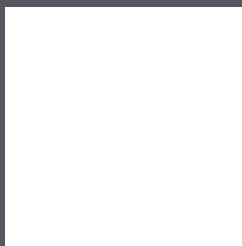
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 31.3559, -0.8731, -1.1654 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 31.3559, -0.8731, -1.1654.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 31.3559, -0.8731, -1.1654.

-1.1654.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

31.3559, -0.8731, -1.1654

Protanopia

31.4331, -0.6068, -1.0629

Deuteranopia

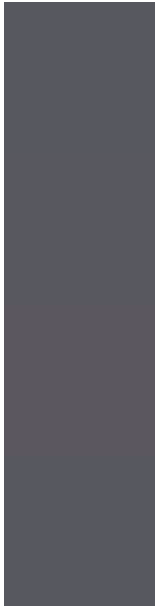
31.4030, 1.9401, -1.0564



Tritanopia

31.3559, -0.8731, -1.1654

Trichromacy



Original Color

31.3559, -0.8731, -1.1654

Protanomaly

31.4331, -0.6068, -1.0629

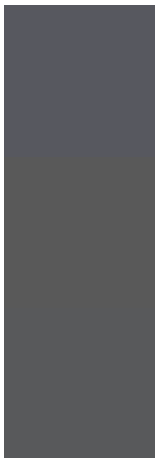
Deuteranomaly

31.4114, 0.6526, -1.0683

Tritanomaly

31.3559, -0.8731, -1.1654

Monochromacy



Original Color

31.3559, -0.8731, -1.1654

Achromatopsia

31.6068, -1.6865, 1.7173

Achromatomaly

31.5829, -1.6616, 0.8517

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 31.3559, -0.8731, -1.1654 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 88, 95)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 88, 95)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 88, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 88, 95) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 31.3559, -0.8731, -1.1654 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 88, 95) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 88, 95) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(87, 88, 95)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 88, 95); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 88, 95);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 88, 95)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 31.3559, -0.8731, -1.1654 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 88, 95) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 88,  
95) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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