

Converting Colors

HunterLab(31.5393, -1.6829,
1.7136)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(31.5393, -1.6829, 1.7136)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(31.6068, -1.6865,
1.7173)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	595959
RGB	89, 89, 89
RGB Percent	35%, 35%, 35%
CMY	0.6510, 0.6510, 0.6510
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.65
HSL	120°, 0%, 35%
HSV	120°, 0%, 35%
XYZ	9.4954, 9.9899, 10.8790
YIQ	89.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	89, 89, 89
Decimal	5855577
CIELab	37.83, 0.00, -0.00
CIELCh	38, 0.004, 288.609
Yxy	9.9903, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284045657 (0xFF595959)
YUV	89.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	31.6068, -1.6865, 1.7173

Details

The HunterLab color $[31.6068, -1.6865, 1.7173]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[31.6072, -1.6857, 1.7168]$, and the grayscale version is $[31.6074, -1.6865, 1.7173]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[50.8117, -2.7112, 2.7607]$, and $[15.8704, -0.8468, 0.8623]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[30.7223, -5.2689, 4.1546]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[32.5769, 2.1212, -0.8751]$.

Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (35%)

Blue (35%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (35%)

Blue (35%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (65%)



Cyan (65%)

Magenta (65%)

Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 31.6068, -1.6865, 1.7173 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 31.6068, -1.6865, 1.7173 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 31.6068, -1.6865,
1.7173

■ 31.6068, -1.6865,
1.7173

■ 138.0591, -7.3723,
7.5106

■ 23.2219, -1.2394,
1.2616

■ 50.7714, -2.7106,
2.7605

■ 15.7460, -0.8403,
0.8550

■ 61.4291, -3.2798,
3.3404

■ 9.3074, -0.4965,
0.5048

■ 72.7430, -3.8840,
3.9561

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 84.6772, -4.5214,
4.6055

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 97.2008, -5.1902,
5.2870

0.0000, NaN, NaN

110.2874, -5.8891,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

123.9137, -6.6169,
6.7407

■ 31.6068, -1.6865,
1.7173

■ 31.6068, -1.6865,
1.7173

■ 30.7223, -5.2689,
4.1546

■ 32.5769, 2.1212,
-0.8751

■ 29.9248, -8.5888,
6.4113

■ 33.6270, 6.1226,
-3.6010

■ 29.2176, -11.6125,
8.4644

■ 34.7535, 10.2858,
-6.4384

■ 28.6025, -14.3076,
10.2920

■ 35.9523, 14.5825,
-9.3680

■ 28.0801, -16.6469,
11.8755

■ 37.2192, 18.9878,
-12.3727

■ 27.6500, -18.6102,
13.2014

■ 38.5500, 23.4805,
-15.4378

■ 27.3097, -20.1874,
14.2630

■ 39.9409, 28.0424,
-18.5509

■ 27.0556, -21.3801,
15.0620

■ 41.3879, 32.6586,
-21.7017

■ 26.8812, -22.2054,
15.6117

■ 42.8875, 37.3168,
-24.8817

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.6075, -1.6888, 1.7177



31.6068, -1.6865, 1.7173



31.6075, -1.6860, 1.7186

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.6075, -1.6872, 1.7178



31.6075, -1.6862, 1.7226



31.6075, -1.6911, 1.7210

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.6068, -1.6865, 1.7173



31.6072, -1.6857, 1.7168

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.6075, -1.6904, 1.7223



31.6068, -1.6865, 1.7173



31.6075, -1.6876, 1.7232

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.6075, -1.6872, 1.7178



31.6075, -1.6854, 1.7214



31.6075, -1.6891, 1.7232



31.6075, -1.6910, 1.7196

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.6068, -1.6865, 1.7173



31.6075, -1.6854, 1.7195



31.6075, -1.6891, 1.7232



31.6075, -1.6910, 1.7215

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.6075, -1.6872, 1.7178



41.3092, -2.2042, 2.2444



31.6076, -1.6868, 1.7180



20.7927, -1.1094, 1.1297



70.1359, -3.7423, 3.8106

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.6075, -1.6872, 1.7178



41.3092, -2.2042, 2.2444



31.6075, -1.6871, 1.7175



15.6573, -0.8354, 0.8507



32.4676, -27.7998, 19.5197



76.9411, -65.9389, 46.2564

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.6072, -1.6857, 1.7168



41.3092, -2.2042, 2.2444



31.6072, -1.6859, 1.7171



15.6573, -0.8354, 0.8507



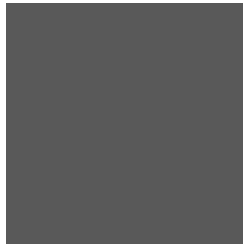
20.3613, 40.0930, -27.3363



48.2396, 94.9976, -64.8418

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 31.6068, -1.6865, 1.7173 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

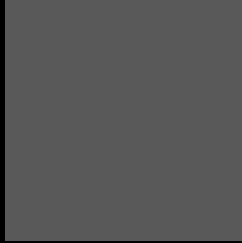
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 31.6068, -1.6865, 1.7173 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

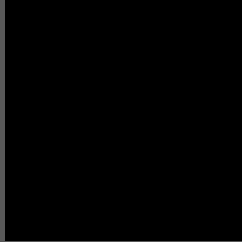
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

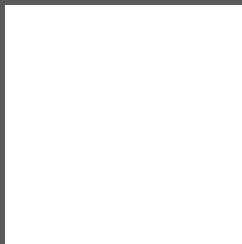
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 31.6068, -1.6865, 1.7173 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 31.6068, -1.6865, 1.7173.

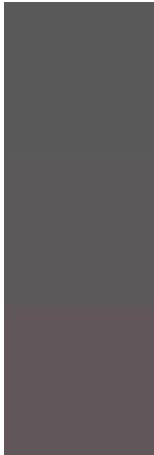


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 31.6068, -1.6865,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

31.6068, -1.6865, 1.7173

Protanopia

31.7650, -1.1373, 1.9127

Deuteranopia

31.5201, 2.0538, 1.2636



Tritanopia

31.5901, -0.0674, -0.8552

Trichromacy



Original Color

31.6068, -1.6865, 1.7173

Protanomaly

31.6855, -1.4130, 1.8146

Deuteranomaly

31.5187, 0.7378, 1.2389

Tritanomaly

31.5332, -0.3764, -0.0476

Monochromacy



Original Color

31.6068, -1.6865, 1.7173

Achromatopsia

31.6068, -1.6865, 1.7173

Achromatomaly

31.6068, -1.6865, 1.7173

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 31.6068, -1.6865, 1.7173 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 89, 89)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 89, 89)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 89, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 89, 89) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 31.6068, -1.6865, 1.7173 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 89, 89) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 89, 89) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(89, 89, 89)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 89, 89); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 89, 89);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 89, 89)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 31.6068, -1.6865, 1.7173 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 89, 89) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 89,  
89) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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