

Converting Colors

HunterLab(31.5496, -1.3510,
0.1023)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(31.5496, -1.3510, 0.1023)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(31.6382, -1.3588,
0.0646)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	58595D
RGB	88, 89, 93
RGB Percent	35%, 35%, 36%
CMY	0.6549, 0.6510, 0.6353
CMYK	0.05, 0.04, 0.00, 0.64
HSL	228°, 3%, 35%
HSV	228°, 5%, 36%
XYZ	9.5726, 10.0098, 11.7834
YIQ	89.1570, -1.8800, 1.0320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	88, 89, 93
Decimal	5790045
CIE Lab	37.86, 0.48, -2.45
CIE LCh	38, 2.492, 280.995
Yxy	10.0102, 0.3052, 0.3191
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283980125 (0xFF58595D)
YUV	89.1570, 1.8946, -1.0147
Hunter-Lab	31.6382, -1.3588, 0.0646

Details

The HunterLab color **31.6382, -1.3588, 0.0646** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **32.6893, -2.0399, 3.3616**, and the grayscale version is **31.6589, -1.6892, 1.7201**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50.8445, -2.3627, 0.9857**, and **15.8751, -0.6830, -0.2738** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.9982, -0.5175, -3.3146**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34.3430, -2.0915, 3.2467**.

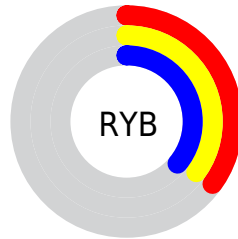
Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (35%)

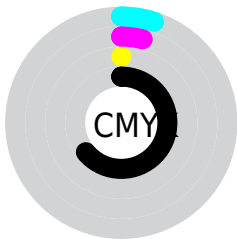
Blue (36%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (35%)

Blue (36%)

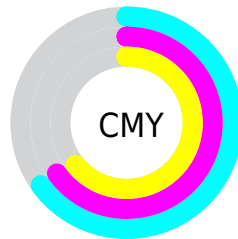


Cyan (5%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (64%)



Cyan (65%)

Magenta (65%)

Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 31.6382, -1.3588, 0.0646 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 31.6382, -1.3588, 0.0646 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 31.6382, -1.3588,
0.0646

■ 31.6382, -1.3588,
0.0646

■ 138.1104, -6.8374,
4.8536

■ 23.2502, -0.9435,
-0.2387

■ 50.8081, -2.3271,
0.8388

■ 15.7709, -0.5801,
-0.4758

■ 61.4682, -2.8711,
1.2975

■ 9.3286, -0.2762,
-0.6324

■ 72.7845, -3.4518,
1.7986

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 84.7208, -4.0667,
2.3393

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 97.2465, -4.7142,
2.9171

0.0000, NaN, NaN

110.3350, -5.3927,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

3.5299

0.0000, NaN, NaN

123.9632, -6.1008,
4.1759

■ 31.6382, -1.3588,
0.0646

■ 31.6382, -1.3588,
0.0646

■ 28.9982, -0.5175,
-3.3146

■ 34.3430, -2.0915,
3.2467

■ 26.4289, 0.4592,
-6.9392

■ 37.1043, -2.7329,
6.2674

■ 23.9410, 1.6019,
-10.8665

■ 39.9175, -3.2991,
9.1573

■ 21.5475, 2.9499,
-15.1665

■ 42.7785, -3.8024,
11.9401

■ 19.2657, 4.5515,
-19.9196

■ 45.6836, -4.2525,
14.6351

■ 17.1181, 6.4621,
-25.2077

■ 48.6299, -4.6573,
17.2578

■ 15.1353, 8.7361,
-31.0887

■ 51.6148, -5.0233,
19.8209

■ 13.3572, 11.4048,
-37.5381

■ 54.6360, -5.3559,
22.3345

■ 11.8086, 14.3712,
-44.4687

■ 57.6917, -5.6592,
24.8073

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.6389, -2.2508, 0.1277



31.6382, -1.3588, 0.0646



31.6389, -0.5479, 0.4558

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.6389, -1.3595, 0.0651



31.6389, -0.3746, 2.7820



31.6389, -3.3077, 2.2530

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.6382, -1.3588, 0.0646



32.6893, -2.0399, 3.3616

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.6389, -2.8158, 2.9383



31.6382, -1.3588, 0.0646



31.6389, -1.1250, 3.2378

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.6389, -1.3595, 0.0651



31.6389, 0.0249, 2.0342



31.6389, -2.0189, 3.2942



31.6389, -3.3689, 1.4070

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.6382, -1.3588, 0.0646



31.6389, -0.1638, 0.9145



31.6389, -2.0189, 3.2942



31.6389, -3.1875, 2.5092

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.6389, -1.3595, 0.0651



42.5522, -2.1105, 1.4912



32.6723, -3.2691, 1.7356



21.3399, -1.0660, 0.7862



71.2094, -3.7996, 3.8689



21.6712, -1.1563, 1.1774

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.6389, -1.3595, 0.0651



41.1067, -1.6954, -0.2606



31.4872, -0.5355, -0.1074



15.6691, -0.6466, -0.0975



13.0021, 19.5525, -58.4598



28.6294, 51.8047, -147.6158

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.6671, -0.1360, 1.8145



41.1507, 0.1441, 2.3797



32.8440, -2.8682, 3.5213



15.6858, 0.0532, 0.9070



18.3040, 31.6619, 9.3806



42.7079, 73.6286, 23.7981

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 31.6382, -1.3588, 0.0646 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 31.6382, -1.3588, 0.0646 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

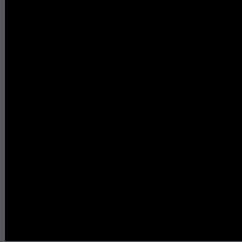
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

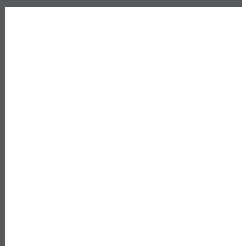
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 31.6382, -1.3588, 0.0646 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 31.6382, -1.3588, 0.0646.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 31.6382, -1.3588,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

31.6382, -1.3588, 0.0646

Protanopia

31.7942, -0.8192, 0.2653

Deuteranopia

31.5445, 2.3575, -0.4252



Tritanopia

31.7238, -0.8916, -1.1499

Trichromacy



Original Color

31.6382, -1.3588, 0.0646

Protanomaly

31.7158, -1.0902, 0.1645

Deuteranomaly

31.5463, 1.0536, -0.4457

Tritanomaly

31.6949, -1.0491, -0.7406

Monochromacy



Original Color

31.6382, -1.3588, 0.0646

Achromatopsia

31.6068, -1.6865, 1.7173

Achromatomaly

31.6335, -1.5400, 1.3358

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 31.6382, -1.3588, 0.0646 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(88, 89, 93)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(88, 89, 93)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(88, 89, 93) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(88, 89, 93) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 31.6382, -1.3588, 0.0646 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(88, 89, 93) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(88, 89, 93) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(88, 89, 93)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(88, 89, 93); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 89, 93);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 89, 93)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 31.6382, -1.3588, 0.0646 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(88, 89, 93) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(88, 89,  
93) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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