

Converting Colors

HunterLab(31.6016, -4.3610,
-1.7762)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(31.6016, -4.3610,
-1.7762) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(31.5673, -4.1217,
-1.8617)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4E5B61
RGB	78, 91, 97
RGB Percent	31%, 36%, 38%
CMY	0.6941, 0.6431, 0.6196
CMYK	0.20, 0.06, 0.00, 0.62
HSL	199°, 11%, 34%
HSV	199°, 20%, 38%
XYZ	9.0406, 9.9649, 12.7562
YIQ	87.7970, -9.6740, -0.8900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

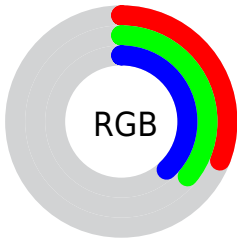
Format	Color
RYB	78, 86, 97
Decimal	5135201
CIELab	37.78, -3.57, -5.14
CIELCh	38, 6.257, 235.216
Yxy	9.9654, 0.2846, 0.3137
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283325281 (0xFF4E5B61)
YUV	87.7970, 4.5371, -8.5920
Hunter-Lab	31.5673, -4.1217, -1.8617

Details

The HunterLab color **31.5673, -4.1217, -1.8617** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **30.7117, 1.3262, 5.0325**, and the grayscale version is **31.1514, -1.6622, 1.6925**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50.6951, -5.5401, -1.6259**, and **15.6177, -2.6078, -2.3121** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.1204, -5.0201, -3.7896**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33.0759, -3.0394, 0.0553**.

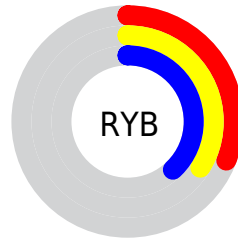
Distribution



Red (31%)

Green (36%)

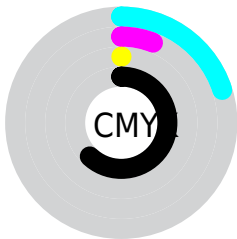
Blue (38%)



Red (31%)

Yellow (34%)

Blue (38%)

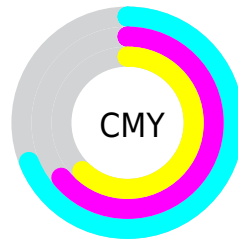


Cyan (20%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (62%)



Cyan (69%)

Magenta (64%)

Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 31.5673, -4.1217, -1.8617 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 31.5673, -4.1217, -1.8617 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 31.5673, -4.1217,
-1.8617

■ 31.5673, -4.1217,
-1.8617

■ 137.9944,
-11.3924, 1.8557

■ 23.1862, -3.4286,
-2.0078

■ 50.7251, -5.5747,
-1.3700

■ 15.7147, -2.7524,
-2.0738

■ 61.3797, -6.3359,
-1.0401

■ 9.2807, -2.1716,
-2.0439

■ 72.6908, -7.1207,
-0.6612

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 84.6223, -7.9292,
-0.2370

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 97.1433, -8.7610,
0.2292

0.0000, NaN, NaN

110.2274, -9.6157,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.7349

0.0000, NaN, NaN

123.8513,
-10.4930, 1.2777

■ 31.5673, -4.1217,
-1.8617

■ 31.5673, -4.1217,
-1.8617

■ 30.1204, -5.0201,
-3.7896

■ 33.0759, -3.0394,
0.0553

■ 28.7374, -5.7137,
-5.7254

■ 34.6402, -1.7902,
1.9567

■ 27.4231, -6.1831,
-7.6618

■ 36.2573, -0.3914,
3.8409

■ 26.1813, -6.4091,
-9.5907

■ 37.9236, 1.1416,
5.7071

■ 25.0157, -6.3747,
-11.5017

■ 39.6358, 2.7949,
7.5549

■ 23.9289, -6.0677,
-13.3833

■ 41.3910, 4.5564,
9.3847

■ 22.9222, -5.4831,
-15.2241

■ 43.1864, 6.4152,
11.1970

■ 21.9568, -4.7647,
-17.0926

■ 45.0196, 8.3619,
12.9929

■ 21.9170, -4.7353,
-17.1721

■ 46.8882, 10.3880,
14.7735

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.5679, -5.5145, -0.0903



31.5673, -4.1217, -1.8617



31.5679, -2.0469, -2.6754

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.5679, -4.1222, -1.8612



31.5679, 2.7528, 1.3723



31.5679, -3.5125, 5.2274

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.5673, -4.1217, -1.8617



30.7117, 1.3262, 5.0325

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.5679, -1.3236, 5.5591



31.5673, -4.1217, -1.8617



31.5679, 2.3340, 3.4259

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.5679, -4.1222, -1.8612



31.5679, 1.9553, -0.7269



31.5679, 0.8263, 4.9223



31.5679, -5.1695, 3.9824

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.5673, -4.1217, -1.8617



31.5679, -0.5398, -2.5273



31.5679, 0.8263, 4.9223



31.5679, -2.8163, 5.4456

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.5679, -4.1222, -1.8612



43.9948, -3.4445, 0.9243



32.8705, -8.6210, 5.0853



21.8824, -1.7477, 0.4118



72.2857, -3.8570, 3.9274



22.5557, -1.2035, 1.2255

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.5679, -4.1222, -1.8612



40.3509, -6.0296, -3.7255



29.1332, -0.1167, -5.0665



16.6450, -1.4826, 0.0958



25.3984, -5.2730, -20.3629



57.2993, -10.0478, -49.9289

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.5732, 5.8457, -1.5189



37.1251, 10.3316, -3.0791



33.0991, -2.7162, 7.4365



16.1742, 0.8060, 0.1531



19.9763, 36.8765, -7.7612



45.9934, 84.5943, -15.4670

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 31.5673, -4.1217, -1.8617 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

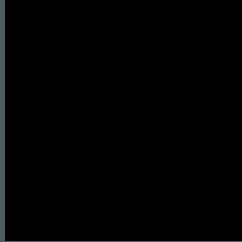
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

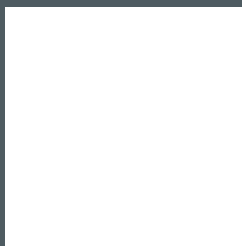
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 31.5673, -4.1217, -1.8617 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 31.5673, -4.1217, -1.8617.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 31.5673, -4.1217, -1.8617.

-1.8617.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

31.5673, -4.1217, -1.8617

Protanopia

31.4331, -0.6068, -1.0629

Deuteranopia

31.4079, 2.1337, -2.4226



Tritanopia

31.5970, -3.9566, -2.2821

Trichromacy



Original Color

31.5673, -4.1217, -1.8617

Protanomaly

31.4231, -1.9350, -1.5514

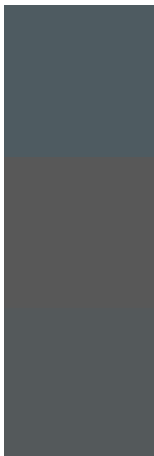
Deuteranomaly

31.5214, -0.1265, -2.3137

Tritanomaly

31.5970, -3.9566, -2.2821

Monochromacy



Original Color

31.5673, -4.1217, -1.8617

Achromatopsia

31.2390, -1.6668, 1.6973

Achromatomaly

31.2808, -2.7173, 0.4677

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 31.5673, -4.1217, -1.8617 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(78, 91, 97)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(78, 91, 97)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(78, 91, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(78, 91, 97) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 31.5673, -4.1217, -1.8617 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(78, 91, 97) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(78, 91, 97) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(78, 91, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(78, 91, 97); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(78, 91, 97);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(78, 91, 97)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 31.5673, -4.1217, -1.8617 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(78, 91, 97) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(78, 91,  
97) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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