

Converting Colors

HunterLab(31.7015, 51.3773,
-18.6788)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(31.7015, 51.3773,
-18.6788) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(31.6836, 51.3125,
-18.4434)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A01F81
RGB	160, 31, 129
RGB Percent	63%, 12%, 51%
CMY	0.3725, 0.8784, 0.4941
CMYK	0.00, 0.81, 0.19, 0.37
HSL	314°, 68%, 37%
HSV	314°, 81%, 63%
XYZ	18.9496, 10.0385, 21.7077
YIQ	80.7430, 45.4260, 57.8260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

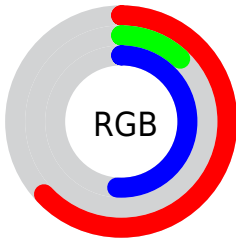
Format	Color
R_{YB}	160, 31, 129
Decimal	10493825
CIE _{Lab}	37.91, 59.72, -23.89
CIE _{LCh}	38, 64.315, 338.199
Yxy	10.0390, 0.3738, 0.1980
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288683905 (0xFFA01F81)
YUV	80.7430, 23.7907, 69.5084
Hunter-Lab	31.6836, 51.3125, -18.4434

Details

The HunterLab color **31.6836, 51.3125, -18.4434** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **50.7751, -39.6184, 25.2706**, and the grayscale version is **28.4986, -1.5206, 1.5484**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50.9285, 55.2218, -19.1733**, and **18.7285, 35.0872, -11.2629** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.4961, 54.2124, -18.0814**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33.4612, 46.7311, -17.7831**.

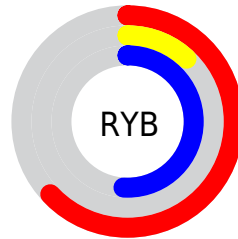
Distribution



Red (63%)

Green (12%)

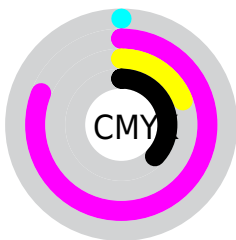
Blue (51%)



Red (63%)

Yellow (12%)

Blue (51%)

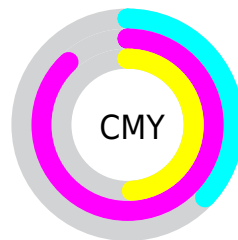


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (81%)

Yellow (19%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (37%)

Magenta (88%)

Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 31.6836, 51.3125, -18.4434 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 31.6836, 51.3125, -18.4434 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

31.6836, 51.3125,
-18.4434

31.6836, 51.3125,
-18.4434

138.1848, 67.0540,
-20.7998

23.2913, 49.1973,
-17.9244

50.8614, 55.4695,
-19.3706

15.8070, 47.2788,
-17.4497

61.5251, 57.4207,
-19.7493

9.3592, 46.1790,
-17.2511

72.8446, 59.2699,
-20.0668

0.0000, INF, -NF

84.7840, 61.0166,
-20.3241

0.0000, NaN, NaN

97.3127, 62.6639,
-20.5236

0.0000, NaN, NaN

110.4040, 64.2161,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-20.6676

124.0349, 65.6779,
-20.7589

■ 31.6836, 51.3125,
-18.4434

■ 31.6836, 51.3125,
-18.4434

■ 30.4961, 54.2124,
-18.0814

■ 33.4612, 46.7311,
-17.7831

■ 29.7785, 55.6775,
-17.0438

■ 35.8146, 40.8344,
-16.2038

■ 38.6990, 34.0618,
-13.8881

■ 42.0534, 26.8062,
-11.0336

■ 45.8145, 19.3551,
-7.8098

■ 49.9239, 11.8915,
-4.3442

■ 54.3311, 4.5171,
-0.7253

■ 58.9938, -2.7201,
2.9890

■ 63.8774, -9.8048,
6.7619

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.6844, 30.9025, -53.0732



31.6836, 51.3125, -18.4434



31.6844, 55.6914, 7.2022

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.6844, 51.3103, -18.4421



31.6844, -7.8099, 21.9556



31.6844, -29.6920, -37.3686

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.6836, 51.3125, -18.4434



50.7751, -39.6184, 25.2706

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.6844, -34.8725, -4.9480



31.6836, 51.3125, -18.4434



31.6844, -24.8390, 20.2365

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.6844, 51.3103, -18.4421



31.6844, 16.6455, 21.4399



31.6844, -33.3963, 13.7879



31.6844, -16.6226, -68.4464

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.6836, 51.3125, -18.4434



31.6844, 48.0179, 15.9431



31.6844, -33.3963, 13.7879



31.6844, -32.2133, -25.6136

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.6844, 51.3103, -18.4421



65.0925, 19.8800, -7.6784



21.2461, 36.4708, -79.0800



29.6183, 10.8884, -4.3267



89.8524, -4.7943, 4.8819



37.4146, -1.9963, 2.0328

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.6844, 51.3103, -18.4421



40.3195, 74.5059, -22.9965



29.7328, 43.7434, 8.9910



25.9370, 1.6555, -0.1022



26.2960, 49.1890, -15.2275



3.6018, 6.8797, -3.1888

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.6844, 51.3103, -18.4421



40.3195, 74.5059, -22.9965



51.8934, -32.7628, 9.0042



25.9370, 1.6555, -0.1022



26.2960, 49.1890, -15.2275



3.6018, 6.8797, -3.1888

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 31.6836, 51.3125, -18.4434 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

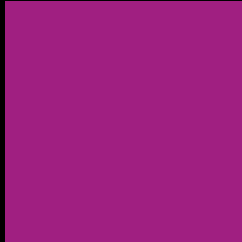
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 31.6836, 51.3125, -18.4434 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

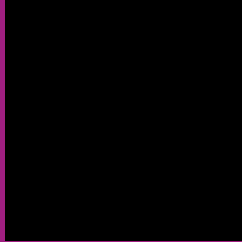
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 31.6836, 51.3125, -18.4434 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 31.6836, 51.3125, -18.4434.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 31.6836, 51.3125, -18.4434.

-18.4434.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

31.6836, 51.3125, -18.4434

Protanopia

32.4143, 9.6002, -53.1049

Deuteranopia

32.1617, 2.3532, -14.0841



Tritanopia

31.8159, 31.8734, 12.1963

Trichromacy



Original Color

31.6836, 51.3125, -18.4434

Protanomaly

28.9271, 22.4070, -48.0842

Deuteranomaly

29.8830, 20.5744, -19.7212

Tritanomaly

31.3651, 38.4836, 3.7547

Monochromacy



Original Color

31.6836, 51.3125, -18.4434

Achromatopsia

28.6850, -1.5306, 1.5585

Achromatomaly

27.8421, 18.0324, -7.1351

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 31.6836, 51.3125, -18.4434 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(160, 31, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(160, 31, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(160, 31, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(160, 31, 129) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 31.6836, 51.3125, -18.4434 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(160, 31, 129) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(160, 31, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(160, 31, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(160, 31, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 31, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 31,  
129) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 31.6836, 51.3125, -18.4434 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(160, 31, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(160, 31,  
129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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