

Converting Colors

HunterLab(31.7941, -8.7392,
6.5167)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(31.7941, -8.7392, 6.5167)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(31.8104, -8.5168,
6.3658)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4D5E4D
RGB	77, 94, 77
RGB Percent	30%, 37%, 30%
CMY	0.6980, 0.6314, 0.6980
CMYK	0.18, 0.00, 0.18, 0.63
HSL	120°, 10%, 34%
HSV	120°, 18%, 37%
XYZ	8.4028, 10.1190, 8.5315
YIQ	86.9790, -4.6750, -8.8910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

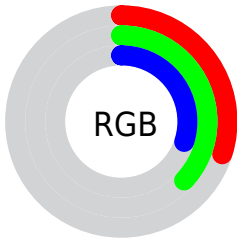
Format	Color
R_{YB}	77, 94, 94
Decimal	5070413
CIE Lab	38.06, -10.26, 7.62
CIE LCh	38, 12.776, 143.403
Yxy	10.1194, 0.3106, 0.3740
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283260493 (0xFF4D5E4D)
YUV	86.9790, -4.9196, -8.7516
Hunter-Lab	31.8104, -8.5168, 6.3658

Details

The HunterLab color $[31.8104, -8.5168, 6.3658]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[29.1476, 5.8881, -3.4780]$, and the grayscale version is $[30.8835, -1.6479, 1.6780]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[50.8807, -10.6563, 8.1650]$, and $[15.9084, -6.2165, 4.3314]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[31.0370, -11.8117, 8.5924]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[32.6828, -4.9081, 3.9275]$.

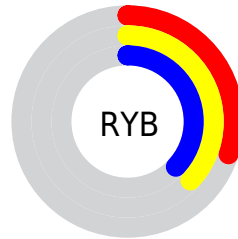
Distribution



Red (30%)

Green (37%)

Blue (30%)



Red (30%)

Yellow (37%)

Blue (37%)

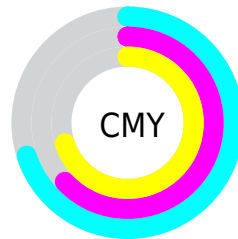


Cyan (18%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (63%)



Cyan (70%)

Magenta (63%)

Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 31.8104, -8.5168, 6.3658 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 31.8104, -8.5168, 6.3658 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 31.8104, -8.5168,
6.3658

■ 31.8104, -8.5168,
6.3658

■ 138.3916,
-18.8360, 15.5028

■ 23.4056, -7.3434,
5.3789

■ 51.0097, -10.8018,
8.3252

■ 15.9075, -6.1209,
4.3663

■ 61.6830, -11.9333,
9.3118

■ 9.4438, -5.2373,
3.8573

■ 73.0117, -13.0656,
10.3086

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 84.9598, -14.2024,
11.3178

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 97.4967, -15.3462,
12.3409

0.0000, NaN, NaN

110.5960,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-16.4989, 13.3791

0.0000, NaN, NaN

124.2345,
-17.6618, 14.4329

■ 31.8104, -8.5168,
6.3658

■ 31.8104, -8.5168,
6.3658

■ 31.0370, -11.8117,
8.5924

■ 32.6828, -4.9081,
3.9275

■ 30.3626, -14.7550,
10.5818

■ 33.6492, -1.0220,
1.3023

■ 29.7891, -17.3161,
12.3131

■ 34.7064, 3.1027,
-1.4835

■ 29.3158, -19.4717,
13.7705

■ 35.8501, 7.4293,
-4.4050

■ 28.9406, -21.2091,
14.9452

■ 37.0760, 11.9240,
-7.4394

■ 28.6593, -22.5285,
15.8374

■ 38.3793, 16.5567,
-10.5662

■ 28.4657, -23.4457,
16.4577

■ 39.7554, 21.3011,
-13.7676

■ 28.3220, -24.1310,
16.9211

■ 41.1999, 26.1345,
-17.0283

■ 28.2946, -24.2625,
17.0100

■ 42.7084, 31.0381,
-20.3356

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.8111, -5.1491, 8.5479



31.8104, -8.5168, 6.3658



31.8111, -10.0465, 2.6866

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.8111, -8.5175, 6.3662



31.8111, -2.7126, -7.8520



31.8111, 6.8653, 4.9067

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.8104, -8.5168, 6.3658



29.1476, 5.8881, -3.4780

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.8111, 7.6091, 0.7460



31.8104, -8.5168, 6.3658



31.8111, 1.9045, -7.0348

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.8111, -8.5175, 6.3662



31.8111, -6.8207, -5.8223



31.8111, 5.7469, -3.7260



31.8111, 3.7686, 7.7930

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.8104, -8.5168, 6.3658



31.8111, -9.8827, -0.2889



31.8111, 5.7469, -3.7260



31.8111, 7.4058, 3.6276

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.8111, -8.5175, 6.3662



43.6087, -5.0229, 4.2027



33.0476, -4.0428, 7.6963



21.3191, -2.5714, 2.1334



71.2094, -3.7996, 3.8689



21.6712, -1.1563, 1.1774

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.8111, -8.5175, 6.3662



41.6060, -13.3290, 9.8149



32.0117, -7.3791, 3.4843



16.0819, -2.5521, 2.0257



33.2814, -28.5387, 20.0080



77.8815, -66.7833, 46.8209

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.1476, 5.8881, -3.4780



37.2177, 10.4329, -6.4229



28.8990, 4.5842, 0.0403



15.4350, 0.9414, -0.3616



21.0017, 41.2897, -27.6980



49.1458, 96.6218, -64.8156

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 31.8104, -8.5168, 6.3658 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 31.8104, -8.5168, 6.3658 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

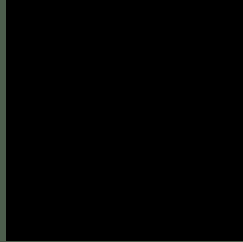
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 31.8104, -8.5168, 6.3658 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 31.8104, -8.5168, 6.3658.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 31.8104, -8.5168,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

31.8104, -8.5168, 6.3658

Protanopia

31.6740, -2.1260, 7.0198

Deuteranopia

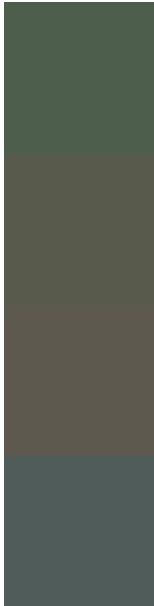
31.6936, 2.0875, 5.7280



Tritanopia

31.8015, -3.2331, -2.0041

Trichromacy



Original Color

31.8104, -8.5168, 6.3658

Protanomaly

31.7469, -4.5597, 6.7129

Deuteranomaly

31.6575, -2.0509, 5.9722

Tritanomaly

31.7773, -5.1627, 1.4430

Monochromacy



Original Color

31.8104, -8.5168, 6.3658

Achromatopsia

30.8719, -1.6472, 1.6773

Achromatomaly

31.2664, -4.5638, 3.6678

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 31.8104, -8.5168, 6.3658 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(77, 94, 77)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(77, 94, 77)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(77, 94, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(77, 94, 77) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 31.8104, -8.5168, 6.3658 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(77, 94, 77) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(77, 94, 77) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(77, 94, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(77, 94, 77); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 94, 77);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 94, 77)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 31.8104, -8.5168, 6.3658 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(77, 94, 77) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(77, 94,  
77) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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