

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(31.7970, 73.4162,  
-155.5311)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(31.7970, 73.4162,  
-155.5311) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(31.8098, 73.4091,  
-155.4523)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	5F13FF
RGB	95, 19, 255
RGB Percent	37%, 7%, 100%
CMY	0.6274, 0.9255, 0.0000
CMYK	0.63, 0.93, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	259°, 100%, 54%
HSV	259°, 93%, 100%
XYZ	23.0022, 10.1186, 95.3485
YIQ	68.6280, -30.4600, 89.5080

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

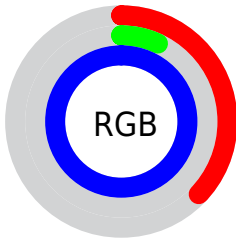
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	95, 19, 255
Decimal	6231039
CIE Lab	38.05, 78.60, -98.15
CIE LCh	38, 125.738, 308.688
Yxy	10.1187, 0.1791, 0.0788
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284421119 (0xFF5F13FF)
YUV	68.6280, 91.8814, 23.1282
Hunter-Lab	31.8098, 73.4091, -155.4523

# Details

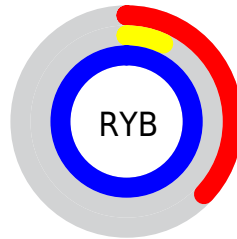
The HunterLab color **31.8098, 73.4091, -155.4523** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6600FF**. The color can be described as dark washed blue. A complement of this color would be **90.0824, -49.7241, 54.2326**, and the grayscale version is **23.9570, -1.2783, 1.3016**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46.3176, 59.7253, -91.5189**, and **19.9638, 54.1517, -141.8510** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.0332, 75.4721, -166.9418**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35.3866, 67.6544, -135.5250**.

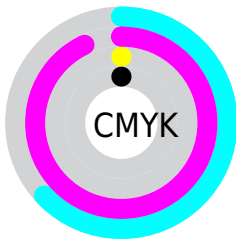
# Distribution



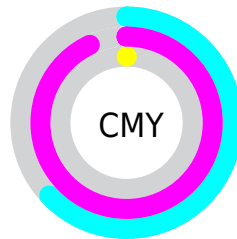
- Red (37%)
- Green (7%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (93%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (93%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 31.8098, 73.4091, -155.4523 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 31.8098, 73.4091, -155.4523 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



31.8098, 73.4091,  
-155.4523

31.8098, 73.4091,  
-155.4523

138.3898, 93.5296,  
-145.7425

23.4046, 71.2793,  
-165.5723

51.0084, 78.2342,  
-146.4885

15.9066, 69.8551,  
-184.6681

61.6816, 80.6541,  
-144.7022

9.4431, 70.5259,  
-225.9735

73.0102, 83.0132,  
-143.8491

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

84.9582, 85.2932,  
-143.6121

0.0000, NaN, -NF

97.4951, 87.4860,  
-143.7928

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

110.5943, 89.5892,

-144.2619

124.2327, 91.6031,  
-144.9321

■ 31.8098, 73.4091,  
-155.4523

■ 31.8098, 73.4091,  
-155.4523

■ 30.0332, 75.4721,  
-166.9418

■ 35.3866, 67.6544,  
-135.5250

■ 40.3878, 59.1767,  
-112.9632

■ 46.5657, 49.5910,  
-90.8982

■ 53.6665, 39.8848,  
-70.7539

■ 61.4865, 30.4804,  
-52.8067

■ 69.8753, 21.4914,  
-36.8427

■ 78.7247, 12.9007,  
-22.5163

■ 87.9565, 4.6480,  
-9.4937

■ 97.5132, -3.3337,  
2.5054

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.8100, 12.6046, -238.7235



31.8098, 73.4091, -155.4523



31.8100, 127.4824, -45.7101

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.8100, 73.4123, -155.4513



31.8100, 36.6922, 22.2670



31.8100, -50.1874, -13.5564

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.8098, 73.4091, -155.4523



90.0824, -49.7241, 54.2326

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.8100, -49.0324, 19.5484



31.8098, 73.4091, -155.4523



31.8100, -13.8507, 22.2670

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.8100, 73.4123, -155.4513



31.8100, 99.2643, 22.2670



31.8100, -39.9628, 22.2670



31.8100, -45.2048, -106.3549



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.8098, 73.4091, -155.4523



31.8100, 141.2554, -0.2307



31.8100, -39.9628, 22.2670



31.8100, -50.3979, 3.5762

# Sweetspot

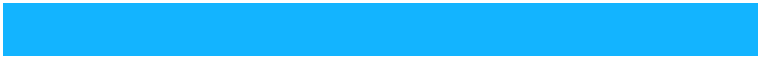
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.8100, 73.4123, -155.4513



73.8530, 17.5335, -30.1374



63.3302, -13.0443, -49.7767



32.4227, 9.8462, -16.8791

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.8100, 73.4123, -155.4513



30.0332, 75.4721, -166.9418



46.5215, 92.6179, -90.2864



42.0258, 1.0126, -2.6547



21.8722, 54.7047, -119.5695



7.2230, 17.4549, -34.7536



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.9792, 89.7082, -18.2128



49.2665, 90.4835, -15.5537



85.2053, -69.7525, 50.8536



42.6556, 2.8913, 0.1085



35.6526, 65.5501, -11.7986

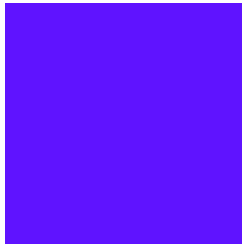


11.2144, 20.7745, -4.9194



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 31.8098, 73.4091, -155.4523 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

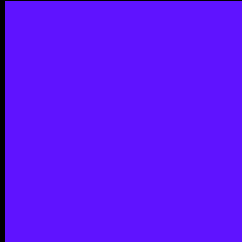
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 31.8098, 73.4091, -155.4523 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

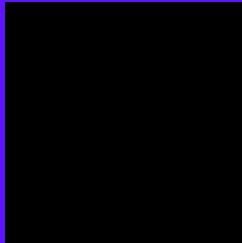
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 31.8098, 73.4091, -155.4523 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 31.8098, 73.4091, -155.4523.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 31.8098, 73.4091, -155.4523.

-155.4523.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

31.8098, 73.4091, -155.4523

### Protanopia

31.6098, 10.5735, -62.3347

### Deuteranopia

31.6028, -0.7437, -37.8953



## Tritanopia

31.5994, -15.1036, -6.8922

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

31.8098, 73.4091, -155.4523

## Protanomaly

28.9079, 34.6291, -103.9733

## Deuteranomaly

28.1061, 26.9457, -86.1876

## Tritanomaly

27.0386, 14.1858, -57.0276

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

31.8098, 73.4091, -155.4523

## Achromatopsia

24.3949, -1.3017, 1.3254

## Achromatomaly

24.0697, 23.4431, -43.0558

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 31.8098, 73.4091, -155.4523 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(95, 19, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(95, 19, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 19, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(95, 19, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 31.8098, 73.4091, -155.4523 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(95, 19, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(95, 19, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 19, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(95, 19, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 19, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 19,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 31.8098, 73.4091, -155.4523 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(95, 19, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(95, 19,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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