

Converting Colors

HunterLab(31.8306, -8.1764,
4.2923)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(31.8306, -8.1764, 4.2923)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(31.8211, -8.1986,
4.2165)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4B5E53
RGB	75, 94, 83
RGB Percent	29%, 37%, 33%
CMY	0.7059, 0.6314, 0.6745
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.12, 0.63
HSL	145°, 11%, 33%
HSV	145°, 20%, 37%
XYZ	8.4657, 10.1258, 9.6919
YIQ	87.0650, -7.7930, -7.4490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

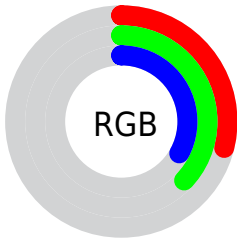
Format	Color
R_{YB}	75, 88, 94
Decimal	4939347
CIE _{Lab}	38.07, -9.75, 3.92
CIE _{LCh}	38, 10.513, 158.102
Yxy	10.1262, 0.2993, 0.3580
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283129427 (0xFF4B5E53)
YUV	87.0650, -2.0040, -10.5810
Hunter-Lab	31.8211, -8.1986, 4.2165

Details

The HunterLab color $[31.8211, -8.1986, 4.2165]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[28.4324, 5.5672, -0.7428]$, and the grayscale version is $[30.9055, -1.6490, 1.6792]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[50.8896, -10.3104, 5.7442]$, and $[15.9535, -5.8558, 2.9131]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[31.1352, -11.0171, 5.4245]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[32.5901, -5.1371, 3.0198]$.

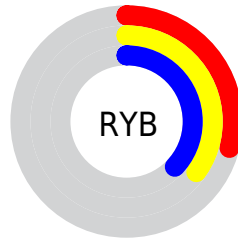
Distribution



Red (29%)

Green (37%)

Blue (33%)



Red (29%)

Yellow (35%)

Blue (37%)

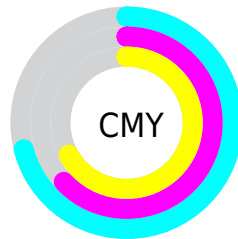


Cyan (20%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (12%)

Black (63%)



Cyan (71%)

Magenta (63%)

Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 31.8211, -8.1986, 4.2165 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 31.8211, -8.1986, 4.2165 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 31.8211, -8.1986,
4.2165

■ 31.8211, -8.1986,
4.2165

138.4091,
-18.2859, 11.6991

■ 23.4153, -7.0621,
3.4962

■ 51.0222, -10.4199,
5.7192

■ 15.9160, -5.8819,
2.7898

■ 61.6964, -11.5232,
6.5041

■ 9.4509, -5.0027,
2.2344

■ 73.0258, -12.6291,
7.3123

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 84.9746, -13.7409,
8.1438

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 97.5122, -14.8611,
8.9985

0.0000, NaN, NaN

110.6122,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-15.9912, 9.8762

0.0000, NaN, NaN

124.2513,
-17.1325, 10.7765

■ 31.8211, -8.1986,
4.2165

■ 31.8211, -8.1986,
4.2165

■ 31.1352, -11.0171,
5.4245

■ 32.5901, -5.1371,
3.0198

■ 30.5315, -13.5664,
6.6317

■ 33.4382, -1.8574,
1.8427

■ 30.0112, -15.8258,
7.8262

■ 34.3634, 1.6131,
0.6934

■ 29.5736, -17.7794,
8.9953

■ 35.3630, 5.2481,
-0.4216

■ 29.2167, -19.4181,
10.1258

■ 36.4335, 9.0229,
-1.4977

■ 28.9371, -20.7414,
11.2045

■ 37.5716, 12.9148,
-2.5315

■ 28.7296, -21.7596,
12.2188

■ 38.7739, 16.9034,
-3.5209

■ 28.5590, -22.6100,
13.1124

■ 40.0368, 20.9710,
-4.4650

■ 41.3570, 25.1021,
-5.3637

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.8218, -6.0839, 6.7306



31.8211, -8.1986, 4.2165



31.8218, -8.6150, 0.7370

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.8218, -8.1992, 4.2169



31.8218, -0.6634, -5.9459



31.8218, 4.2566, 5.7295

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.8211, -8.1986, 4.2165



28.4324, 5.5672, -0.7428

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.8218, 5.8619, 2.6962



31.8211, -8.1986, 4.2165



31.8218, 2.9356, -4.2371

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.8218, -8.1992, 4.2169



31.8218, -4.3791, -5.4153



31.8218, 5.3675, -0.9707



31.8218, 1.0716, 7.5299

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.8211, -8.1986, 4.2165



31.8218, -7.8918, -1.7188



31.8218, 5.3675, -0.9707



31.8218, 5.0055, 4.8352

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.8218, -8.1992, 4.2169



43.5634, -5.0825, 3.3648



32.3980, -6.4570, 7.6682



21.3052, -2.5635, 1.6745



71.2094, -3.7996, 3.8689



21.6712, -1.1563, 1.1774

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.8218, -8.1992, 4.2169



41.6820, -12.5812, 6.3032



32.0652, -6.8215, 0.7390



16.1252, -2.3109, 1.4063



33.5783, -26.6824, 15.6296



78.4681, -63.1139, 38.1666

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.4324, 5.5672, -0.7428



36.2302, 9.5907, -1.6634



28.1817, 4.2504, 2.8296



15.3868, 0.6824, 0.3236



19.1231, 34.6540, -2.4114



44.5480, 80.3638, -2.7947

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 31.8211, -8.1986, 4.2165 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 31.8211, -8.1986, 4.2165 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

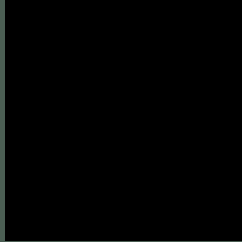
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 31.8211, -8.1986, 4.2165 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 31.8211, -8.1986, 4.2165.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 31.8211, -8.1986,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

31.8211, -8.1986, 4.2165

Protanopia

31.7035, -1.7987, 5.3108

Deuteranopia

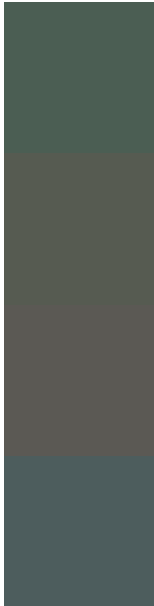
31.6556, 2.2483, 3.4485



Tritanopia

31.8980, -4.2203, -2.3597

Trichromacy



Original Color

31.8211, -8.1986, 4.2165

Protanomaly

31.7091, -4.4668, 4.9051

Deuteranomaly

31.6370, -1.8379, 3.7436

Tritanomaly

31.9324, -5.8479, 0.3460

Monochromacy



Original Color

31.8211, -8.1986, 4.2165

Achromatopsia

30.8719, -1.6472, 1.6773

Achromatomaly

31.3420, -4.1430, 2.5855

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 31.8211, -8.1986, 4.2165 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(75, 94, 83)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(75, 94, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(75, 94, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(75, 94, 83) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 31.8211, -8.1986, 4.2165 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(75, 94, 83) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(75, 94, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(75, 94, 83)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(75, 94, 83); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 94, 83);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 94, 83)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 31.8211, -8.1986, 4.2165 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(75, 94, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(75, 94,  
83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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