

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(31.8568, 28.0966,  
-18.5320)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(31.8568, 28.0966,  
-18.5320) contains.

<b>HunterLab(31.8568, 28.0966, -18.5320)</b>	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i>	4
<i><b>Details</b></i>	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i>	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i>	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i>	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i>	31

# Color

**HunterLab(31.8568, 28.0966,  
-18.5320)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	814281
RGB	129, 66, 129
RGB Percent	51%, 26%, 51%
CMY	0.4941, 0.7412, 0.4941
CMYK	0.00, 0.49, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	300°, 32%, 38%
HSV	300°, 49%, 51%
XYZ	14.9640, 10.1486, 21.9391
YIQ	92.0190, 17.3250, 32.9490

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

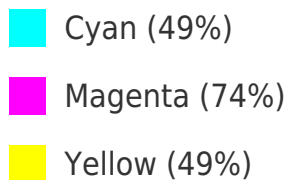
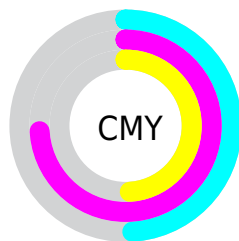
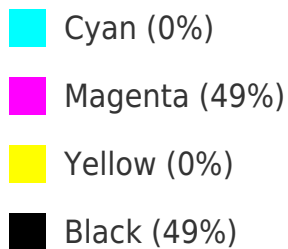
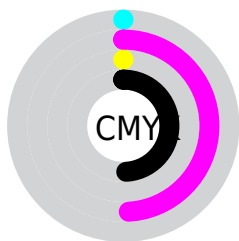
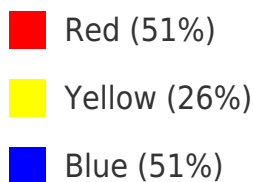
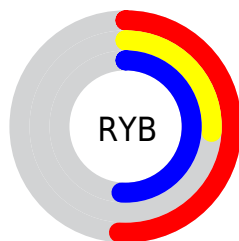
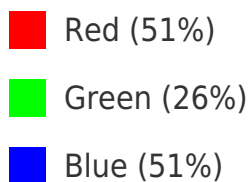
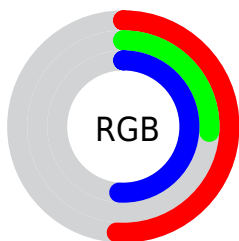
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">129, 66, 129</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">8471169</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">38.11, 36.76, -23.96</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">38, 43.880, 326.903</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">10.1490, 0.3180, 0.2157</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4286661249</a> (0xFF814281)
YUV	<a href="#">92.0190, 18.2316, 32.4323</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">31.8568, 28.0966, -18.5320</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color **31.8568, 28.0966, -18.5320** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **41.5362, -25.0688, 17.7974**, and the grayscale version is **32.6523, -1.7422, 1.7741**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50.9269, 30.8106, -19.6033**, and **15.9837, 24.9457, -17.1531** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.6780, 34.0339, -22.6087**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34.3951, 21.8312, -14.2253**.

# Distribution















# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 31.8568, 28.0966, -18.5320 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 31.8568, 28.0966, -18.5320 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 31.8568, 28.0966, -18.5320	 31.8568, 28.0966, -18.5320
 138.4674, 36.8297, -20.8981	 23.4475, 26.5717, -18.0125
 51.0641, 30.7564, -19.4610	 15.9444, 24.9362, -17.5361
 61.7409, 31.9064, -19.8406	 9.4748, 23.2997, -17.3309
 73.0729, 32.9487, -20.1591	0.0000, INF, -NF
 85.0242, 33.8926, -20.4176	0.0000, NaN, -NF
 97.5642, 34.7460, -20.6182	0.0000, NaN, NaN
 110.6663, 35.5160,	0.0000, NaN, NaN

-20.7634

0.0000, NaN, NaN

124.3076, 36.2088,  
-20.8559

■ 31.8568, 28.0966,  
-18.5320

■ 31.8568, 28.0966,  
-18.5320

■ 29.6780, 34.0339,  
-22.6087

■ 34.3951, 21.8312,  
-14.2253

■ 27.8989, 39.3524,  
-26.2576

■ 37.2458, 15.4585,  
-9.8402

■ 26.5519, 43.7177,  
-29.2503

■ 40.3672, 9.1170,  
-5.4714


■ 25.6461, 46.8426,  
-31.3917


■ 43.7218, 2.8851,  
-1.1729


■ 25.0695, 48.9200,  
-32.8148


■ 47.2777, -3.2010,  
3.0300

 25.0044, 49.1594,  
-32.9787

 51.0084, -9.1311,  
7.1300

 54.8920, -14.9097,  
11.1298

 58.9102, -20.5490,  
15.0372

 63.0482, -26.0641,  
18.8624

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.8575, 13.3109, -36.5182



31.8568, 28.0966, -18.5320



31.8575, 34.8420, 0.1263

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.8575, 28.0954, -18.5310



31.8575, -0.0368, 19.2327



31.8575, -24.5974, -14.3902

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.8568, 28.0966, -18.5320



41.5362, -25.0688, 17.7974

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.8575, -26.7993, 3.2623



31.8568, 28.0966, -18.5320



31.8575, -14.3637, 18.2761

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.8575, 28.0954, -18.5310



31.8575, 16.7268, 17.7243



31.8575, -23.4421, 13.8591



31.8575, -16.7071, -33.4158



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.8568, 28.0966, -18.5320



31.8575, 33.0570, 9.0706



31.8575, -23.4421, 13.8591



31.8575, -25.9512, -7.9104

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.8575, 28.0954, -18.5310



55.5496, 9.2751, -5.3050



25.7686, 11.4153, -31.7089



26.0592, 5.1124, -3.0064



80.9895, -4.3214, 4.4003



29.8298, -1.5916, 1.6207



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.8575, 28.0954, -18.5310



39.3100, 46.7105, -31.0554



30.7189, 22.8452, -2.7368



21.0058, 1.4639, -0.6164



24.6898, 48.5409, -32.5638

0.0000, NaN, NaN



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.8575, 28.0954, -18.5310



39.3100, 46.7105, -31.0554



42.1089, -21.6418, 9.4714



21.0058, 1.4639, -0.6164



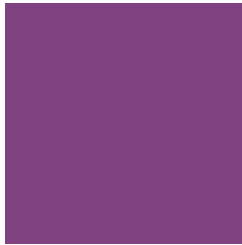
24.6898, 48.5409, -32.5638

0.0000, NaN, NaN



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 31.8568, 28.0966, -18.5320 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

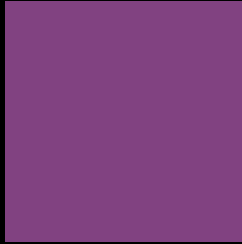
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 31.8568, 28.0966, -18.5320 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

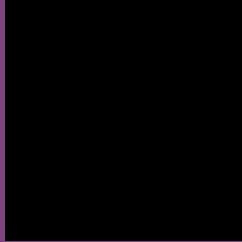
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 31.8568, 28.0966, -18.5320 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 31.8568, 28.0966, -18.5320.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 31.8568, 28.0966, -18.5320.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

31.8568, 28.0966, -18.5320

### Protanopia

32.0559, 5.6099, -31.9687

### Deuteranopia

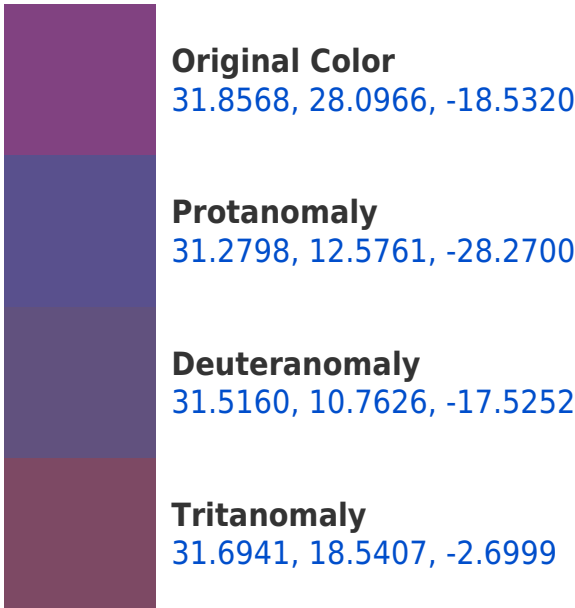
32.0744, 2.2958, -16.0606



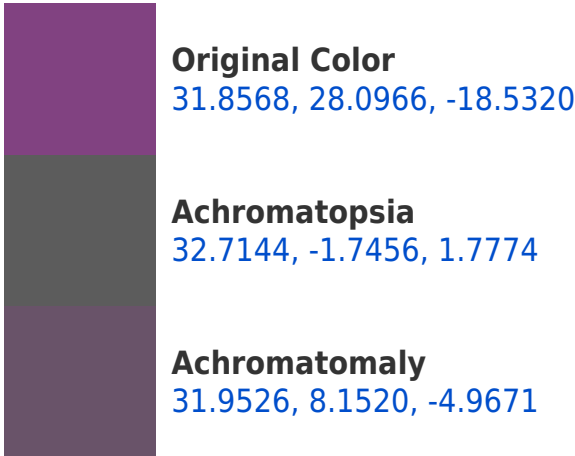
## Tritanopia

31.8485, 13.6711, 4.6294

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 31.8568, 28.0966, -18.5320 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(129, 66, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(129, 66, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 66, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(129, 66, 129) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 31.8568, 28.0966, -18.5320 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(129, 66, 129) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(129, 66, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 66, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(129, 66, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 66, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 66,  
129) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 31.8568, 28.0966, -18.5320 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(129, 66, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(129, 66,  
129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet  
interesting? Support Converting  
Colors with the new Membership  
Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you  
double the colors in the color bucket, and more  
awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor