

Converting Colors

HunterLab(31.8793, -12.1532,
4.9404)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(31.8793, -12.1532,
4.9404) contains.

HunterLab(31.9378, -12.2423, 5.0141)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(31.9378,
-12.2423, 5.0141)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3F6151
RGB	63, 97, 81
RGB Percent	25%, 38%, 32%
CMY	0.7529, 0.6196, 0.6823
CMYK	0.35, 0.00, 0.16, 0.62
HSL	152°, 21%, 31%
HSV	152°, 35%, 38%
XYZ	7.8098, 10.2002, 9.3418
YIQ	85.0100, -15.1280, -12.1840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

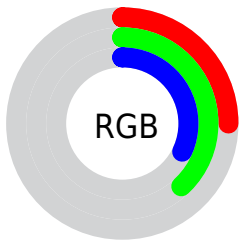
Format	Color
RYB	63, 85, 97
Decimal	4153681
CIELab	38.20, -16.25, 5.24
CIELCh	38, 17.070, 162.133
Yxy	10.2007, 0.2855, 0.3729
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282343761 (0xFF3F6151)
YUV	85.0100, -1.9769, -19.3028
Hunter-Lab	31.9378, -12.2423, 5.0141

Details

The HunterLab color **31.9378, -12.2423, 5.0141** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **25.8092, 10.9853, -0.8980**, and the grayscale version is **30.1551, -1.6090, 1.6384**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51.2213, -15.4051, 6.8468**, and **15.8989, -8.8468, 3.4177** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31.3731, -14.6283, 6.0035**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32.5876, -9.5805, 4.0607**.

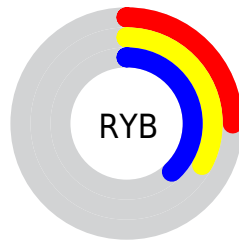
Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (38%)

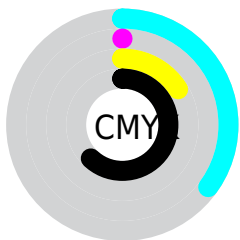
Blue (32%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (33%)

Blue (38%)

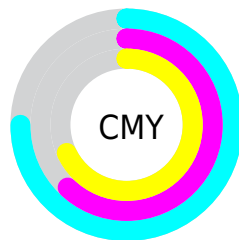


Cyan (35%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (62%)



Cyan (75%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (68%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 31.9378, -12.2423, 5.0141 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 31.9378, -12.2423, 5.0141 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 31.9378, -12.2423,
5.0141

■ 31.9378, -12.2423,
5.0141

■ 138.5995,
-25.3644, 13.0805

■ 23.5206, -10.6193,
4.2006

■ 51.1588, -15.2991,
6.6771

■ 16.0087, -8.8818,
3.3878

■ 61.8418, -16.7720,
7.5330

■ 9.5289, -7.9417,
2.7982

■ 73.1797, -18.2238,
8.4078

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 85.1365, -19.6618,
9.3021

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 97.6817, -21.0912,
10.2164

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 110.7889,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-22.5163, 11.1510

0.0000, NaN, NaN

124.4350,
-23.9398, 12.1057

■ 31.9378, -12.2423,
5.0141

■ 31.9378, -12.2423,
5.0141

■ 31.3731, -14.6283,
6.0035

■ 32.5876, -9.5805,
4.0607

■ 30.8911, -16.7198,
7.0174

■ 33.3198, -6.6631,
3.1507

■ 30.4911, -18.5060,
8.0450

■ 34.1336, -3.5149,
2.2915

■ 30.1702, -19.9834,
9.0737

■ 35.0269, -0.1616,
1.4885

■ 29.9240, -21.1573,
10.0907

■ 35.9970, 3.3711,
0.7453

■ 29.7379, -22.0789,
11.0747

■ 37.0410, 7.0582,
0.0641

■ 29.6511, -22.5105,
11.5324

■ 38.1556, 10.8764,
-0.5542

■ 39.3374, 14.8045,
-1.1097

■ 40.5830, 18.8234,
-1.6037

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.9385, -9.2899, 9.0339



31.9378, -12.2423, 5.0141



31.9385, -12.5085, -0.7286

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.9385, -12.2428, 5.0145



31.9385, 0.8291, -11.3983



31.9385, 7.5885, 8.4275

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.9378, -12.2423, 5.0141



25.8092, 10.9853, -0.8980

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.9385, 10.7558, 4.0233



31.9378, -12.2423, 5.0141



31.9385, 6.6593, -7.8271

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.9385, -12.2428, 5.0145



31.9385, -5.2690, -10.9935



31.9385, 10.4034, -1.9261



31.9385, 2.0207, 10.7312

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.9378, -12.2423, 5.0141



31.9385, -11.1546, -4.8740



31.9385, 10.4034, -1.9261



31.9385, 8.9876, 7.1832

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.9385, -12.2428, 5.0145



44.0079, -7.2187, 3.6969



32.5417, -10.6916, 11.2966



21.8830, -3.7750, 1.8918



72.2857, -3.8570, 3.9274



22.5557, -1.2035, 1.2255

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.9385, -12.2428, 5.0145



41.2013, -18.6079, 7.6199



32.1952, -9.6007, -1.1574



16.9596, -2.3797, 1.3110



34.5723, -26.3422, 13.6530



79.7955, -61.5813, 33.1990

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.8092, 10.9853, -0.8980



31.4933, 18.3627, -1.6409



25.5315, 8.7080, 4.9640



16.1487, 0.6688, 0.5160



19.2694, 34.3239, 2.1845



44.3403, 78.6130, 7.8858

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 31.9378, -12.2423, 5.0141 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 31.9378, -12.2423, 5.0141 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

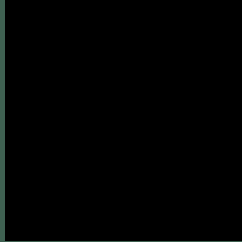
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 31.9378, -12.2423, 5.0141 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 31.9378, -12.2423, 5.0141.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 31.9378,

-12.2423, 5.0141.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

31.9378, -12.2423, 5.0141

Protanopia

31.7179, -1.8852, 6.3868

Deuteranopia

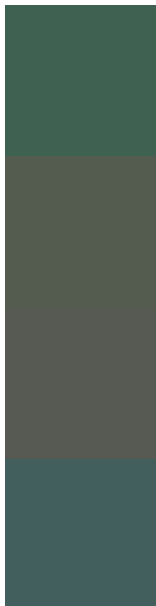
31.6967, 2.2871, 4.2636



Tritanopia

31.9275, -6.7588, -3.7882

Trichromacy



Original Color

31.9378, -12.2423, 5.0141

Protanomaly

31.6912, -6.0653, 5.9371

Deuteranomaly

31.5401, -3.6394, 4.3651

Tritanomaly

31.8604, -8.9217, -0.2307

Monochromacy



Original Color

31.9378, -12.2423, 5.0141

Achromatopsia

30.1400, -1.6082, 1.6376

Achromatomaly

30.5984, -5.5179, 2.5057

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 31.9378, -12.2423, 5.0141 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(63, 97, 81)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(63, 97, 81)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(63, 97, 81) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(63, 97, 81) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 31.9378, -12.2423, 5.0141 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(63, 97, 81) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(63, 97, 81) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(63, 97, 81) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(63, 97, 81); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 97, 81);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 97, 81)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 31.9378, -12.2423, 5.0141 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(63, 97, 81) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(63, 97,  
81) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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