

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(32.1552, -18.5521,  
13.4987)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(32.1552, -18.5521,  
13.4987) contains.

<b>HunterLab(32.1552, -18.5521, 13.4987)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(32.1552,  
-18.5521, 13.4987)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	366534
RGB	54, 101, 52
RGB Percent	21%, 40%, 20%
CMY	0.7882, 0.6039, 0.7961
CMYK	0.47, 0.00, 0.49, 0.60
HSL	118°, 32%, 30%
HSV	118°, 49%, 40%
XYZ	6.7948, 10.3396, 4.8864
YIQ	81.3610, -12.2830, -25.2030

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

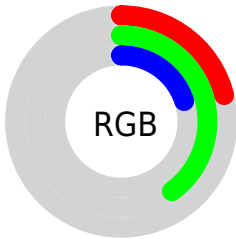
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	52, 101, 99
Decimal	3564852
CIELab	38.45, -27.16, 22.80
CIElCh	38, 35.462, 139.993
Yxy	10.3400, 0.3086, 0.4695
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281754932 (0xFF366534)
YUV	81.3610, -14.4750, -23.9956
Hunter-Lab	32.1552, -18.5521, 13.4987

# Details

The HunterLab color  $[32.1552, -18.5521, 13.4987]$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $336633$ . A complement of this color would be  $[24.5938, 20.2721, -14.1730]$ , and the grayscale version is  $[28.8704, -1.5404, 1.5686]$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $[51.2839, -22.9561, 17.5518]$ , and  $[16.0451, -13.2106, 8.9129]$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $[31.6491, -20.8568, 15.0507]$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $[32.7663, -15.8278, 11.6402]$ .

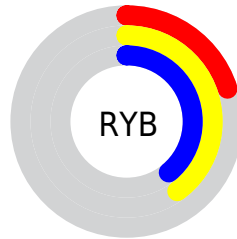
# Distribution



Red (21%)

Green (40%)

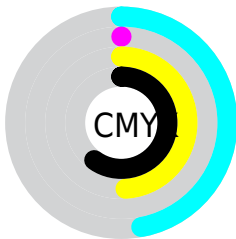
Blue (20%)



Red (20%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (39%)

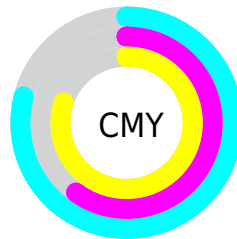


Cyan (47%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (49%)

Black (60%)



Cyan (79%)

Magenta (60%)

Yellow (80%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 32.1552, -18.5521, 13.4987 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 32.1552, -18.5521, 13.4987 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 32.1552, -18.5521,  
13.4987

■ 32.1552, -18.5521,  
13.4987

138.9539,  
-36.9499, 30.0120

■ 23.7170, -16.0701,  
11.2938

■ 51.4131, -23.0747,  
17.5287

■ 16.1815, -13.3432,  
9.0201

■ 62.1127, -25.1924,  
19.4213

■ 9.6743, -12.7673,  
6.7720

■ 73.4662, -27.2456,  
21.2601

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 85.4378, -29.2492,  
23.0584

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 97.9971, -31.2139,  
24.8261

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 111.1178,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-33.1482, 26.5706

0.0000, NaN, NaN

124.7769,  
-35.0585, 28.2978

■ 32.1552, -18.5521,  
13.4987

■ 32.1552, -18.5521,  
13.4987

■ 31.6491, -20.8568,  
15.0507

■ 32.7663, -15.8278,  
11.6402

■ 31.2438, -22.7269,  
16.2881

■ 33.4806, -12.7062,  
9.4899

■ 30.9361, -24.1623,  
17.2137

■ 34.2980, -9.2194,  
7.0691

■ 30.7197, -25.1778,  
17.8417

■ 35.2162, -5.4038,  
4.4030

■ 30.5728, -25.8762,  
18.3022

■ 36.2322, -1.2982,  
1.5189

■ 30.5522, -25.9749,  
18.3714

■ 37.3421, 3.0586,  
-1.5557

■ 38.5418, 7.6292,  
-4.7940

■ 39.8266, 12.3790,  
-8.1710

■ 41.1920, 17.2770,  
-11.6641

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.1559, -9.7438, 16.9388



32.1552, -18.5521, 13.4987



32.1559, -22.6278, 5.5759

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



32.1559, -18.5527, 13.4989



32.1559, -5.9031, -31.1054



32.1559, 24.9794, 8.7998

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32.1552, -18.5521, 13.4987



24.5938, 20.2721, -14.1730

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



32.1559, 26.4412, -2.6119



32.1552, -18.5521, 13.4987



32.1559, 7.1826, -29.1348

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



32.1559, -18.5527, 13.4989



32.1559, -16.1221, -21.9869



32.1559, 19.5027, -17.3444



32.1559, 15.7761, 15.0591



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32.1552, -18.5521, 13.4987



32.1559, -22.6286, -2.6056



32.1559, 19.5027, -17.3444



32.1559, 26.4426, 5.5710

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32.1559, -18.5527, 13.4989



45.2965, -10.5761, 8.2138



34.4294, -6.2989, 15.5100



22.3818, -5.6102, 4.3283



73.3645, -3.9145, 3.9860



23.4461, -1.2510, 1.2739



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32.1559, -18.5527, 13.4989



41.4021, -27.6272, 19.9200



32.4546, -16.6020, 7.8556



17.7411, -2.8089, 2.2792



34.9782, -29.7718, 21.0322



79.8229, -68.2428, 47.9918



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.5938, 20.2721, -14.1730



29.6977, 32.9540, -23.3219



24.0557, 17.2995, -3.0832



16.9812, 1.0337, -0.4534



21.3342, 42.3103, -30.9801

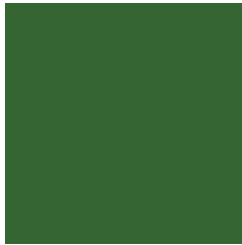


48.6244, 96.4856, -71.0196



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 32.1552, -18.5521, 13.4987 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 32.1552, -18.5521, 13.4987 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

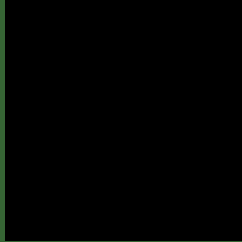
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 32.1552, -18.5521, 13.4987 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 32.1552, -18.5521, 13.4987.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 32.1552,

-18.5521, 13.4987.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

32.1552, -18.5521, 13.4987

### Protanopia

31.9036, -3.6006, 14.3991

### Deuteranopia

31.9254, 1.9894, 12.7588



## Tritanopia

32.0214, -7.7924, -4.1644

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

32.1552, -18.5521, 13.4987

## Protanomaly

31.7272, -9.8143, 13.9483

## Deuteranomaly

31.4354, -6.4596, 12.4401

## Tritanomaly

31.8593, -12.3973, 3.8054

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

32.1552, -18.5521, 13.4987

## Achromatopsia

28.6850, -1.5306, 1.5585

## Achromatomaly

29.5994, -8.4168, 6.4851

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 32.1552, -18.5521, 13.4987 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(54, 101, 52)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(54, 101, 52)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(54, 101, 52) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(54, 101, 52) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 32.1552, -18.5521, 13.4987 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(54, 101, 52) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(54, 101, 52) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(54, 101, 52)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(54, 101, 52); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 101, 52);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 101,  
52) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 32.1552, -18.5521, 13.4987 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(54, 101, 52) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(54, 101,  
52) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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