

Converting Colors

HunterLab(32.3350, 0.7295,
-1.9146)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(32.3350, 0.7295, -1.9146)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(32.4659, 0.4884,
-1.5436)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5D5A63
RGB	93, 90, 99
RGB Percent	36%, 35%, 39%
CMY	0.6353, 0.6470, 0.6118
CMYK	0.06, 0.09, 0.00, 0.61
HSL	260°, 5%, 37%
HSV	260°, 9%, 39%
XYZ	10.4225, 10.5403, 13.2896
YIQ	91.9230, -1.1010, 3.4350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

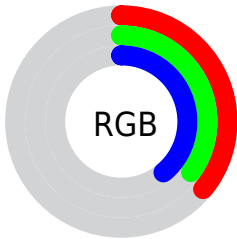
Format	Color
RYB	93, 90, 99
Decimal	6117987
CIELab	38.80, 3.13, -4.73
CIElCh	39, 5.676, 303.511
Yxy	10.5408, 0.3043, 0.3077
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284308067 (0xFF5D5A63)
YUV	91.9230, 3.4890, 0.9445
Hunter-Lab	32.4659, 0.4884, -1.5436

Details

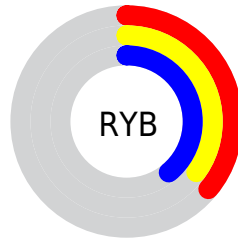
The HunterLab color $[32.4659, 0.4884, -1.5436]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[34.8554, -3.9902, 4.9531]$, and the grayscale version is $[32.6743, -1.7434, 1.7753]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[51.7666, -0.2123, -1.1530]$, and $[16.5474, 0.7424, -1.8589]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[29.4120, 3.1677, -5.6172]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[35.6135, -2.1197, 2.2553]$.

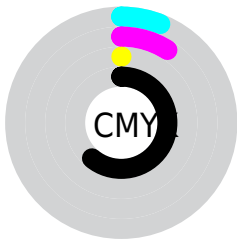
Distribution



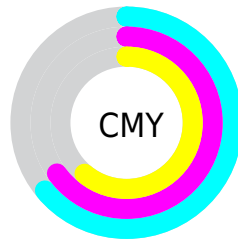
- Red (36%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (39%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (61%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 32.4659, 0.4884, -1.5436 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 32.4659, 0.4884, -1.5436 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 32.4659, 0.4884,
-1.5436

■ 32.4659, 0.4884,
-1.5436

■ 139.4595, -3.8667,
2.3732

■ 23.9978, 0.7330,
-1.7198

■ 51.7763, -0.1789,
-0.9984

■ 16.4289, 0.9065,
-1.8190

■ 62.4995, -0.5872,
-0.6445

■ 9.8829, 0.9907,
-1.8241

■ 73.8751, -1.0398,
-0.2428

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 85.8678, -1.5331,
0.2029

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 98.4472, -2.0646,
0.6898

0.0000, NaN, NaN

111.5871, -2.6319,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

1.2152

0.0000, NaN, NaN

125.2647, -3.2331,
1.7769

■ 32.4659, 0.4884,
-1.5436

■ 32.4659, 0.4884,
-1.5436

■ 29.4120, 3.1677,
-5.6172

■ 35.6135, -2.1197,
2.2553

■ 26.4636, 5.9380,
-10.0366

■ 38.8417, -4.6697,
5.8332

■ 23.6400, 8.8161,
-14.8850

■ 42.1428, -7.1754,
9.2349

■ 20.9658, 11.8146,
-20.2566

■ 45.5097, -9.6473,
12.4950

■ 18.4743, 14.9285,
-26.2394

■ 48.9369, -12.0941,
15.6410

■ 16.2104, 18.1089,
-32.8697

■ 52.4196, -14.5226,
18.6947

■ 14.2328, 21.2155,
-40.0331

■ 55.9539, -16.9385,
21.6736

■ 12.6121, 23.9562,
-47.3030

■ 59.5366, -19.3462,
24.5918

■ 11.1964, 26.7707,
-55.1426

■ 63.1645, -21.7493,
27.4605

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.4666, -1.4905, -2.2341



32.4659, 0.4884, -1.5436



32.4666, 1.8973, 0.0367

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



32.4666, 0.4877, -1.5430



32.4666, 0.0563, 4.9699



32.4666, -5.6036, 1.5350

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32.4659, 0.4884, -1.5436



34.8554, -3.9902, 4.9531

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



32.4666, -5.2126, 3.4075



32.4659, 0.4884, -1.5436



32.4666, -1.9769, 5.3163

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



32.4666, 0.4877, -1.5430



32.4666, 1.6439, 3.7845



32.4666, -3.8976, 4.7619



32.4666, -4.9794, -0.3884

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32.4659, 0.4884, -1.5436



32.4666, 2.3067, 1.3374



32.4666, -3.8976, 4.7619



32.4666, -5.5865, 2.1913

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32.4666, 0.4877, -1.5430



44.9839, -1.4215, 1.0040



33.8645, -3.0446, 0.1464



21.7990, -0.5838, 0.3308



72.2857, -3.8570, 3.9274



22.5557, -1.2035, 1.2255

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32.4666, 0.4877, -1.5430



41.6219, 1.4106, -3.1739



32.8242, 1.7007, -1.0665



15.9753, 0.2089, -0.7122



12.5492, 30.8483, -64.4279



28.2372, 70.5733, -153.9711

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.8786, 1.7125, 0.3326



42.2998, 3.4084, -0.0612



34.5246, -5.1668, 4.5711



16.1721, 0.7946, 0.1831



19.9081, 36.6320, -6.8162



45.8310, 84.0116, -13.2105

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 32.4659, 0.4884, -1.5436 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 32.4659, 0.4884, -1.5436 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

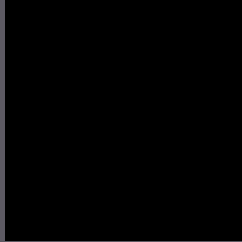
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 32.4659, 0.4884, -1.5436 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 32.4659, 0.4884, -1.5436.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 32.4659, 0.4884, -1.5436.

-1.5436.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

32.4659, 0.4884, -1.5436

Protanopia

32.5687, -0.5020, -1.4296

Deuteranopia

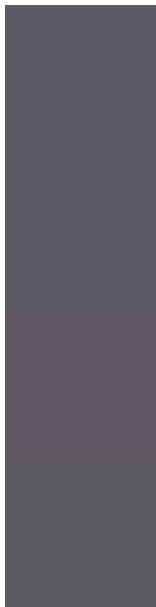
32.5377, 2.0565, -1.4243



Tritanopia

32.4076, 0.1730, -0.7179

Trichromacy



Original Color

32.4659, 0.4884, -1.5436

Protanomaly

32.6471, -0.2324, -1.3249

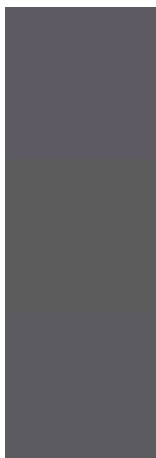
Deuteranomaly

32.4537, 1.7738, -1.5367

Tritanomaly

32.4366, 0.3299, -1.1285

Monochromacy



Original Color

32.4659, 0.4884, -1.5436

Achromatopsia

32.7144, -1.7456, 1.7774

Achromatomaly

32.5326, -0.8554, 0.3004

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 32.4659, 0.4884, -1.5436 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 90, 99)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 90, 99)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 90, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 90, 99) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 32.4659, 0.4884, -1.5436 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 90, 99) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 90, 99) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(93, 90, 99)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 90, 99); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 90, 99);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 90, 99)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 32.4659, 0.4884, -1.5436 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 90, 99) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 90,  
99) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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