

Converting Colors

HunterLab(32.4075, 10.7569,
5.1856)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(32.4075, 10.7569,
5.1856) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(32.4075, 10.7569,
5.1856)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	785153
RGB	120, 81, 83
RGB Percent	47%, 32%, 33%
CMY	0.5294, 0.6823, 0.6745
CMYK	0.00, 0.32, 0.31, 0.53
HSL	357°, 19%, 39%
HSV	357°, 32%, 47%
XYZ	12.2495, 10.5025, 9.5652
YIQ	92.8890, 22.6020, 8.8900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

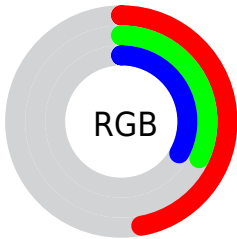
Format	Color
R_{YB}	120, 81, 83
Decimal	7885139
CIE Lab	38.73, 16.65, 5.45
CIE LCh	39, 17.525, 18.133
Yxy	10.5030, 0.3790, 0.3250
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286075219 (0xFF785153)
YUV	92.8890, -4.8753, 23.7763
Hunter-Lab	32.4075, 10.7569, 5.1856

Details

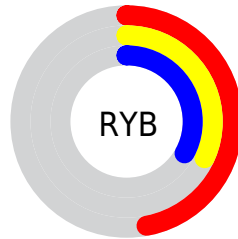
The HunterLab color $[32.4075, 10.7569, 5.1856]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996666 . A complement of this color would be $[40.6085, -12.2502, -0.2173]$, and the grayscale version is $[33.0561, -1.7638, 1.7960]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[51.7521, 11.2342, 7.0767]$, and $[16.4432, 9.2896, 3.6829]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[29.5171, 15.0548, 6.2687]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[35.5492, 6.5702, 4.2066]$.

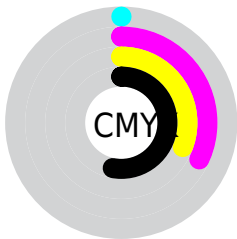
Distribution



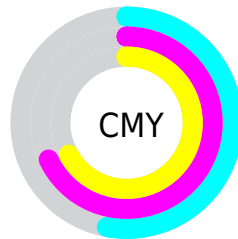
- Red (47%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 32.4075, 10.7569, 5.1856 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 32.4075, 10.7569, 5.1856 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 32.4075, 10.7569,
5.1856

■ 32.4075, 10.7569,
5.1856

■ 139.3646, 12.0032,
13.3573

■ 23.9451, 10.1842,
4.3565

■ 51.7081, 11.5613,
6.8768

■ 16.3824, 9.4717,
3.5264

■ 62.4269, 11.8257,
7.7454

■ 9.8437, 8.5888,
2.8488

■ 73.7984, 12.0121,
8.6322

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 85.7871, 12.1284,
9.5379

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 98.3628, 12.1808,
10.4631

0.0000, NaN, NaN

111.4991, 12.1746,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

11.4080

0.0000, NaN, NaN

125.1732, 12.1142,
12.3728

■ 32.4075, 10.7569,
5.1856

■ 32.4075, 10.7569,
5.1856

■ 29.5171, 15.0548,
6.2687

■ 35.5492, 6.5702,
4.2066

■ 26.9227, 19.3899,
7.4443

■ 38.9008, 2.5296,
3.3271

■ 24.6790, 23.6099,
8.6808

■ 42.4317, -1.3626,
2.5386

■ 22.8417, 27.4743,
9.9140

■ 46.1165, -5.1161,
1.8302

■ 21.4580, 30.6715,
11.0470

■ 49.9351, -8.7464,
1.1909

■ 20.5478, 32.9078,
11.9669

■ 53.8713, -12.2705,
0.6105

■ 20.0164, 34.3459,
12.4124

■ 57.9121, -15.7046,
0.0804

■ 62.0467, -19.0632,
-0.4069

■ 66.2664, -22.3594,
-0.8578

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.4083, 11.1536, -0.7257



32.4075, 10.7569, 5.1856



32.4083, 6.8593, 9.2994

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



32.4083, 10.7555, 5.1862



32.4083, -10.3606, 8.6192



32.4083, -4.2125, -11.8421

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32.4075, 10.7569, 5.1856



40.6085, -12.2502, -0.2173

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



32.4083, -9.5103, -8.1723



32.4075, 10.7569, 5.1856



32.4083, -12.8720, 4.0708

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



32.4083, 10.7555, 5.1862



32.4083, -5.4570, 11.0016



32.4083, -12.5732, -2.0774



32.4083, 2.1715, -11.3836

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32.4075, 10.7569, 5.1856



32.4083, 2.9604, 10.8245



32.4083, -12.5732, -2.0774



32.4083, -6.1698, -11.0253

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32.4083, 10.7555, 5.1862



52.6258, 2.1752, 4.1669



33.2432, 15.5096, -10.9362



25.3638, 1.3484, 2.0885



78.7982, -4.2045, 4.2813



27.9800, -1.4929, 1.5202

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32.4083, 10.7555, 5.1862



40.0857, 18.5065, 7.9360



36.4750, 2.6731, 9.8676



20.0451, 0.5928, 1.5244



20.9051, 35.8677, 12.9883



45.6163, 78.1826, 28.9854

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.4083, 10.7555, 5.1862



40.0857, 18.5065, 7.9360



35.8137, -4.6383, -7.4303



20.0451, 0.5928, 1.5244



20.9051, 35.8677, 12.9883



45.6163, 78.1826, 28.9854

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 32.4075, 10.7569, 5.1856 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

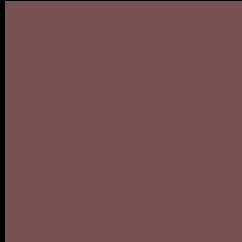
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 32.4075, 10.7569, 5.1856 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

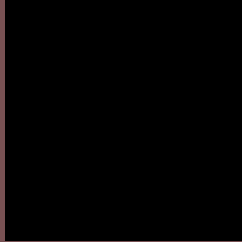
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 32.4075, 10.7569, 5.1856 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 32.4075, 10.7569, 5.1856.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 32.4075, 10.7569,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

32.4075, 10.7569, 5.1856

Protanopia

32.5061, -1.3213, 3.1671

Deuteranopia

32.4526, 2.1805, 5.4512



Tritanopia

32.2777, 11.7264, 3.5319

Trichromacy



Original Color

32.4075, 10.7569, 5.1856

Protanomaly

32.2053, 2.8431, 3.6862

Deuteranomaly

32.2819, 5.4467, 5.3261

Tritanomaly

32.2526, 11.5990, 3.8923

Monochromacy



Original Color

32.4075, 10.7569, 5.1856

Achromatopsia

33.0850, -1.7653, 1.7976

Achromatomaly

32.7866, 2.3424, 3.1528

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 32.4075, 10.7569, 5.1856 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 81, 83)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 81, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 81, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 81, 83) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 32.4075, 10.7569, 5.1856 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 81, 83) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 81, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(120, 81, 83)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(120, 81, 83); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 81, 83);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 81,  
83) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 32.4075, 10.7569, 5.1856 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 81, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120, 81,  
83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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