

Converting Colors

HunterLab(32.4517, -3.1646,
2.7325)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(32.4517, -3.1646, 2.7325)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(32.4028, -2.9934,
2.6204)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	595C59
RGB	89, 92, 89
RGB Percent	35%, 36%, 35%
CMY	0.6510, 0.6392, 0.6510
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.03, 0.64
HSL	120°, 2%, 35%
HSV	120°, 3%, 36%
XYZ	9.7502, 10.4994, 10.9639
YIQ	90.7610, -0.8250, -1.5690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	89, 92, 92
Decimal	5856345
CIELab	38.73, -1.82, 1.31
CIElCh	39, 2.241, 144.340
Yxy	10.4999, 0.3124, 0.3364
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284046425 (0xFF595C59)
YUV	90.7610, -0.8682, -1.5444
Hunter-Lab	32.4028, -2.9934, 2.6204

Details

The HunterLab color $[32.4028, -2.9934, 2.6204]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[31.9266, -0.4194, 0.8614]$, and the grayscale version is $[32.2601, -1.7213, 1.7528]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[51.6711, -4.1277, 3.7395]$, and $[16.3441, -1.6230, 1.3987]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[31.5083, -6.6491, 5.0902]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[33.3889, 0.9118, -0.0175]$.

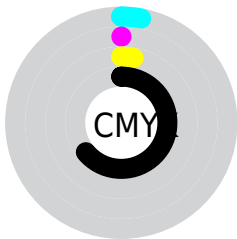
Distribution



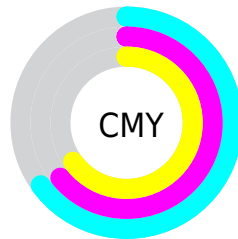
- Red (35%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (64%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 32.4028, -2.9934, 2.6204 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 32.4028, -2.9934, 2.6204 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 32.4028, -2.9934,
2.6204

■ 32.4028, -2.9934,
2.6204

■ 139.3569, -9.5077,
8.9915

■ 23.9408, -2.4189,
2.0756

■ 51.7026, -4.2409,
3.8196

■ 16.3786, -1.8767,
1.5688

■ 62.4210, -4.9103,
4.4694

■ 9.8405, -1.3669,
1.1021

■ 73.7921, -5.6090,
5.1510

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 85.7805, -6.3359,
5.8628

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 98.3559, -7.0900,
6.6038

0.0000, NaN, NaN

111.4919, -7.8706,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

125.1657, -8.6767,
8.1690

■ 32.4028, -2.9934,
2.6204

■ 32.4028, -2.9934,
2.6204

■ 31.5083, -6.6491,
5.0902

■ 33.3889, 0.9118,
-0.0175

■ 30.7068, -10.0156,
7.3651

■ 34.4607, 5.0323,
-2.8002

■ 30.0013, -13.0575,
9.4209

■ 35.6147, 9.3331,
-5.7040

■ 29.3936, -15.7419,
11.2355

■ 36.8463, 13.7830,
-8.7078

■ 28.8837, -18.0422,
12.7906

■ 38.1511, 18.3544,
-11.7929

■ 28.4706, -19.9405,
14.0740

■ 39.5246, 23.0236,
-14.9433

■ 28.1510, -21.4305,
15.0815

■ 40.9627, 27.7705,
-18.1453

■ 27.9200, -22.5197,
15.8181

■ 42.4610, 32.5783,
-21.3876

■ 27.7638, -23.2625,
16.3204

■ 44.0159, 37.4332,
-24.6610

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.4035, -2.3740, 3.0929



32.4028, -2.9934, 2.6204



32.4035, -3.2755, 1.9105

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



32.4035, -2.9941, 2.6209



32.4035, -1.8851, 0.2450



32.4035, -0.2905, 2.3722

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32.4028, -2.9934, 2.6204



31.9266, -0.4194, 0.8614

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



32.4035, -0.1565, 1.6164



32.4028, -2.9934, 2.6204



32.4035, -1.0823, 0.3760

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



32.4035, -2.9941, 2.6209



32.4035, -2.6392, 0.5291



32.4035, -0.4476, 0.8827



32.4035, -0.8121, 2.9518

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32.4028, -2.9934, 2.6204



32.4035, -3.2350, 1.3924



32.4035, -0.4476, 0.8827



32.4035, -0.1984, 2.1308

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32.4035, -2.9941, 2.6209



43.1483, -2.8354, 2.7068



32.6365, -2.1776, 2.9023



21.6112, -1.3958, 1.3392



71.2094, -3.7996, 3.8689



21.6712, -1.1563, 1.1774

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32.4035, -2.9941, 2.6209



42.7605, -4.3928, 3.7589



32.4428, -2.7775, 2.0598



16.2845, -1.7287, 1.4694



33.2814, -28.5387, 20.0081



77.8815, -66.7833, 46.8209

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.9266, -0.4194, 0.8614



41.9631, -0.0877, 0.8170



31.8858, -0.6411, 1.4417



15.9595, 0.0257, 0.2705



21.0017, 41.2899, -27.6985



49.1459, 96.6221, -64.8168

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 32.4028, -2.9934, 2.6204 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 32.4028, -2.9934, 2.6204 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

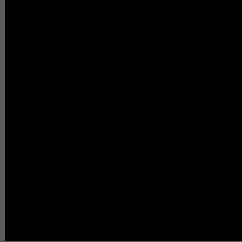
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

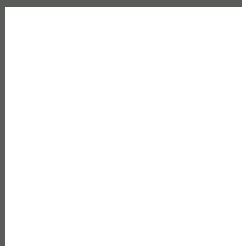
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 32.4028, -2.9934, 2.6204 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 32.4028, -2.9934, 2.6204.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 32.4028, -2.9934,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

32.4028, -2.9934, 2.6204

Protanopia

32.4252, -1.6020, 3.0704

Deuteranopia

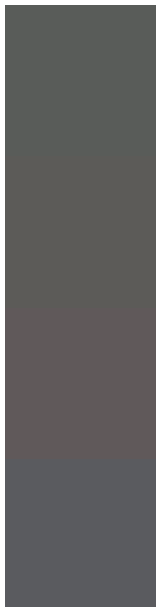
32.2908, 2.0354, 2.1725



Tritanopia

32.4618, -0.9288, -1.1187

Trichromacy



Original Color

32.4028, -2.9934, 2.6204

Protanomaly

32.3451, -1.8805, 2.9744

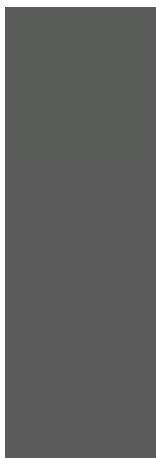
Deuteranomaly

32.2021, 0.4174, 2.0405

Tritanomaly

32.3760, -1.3972, 0.0990

Monochromacy



Original Color

32.4028, -2.9934, 2.6204

Achromatopsia

32.3445, -1.7258, 1.7573

Achromatomaly

32.2398, -2.1439, 2.0397

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 32.4028, -2.9934, 2.6204 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 92, 89)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 92, 89)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 92, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 92, 89) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 32.4028, -2.9934, 2.6204 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 92, 89) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 92, 89) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(89, 92, 89)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 92, 89); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 92, 89);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 92, 89)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 32.4028, -2.9934, 2.6204 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 92, 89) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 92,  
89) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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