

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(32.5214, 18.3588,  
1.3371)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(32.5214, 18.3588,  
1.3371) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(32.5089, 18.3212,  
1.4654)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	824B5D
RGB	130, 75, 93
RGB Percent	51%, 29%, 36%
CMY	0.4902, 0.7059, 0.6353
CMYK	0.00, 0.42, 0.28, 0.49
HSL	340°, 27%, 40%
HSV	340°, 42%, 51%
XYZ	13.6978, 10.5683, 11.6738
YIQ	93.4970, 27.0020, 17.2580

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

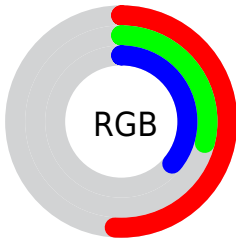
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	130, 75, 93
Decimal	8538973
CIE Lab	38.84, 25.75, -0.45
CIE LCh	39, 25.751, 358.991
Yxy	10.5688, 0.3811, 0.2941
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286729053 (0xFF824B5D)
YUV	93.4970, -0.2450, 32.0131
Hunter-Lab	32.5089, 18.3212, 1.4654

# Details

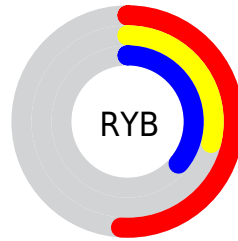
The HunterLab color **32.5089, 18.3212, 1.4654** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **43.1639, -18.4295, 5.2172**, and the grayscale version is **33.2640, -1.7749, 1.8073**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51.8081, 19.7913, 2.5309**, and **16.5718, 15.9903, 0.8696** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.7247, 23.2798, 1.8893**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35.6092, 13.2845, 1.3545**.

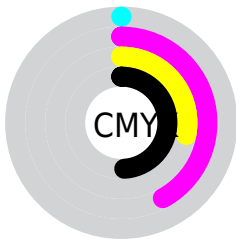
# Distribution



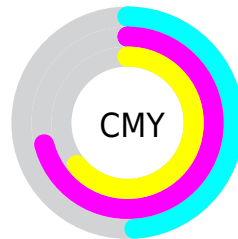
- Red (51%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (64%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 32.5089, 18.3212, 1.4654 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 32.5089, 18.3212, 1.4654 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



32.5089, 18.3212,  
1.4654

32.5089, 18.3212,  
1.4654

139.5295, 23.0597,  
7.1032

24.0368, 17.2795,  
1.0337

51.8266, 20.0098,  
2.4670

16.4632, 16.0888,  
0.6536

62.5531, 20.6895,  
3.0281

9.9119, 14.7503,  
0.3341

73.9318, 21.2747,  
3.6260

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

85.9274, 21.7748,  
4.2586

0.0000, NaN, NaN

98.5096, 22.1973,  
4.9240

0.0000, NaN, NaN

111.6522, 22.5488,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

125.3323, 22.8347,  
6.3476

■ 32.5089, 18.3212,  
1.4654

■ 32.5089, 18.3212,  
1.4654

■ 29.7247, 23.2798,  
1.8893

■ 35.6092, 13.2845,  
1.3545

■ 27.3089, 27.9779,  
2.6664

■ 38.9749, 8.2838,  
1.5058

■ 25.3184, 32.1378,  
3.8157

■ 42.5663, 3.3720,  
1.8739

■ 23.8001, 35.4239,  
5.3080

■ 46.3504, -1.4301,  
2.4196

■ 22.7751, 37.5362,  
7.0484

■ 50.3006, -6.1207,  
3.1108

■ 22.1741, 38.7453,  
8.3483

■ 54.3954, -10.7076,  
3.9220

■ 58.6175, -15.2024,  
4.8329

■ 62.9529, -19.6181,  
5.8278

■ 67.3901, -23.9673,  
6.8941

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.5097, 15.1995, -8.3611



32.5089, 18.3212, 1.4654



32.5097, 15.5798, 9.0313

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



32.5097, 18.3196, 1.4661



32.5097, -10.0192, 13.4786



32.5097, -10.5109, -16.6233

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32.5089, 18.3212, 1.4654



43.1639, -18.4295, 5.2172

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



32.5097, -16.0480, -7.6858



32.5089, 18.3212, 1.4654



32.5097, -15.7876, 9.4217

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



32.5097, 18.3196, 1.4661



32.5097, -1.4182, 14.6690



32.5097, -17.8667, 2.0702



32.5097, -2.0533, -20.4659



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32.5089, 18.3212, 1.4654



32.5097, 10.9567, 12.2315



32.5097, -17.8667, 2.0702



32.5097, -12.7386, -14.0102

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32.5097, 18.3196, 1.4661



56.0042, 5.1136, 2.4271



31.7291, 18.6525, -19.5861



26.2062, 3.0180, 1.1034



80.9895, -4.3214, 4.4003



29.8298, -1.5916, 1.6207



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32.5097, 18.3196, 1.4661



39.4981, 30.7972, 2.4955



34.0894, 11.8681, 9.6349



20.8942, 0.8648, 0.9701



21.7157, 37.9494, 8.1356

0.0000, NaN, NaN



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.5097, 18.3196, 1.4661



39.4981, 30.7972, 2.4955



40.9172, -11.6279, -5.5928



20.8942, 0.8648, 0.9701



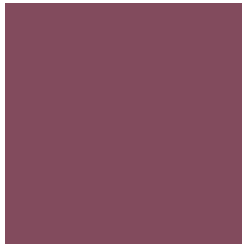
21.7157, 37.9494, 8.1356

0.0000, NaN, NaN



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 32.5089, 18.3212, 1.4654 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

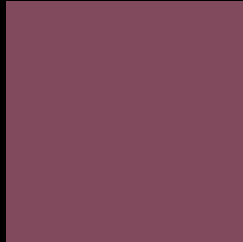
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 32.5089, 18.3212, 1.4654 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

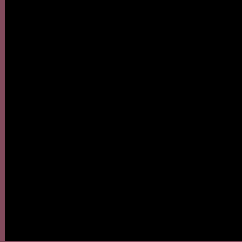
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 32.5089, 18.3212, 1.4654 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 32.5089, 18.3212, 1.4654.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 32.5089, 18.3212, 1.4654.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

32.5089, 18.3212, 1.4654

### Protanopia

32.6115, -0.1142, -3.2363

### Deuteranopia

32.6601, 2.0216, 2.1927



## Tritanopia

32.5567, 15.7732, 5.4340

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

32.5089, 18.3212, 1.4654

## Protanomaly

32.2508, 6.2496, -1.7191

## Deuteranomaly

32.4932, 7.8727, 1.6846

## Tritanomaly

32.4409, 16.7283, 3.8034

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

32.5089, 18.3212, 1.4654

## Achromatopsia

33.0850, -1.7653, 1.7976

## Achromatomaly

32.4192, 5.1946, 1.1280

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 32.5089, 18.3212, 1.4654 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(130, 75, 93)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(130, 75, 93)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 75, 93) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(130, 75, 93) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 32.5089, 18.3212, 1.4654 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(130, 75, 93) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(130, 75, 93) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 75, 93) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(130, 75, 93); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 75, 93);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 75,  
93) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 32.5089, 18.3212, 1.4654 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(130, 75, 93) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(130, 75,  
93) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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