

Converting Colors

HunterLab(32.5268, -7.2361,
5.5334)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(32.5268, -7.2361, 5.5334)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(32.5384, -7.0492,
5.3810)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	525F52
RGB	82, 95, 82
RGB Percent	32%, 37%, 32%
CMY	0.6784, 0.6274, 0.6784
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.14, 0.63
HSL	120°, 7%, 35%
HSV	120°, 14%, 37%
XYZ	9.0949, 10.5875, 9.5469
YIQ	89.6310, -3.5750, -6.7990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

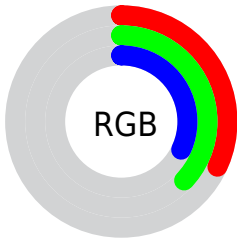
Format	Color
RYB	82, 95, 95
Decimal	5398354
CIELab	38.88, -7.84, 5.76
CIElCh	39, 9.734, 143.688
Yxy	10.5879, 0.3112, 0.3622
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283588434 (0xFF525F52)
YUV	89.6310, -3.7621, -6.6924
Hunter-Lab	32.5384, -7.0492, 5.3810

Details

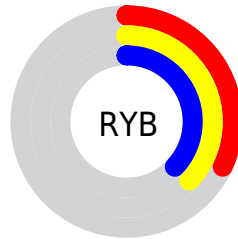
The HunterLab color $[32.5384, -7.0492, 5.3810]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[30.4860, 4.0449, -2.2005]$, and the grayscale version is $[31.8542, -1.6997, 1.7307]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[51.6863, -9.0094, 7.0595]$, and $[16.5031, -5.1368, 3.7911]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[31.7117, -10.5296, 7.7329]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[33.4642, -3.2676, 2.8260]$.

Distribution



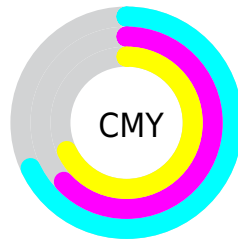
- Red (32%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (32%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (37%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (63%)



- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (68%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 32.5384, -7.0492, 5.3810 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 32.5384, -7.0492, 5.3810 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 32.5384, -7.0492,
5.3810

■ 32.5384, -7.0492,
5.3810

■ 139.5773,
-16.2669, 13.6930

■ 24.0634, -6.0531,
4.5296

■ 51.8610, -9.0305,
7.1105

■ 16.4867, -5.0344,
3.6742

■ 62.5896, -10.0278,
7.9962

■ 9.9317, -4.0333,
2.9699

■ 73.9705, -11.0346,
8.8989

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 85.9680, -12.0531,
9.8198

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 98.5521, -13.0847,
10.7594

0.0000, NaN, NaN

111.6965,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-14.1304, 11.7180

0.0000, NaN, NaN

125.3784,
-15.1910, 12.6959

■ 32.5384, -7.0492,
5.3810

■ 32.5384, -7.0492,
5.3810

■ 31.7117, -10.5296,
7.7329

■ 33.4642, -3.2676,
2.8260

■ 30.9847, -13.6689,
9.8546

■ 34.4837, 0.7782,
0.0931

■ 30.3596, -16.4338,
11.7235

■ 35.5933, 5.0492,
-2.7913

■ 29.8365, -18.7966,
13.3209

■ 36.7888, 9.5094,
-5.8028

■ 29.4141, -20.7394,
14.6345

■ 38.0654, 14.1260,
-8.9193

■ 29.0890, -22.2566,
15.6603

■ 39.4184, 18.8701,
-12.1210

■ 28.8558, -23.3570,
16.4045

■ 40.8433, 23.7167,
-15.3912

■ 28.6997, -24.0998,
16.9068

■ 42.3355, 28.6447,
-18.7155

■ 28.6092, -24.5324,
17.1993

■ 43.8906, 33.6364,
-22.0819

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.5391, -4.4311, 7.1666



32.5384, -7.0492, 5.3810



32.5391, -8.2389, 2.4760

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



32.5391, -7.0499, 5.3814



32.5391, -2.4839, -5.3545



32.5391, 4.7416, 4.2698

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32.5384, -7.0492, 5.3810



30.4860, 4.0449, -2.2005

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



32.5391, 5.3172, 1.0503



32.5384, -7.0492, 5.3810



32.5391, 1.0458, -4.7430

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



32.5391, -7.0499, 5.3814



32.5391, -5.6765, -3.8983



32.5391, 3.9382, -2.3069



32.5391, 2.3973, 6.5745

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32.5384, -7.0492, 5.3810



32.5391, -8.0987, 0.1993



32.5391, 3.9382, -2.3069



32.5391, 5.1524, 3.2684

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32.5391, -7.0499, 5.3814



43.7386, -4.4980, 3.8482



33.5068, -3.5796, 6.4586



21.3765, -2.3392, 1.9765



71.2094, -3.7996, 3.8689



21.6712, -1.1563, 1.1774

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32.5391, -7.0499, 5.3814



42.2679, -10.5379, 7.9290



32.6981, -6.1552, 3.1015



16.9014, -2.7042, 2.1440



34.1065, -29.2463, 20.5042



78.8313, -67.5978, 47.3920

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.4860, 4.0449, -2.2005



39.0459, 6.8827, -3.9758



30.2996, 3.0551, 0.4439



16.2129, 1.0139, -0.3969



21.5225, 42.3139, -28.3866



49.7455, 97.8013, -65.6107

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 32.5384, -7.0492, 5.3810 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 32.5384, -7.0492, 5.3810 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

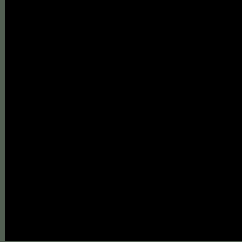
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 32.5384, -7.0492, 5.3810 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 32.5384, -7.0492, 5.3810.

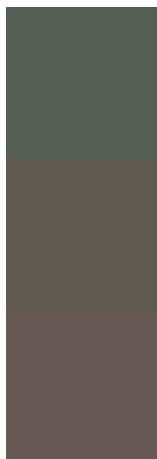


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 32.5384, -7.0492, 5.3810.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

32.5384, -7.0492, 5.3810

Protanopia

32.4779, -1.8049, 6.1263

Deuteranopia

32.3845, 1.9990, 5.0075



Tritanopia

32.4125, -2.3460, -2.1230

Trichromacy



Original Color

32.5384, -7.0492, 5.3810

Protanomaly

32.3613, -3.5326, 5.6167

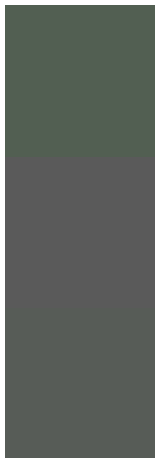
Deuteranomaly

32.4648, -1.7111, 5.0290

Tritanomaly

32.4096, -4.1394, 0.9531

Monochromacy



Original Color

32.5384, -7.0492, 5.3810

Achromatopsia

31.9753, -1.7061, 1.7373

Achromatomaly

32.2004, -3.8106, 3.1725

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 32.5384, -7.0492, 5.3810 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 95, 82)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 95, 82)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 95, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 95, 82) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 32.5384, -7.0492, 5.3810 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 95, 82) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 95, 82) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(82, 95, 82)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 95, 82); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 95, 82);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 95, 82)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 32.5384, -7.0492, 5.3810 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 95, 82) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 95,  
82) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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