

Converting Colors

HunterLab(32.6480, -6.7307,
0.2474)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(32.6480, -6.7307, 0.2474)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(32.7543, -7.0256,
0.4626)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4C605F
RGB	76, 96, 95
RGB Percent	30%, 38%, 37%
CMY	0.7020, 0.6235, 0.6274
CMYK	0.21, 0.00, 0.01, 0.62
HSL	177°, 12%, 34%
HSV	177°, 21%, 38%
XYZ	9.2289, 10.7284, 12.4108
YIQ	89.9060, -11.5990, -4.5510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

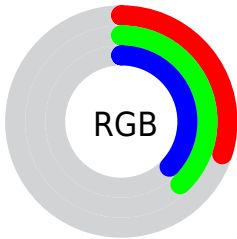
Format	Color
R_{YB}	76, 86, 96
Decimal	5005407
CIE Lab	39.12, -7.77, -1.94
CIE LCh	39, 8.009, 193.999
Yxy	10.7289, 0.2851, 0.3315
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283195487 (0xFF4C605F)
YUV	89.9060, 2.5113, -12.1956
Hunter-Lab	32.7543, -7.0256, 0.4626

Details

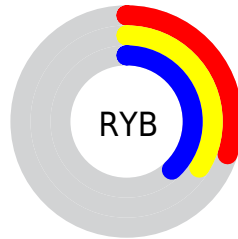
The HunterLab color $[32.7543, -7.0256, 0.4626]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[28.6213, 4.4721, 3.1691]$, and the grayscale version is $[31.9353, -1.7040, 1.7351]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[52.2224, -9.3485, 1.6020]$, and $[16.7160, -5.1194, -0.0956]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[32.1805, -9.1638, -0.0678]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[33.4076, -4.6492, 1.0858]$.

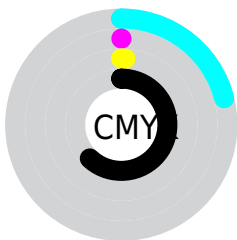
Distribution



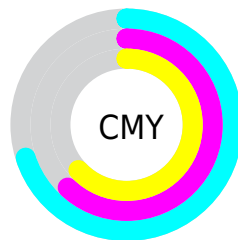
- Red (30%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (62%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 32.7543, -7.0256, 0.4626 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 32.7543, -7.0256, 0.4626 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 32.7543, -7.0256,
0.4626

■ 32.7543, -7.0256,
0.4626

■ 139.9278,
-16.2123, 5.5019

■ 24.2587, -6.0348,
0.1210

■ 52.1131, -8.9978,
1.3041

■ 16.6589, -5.0229,
-0.1589

■ 62.8580, -9.9912,
1.7931

■ 10.0773, -3.9974,
-0.3642

■ 74.2542, -10.9945,
2.3228

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 86.2663, -12.0097,
2.8905

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 98.8643, -13.0383,
3.4941

0.0000, NaN, NaN

112.0220,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-14.0812, 4.1316

0.0000, NaN, NaN

125.7166,
-15.1390, 4.8013

■ 32.7543, -7.0256,
0.4626

■ 32.7543, -7.0256,
0.4626

■ 32.1805, -9.1638,
-0.0678

■ 33.4076, -4.6492,
1.0858

■ 31.6843, -11.0473,
-0.5032

■ 34.1374, -2.0510,
1.7953

■ 31.2658, -12.6660,
-0.8411

■ 34.9429, 0.7487,
2.5860

■ 30.9230, -14.0146,
-1.0814

■ 35.8220, 3.7293,
3.4514

■ 30.6532, -15.0938,
-1.2262

■ 36.7722, 6.8699,
4.3850

■ 30.4522, -15.9120,
-1.2800

■ 37.7908, 10.1504,
5.3800

■ 30.3138, -16.4874,
-1.2504

■ 38.8749, 13.5520,
6.4301

■ 30.2073, -16.9360,
-1.1965

■ 40.0214, 17.0572,
7.5292

■ 41.2272, 20.6503,
8.6715

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.7550, -6.9786, 3.2226



32.7543, -7.0256, 0.4626



32.7550, -5.6950, -2.1524

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



32.7550, -7.0261, 0.4631



32.7550, 2.2466, -2.3006



32.7550, -0.1859, 6.5169

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32.7543, -7.0256, 0.4626



28.6213, 4.4721, 3.1691

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



32.7550, 2.3921, 5.2835



32.7543, -7.0256, 0.4626



32.7550, 3.8297, 0.2748

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



32.7550, -7.0261, 0.4631



32.7550, -0.3788, -3.8402



32.7550, 3.8839, 3.0501



32.7550, -3.0980, 6.5577

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32.7543, -7.0256, 0.4626



32.7550, -4.1769, -3.3953



32.7550, 3.8839, 3.0501



32.7550, 0.7508, 6.2332

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32.7550, -7.0261, 0.4631



44.6517, -4.5886, 1.8600



32.3723, -9.3680, 7.2605



22.2308, -2.3536, 0.9085



72.2857, -3.8570, 3.9274



22.5557, -1.2035, 1.2255

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32.7550, -7.0261, 0.4631



42.9637, -10.7339, 0.2512



30.4169, -3.1871, -2.8850



17.0082, -2.1095, 0.6172



35.6164, -19.9886, -1.3677



82.2973, -46.3436, -2.8219

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.6213, 4.4721, 3.1691



36.2517, 7.9833, 4.6631



30.7467, 0.4809, 5.7691



16.1002, 0.4072, 1.2081



18.6284, 31.9679, 11.5250



43.0109, 73.7191, 27.3142

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 32.7543, -7.0256, 0.4626 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 32.7543, -7.0256, 0.4626 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

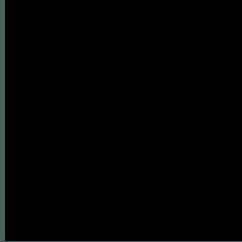
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 32.7543, -7.0256, 0.4626 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 32.7543, -7.0256, 0.4626.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 32.7543, -7.0256,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

32.7543, -7.0256, 0.4626

Protanopia

32.5300, -1.0288, 1.5724

Deuteranopia

32.6220, 2.1669, 0.0265



Tritanopia

32.7437, -5.2346, -2.6767

Trichromacy



Original Color

32.7543, -7.0256, 0.4626

Protanomaly

32.6271, -3.3696, 1.2268

Deuteranomaly

32.7459, -1.4165, 0.1163

Tritanomaly

32.6543, -5.7345, -1.4120

Monochromacy



Original Color

32.7543, -7.0256, 0.4626

Achromatopsia

31.9753, -1.7061, 1.7373

Achromatomaly

32.1843, -3.6048, 1.1160

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 32.7543, -7.0256, 0.4626 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(76, 96, 95)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(76, 96, 95)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 96, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(76, 96, 95) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 32.7543, -7.0256, 0.4626 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(76, 96, 95) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(76, 96, 95) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(76, 96, 95)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(76, 96, 95); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 96, 95);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 96, 95)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 32.7543, -7.0256, 0.4626 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(76, 96, 95) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(76, 96,  
95) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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