

Converting Colors

HunterLab(32.7726, -4.8696,
2.4406)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(32.7726, -4.8696, 2.4406)
contains.

HunterLab(32.6724, -4.7591, 2.4962)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(32.6724, -4.7591,
2.4962)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	555E5A
RGB	85, 94, 90
RGB Percent	33%, 37%, 35%
CMY	0.6667, 0.6314, 0.6471
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.04, 0.63
HSL	153°, 5%, 35%
HSV	153°, 10%, 37%
XYZ	9.5944, 10.6749, 11.2276
YIQ	90.8530, -4.0800, -3.1520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

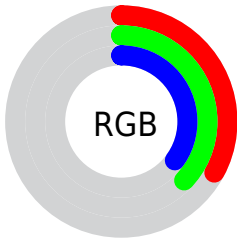
Format	Color
R_{YB}	85, 91, 94
Decimal	5594714
CIE Lab	39.03, -4.38, 1.09
CIE LCh	39, 4.514, 166.035
Yxy	10.6753, 0.3046, 0.3389
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283784794 (0xFF555E5A)
YUV	90.8530, -0.4205, -5.1331
Hunter-Lab	32.6724, -4.7591, 2.4962

Details

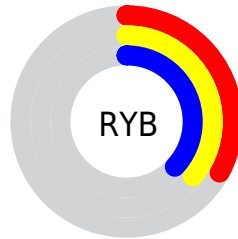
The HunterLab color $[32.6724, -4.7591, 2.4962]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[30.9810, 1.4872, 1.0281]$, and the grayscale version is $[32.2933, -1.7231, 1.7546]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[51.9527, -6.0576, 3.5920]$, and $[16.5966, -3.1706, 1.3023]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[31.9296, -7.6635, 3.2623]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[33.4934, -1.6494, 1.7890]$.

Distribution



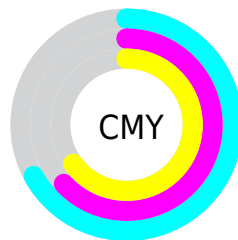
- Red (33%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (37%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (63%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 32.6724, -4.7591, 2.4962 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 32.6724, -4.7591, 2.4962 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 32.6724, -4.7591,
2.4962

■ 32.6724, -4.7591,
2.4962

139.7949,
-12.4174, 8.7837

■ 24.1846, -4.0075,
1.9644

■ 52.0175, -6.3159,
3.6727

■ 16.5935, -3.2661,
1.4725

■ 62.7563, -7.1239,
4.3124

■ 10.0220, -2.5235,
1.0232

■ 74.1466, -7.9529,
4.9844

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 86.1532, -8.8033,
5.6872

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 98.7459, -9.6751,
6.4196

0.0000, NaN, NaN

111.8986,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-10.5682, 7.1805

0.0000, NaN, NaN

125.5884,
-11.4824, 7.9689

■ 32.6724, -4.7591,
2.4962

■ 32.6724, -4.7591,
2.4962

■ 31.9296, -7.6635,
3.2623

■ 33.4934, -1.6494,
1.7890

■ 31.2646, -10.3368,
4.0808

■ 34.3883, 1.6434,
1.1426

■ 30.6793, -12.7581,
4.9456

■ 35.3552, 5.0947,
0.5596

■ 30.1737, -14.9090,
5.8485

■ 36.3909, 8.6819,
0.0405

■ 29.7470, -16.7756,
6.7800

■ 37.4925, 12.3838,
-0.4149

■ 29.3973, -18.3507,
7.7292

■ 38.6566, 16.1815,
-0.8080

■ 29.1212, -19.6347,
8.6843

■ 39.8800, 20.0582,
-1.1406

■ 28.9139, -20.6371,
9.6328

■ 41.1596, 23.9991,
-1.4152

■ 28.7399, -21.4978,
10.5353

■ 42.4922, 27.9918,
-1.6345

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.6731, -3.9918, 3.8001



32.6724, -4.7591, 2.4962



32.6731, -4.7313, 0.9360

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



32.6731, -4.7598, 2.4967



32.6731, -0.8664, -1.2491



32.6731, 0.4810, 3.8719

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32.6724, -4.7591, 2.4962



30.9810, 1.4872, 1.0281

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



32.6731, 1.3523, 2.5991



32.6724, -4.7591, 2.4962



32.6731, 0.5640, -0.3812

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



32.6731, -4.7598, 2.4967



32.6731, -2.5053, -1.2799



32.6731, 1.3830, 1.0436



32.6731, -0.9779, 4.5671

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32.6724, -4.7591, 2.4962



32.6731, -4.2650, -0.0425



32.6731, 1.3830, 1.0436



32.6731, 0.8536, 3.5003

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32.6731, -4.7598, 2.4967



43.9261, -3.6593, 2.6876



32.8452, -4.3975, 4.6479



21.4675, -1.9225, 1.3449



71.2094, -3.7996, 3.8689



21.6712, -1.1563, 1.1774

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32.6731, -4.7598, 2.4967



43.0526, -6.9975, 3.4771



32.6581, -3.9710, 0.8280



16.1394, -2.2317, 1.2030



33.7822, -25.4186, 12.6466



78.9390, -60.1901, 31.2662

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.9810, 1.4872, 1.0281



40.4060, 2.7755, 1.1813



30.9901, 0.7175, 2.6657



15.3718, 0.6018, 0.5367



18.7408, 33.2660, 3.0266



43.6567, 77.1197, 9.9446

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 32.6724, -4.7591, 2.4962 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 32.6724, -4.7591, 2.4962 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

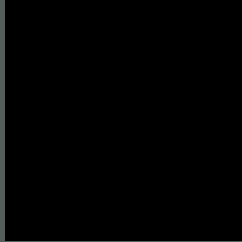
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 32.6724, -4.7591, 2.4962 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 32.6724, -4.7591, 2.4962.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 32.6724, -4.7591,

2.4962.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

32.6724, -4.7591, 2.4962

Protanopia

32.5317, -1.1811, 2.8001

Deuteranopia

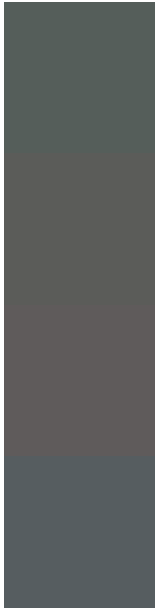
32.6601, 2.0216, 2.1927



Tritanopia

32.8254, -2.2767, -1.5900

Trichromacy



Original Color

32.6724, -4.7591, 2.4962

Protanomaly

32.5572, -2.4517, 2.8071

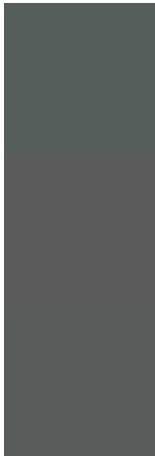
Deuteranomaly

32.6656, -0.6145, 2.1530

Tritanomaly

32.6369, -3.1688, -0.0485

Monochromacy



Original Color

32.6724, -4.7591, 2.4962

Achromatopsia

32.3445, -1.7258, 1.7573

Achromatomaly

32.4553, -2.7039, 1.8705

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 32.6724, -4.7591, 2.4962 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(85, 94, 90)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(85, 94, 90)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(85, 94, 90) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(85, 94, 90) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 32.6724, -4.7591, 2.4962 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(85, 94, 90) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(85, 94, 90) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(85, 94, 90)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(85, 94, 90); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 94, 90);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 94, 90)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 32.6724, -4.7591, 2.4962 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(85, 94, 90) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(85, 94,  
90) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor