

Converting Colors

HunterLab(32.8712, -0.5134,
-4.8484)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(32.8712, -0.5134,
-4.8484) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(32.8490, -0.3992,
-4.8720)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	585C6B
RGB	88, 92, 107
RGB Percent	35%, 36%, 42%
CMY	0.6549, 0.6392, 0.5804
CMYK	0.18, 0.14, 0.00, 0.58
HSL	227°, 10%, 38%
HSV	227°, 18%, 42%
XYZ	10.5055, 10.7906, 15.4390
YIQ	92.5140, -7.1990, 3.8170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

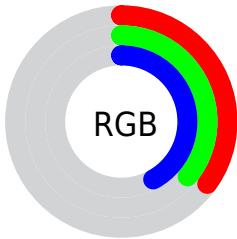
Format	Color
R_{YB}	88, 91, 107
Decimal	5790827
CIE Lab	39.23, 1.91, -9.07
CIE LCh	39, 9.274, 281.906
Yxy	10.7910, 0.2860, 0.2937
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283980907 (0xFF585C6B)
YUV	92.5140, 7.1416, -3.9588
Hunter-Lab	32.8490, -0.3992, -4.8720

Details

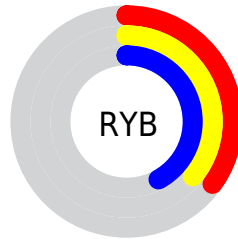
The HunterLab color $32.8490, -0.3992, -4.8720$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $36.7844, -2.8648, 7.7345$, and the grayscale version is $32.8818, -1.7545, 1.7865$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $52.1708, -1.2263, -4.6360$, and $16.6508, 0.3145, -4.9567$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $29.8726, 0.7527, -9.1877$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $35.9140, -1.3816, -0.8582$.

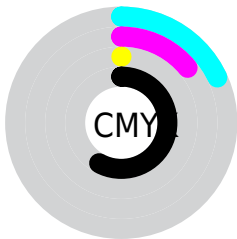
Distribution



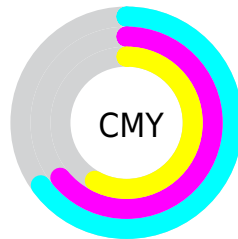
- Red (35%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 32.8490, -0.3992, -4.8720 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 32.8490, -0.3992, -4.8720 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 32.8490, -0.3992,
-4.8720

■ 32.8490, -0.3992,
-4.8720

■ 140.0814, -5.2959,
-2.5680

■ 24.3444, -0.0721,
-4.8251

■ 52.2236, -1.2115,
-4.7405

■ 16.7345, 0.1931,
-4.6911

■ 62.9757, -1.6854,
-4.5790

■ 10.1413, 0.3827,
-4.4603

■ 74.3786, -2.1997,
-4.3614

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 86.3971, -2.7516,
-4.0922

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 99.0011, -3.3390,
-3.7753

0.0000, NaN, NaN

112.1646, -3.9599,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-3.4139

0.0000, NaN, NaN

125.8648, -4.6127,
-3.0107

■ 32.8490, -0.3992,
-4.8720

■ 32.8490, -0.3992,
-4.8720

■ 29.8726, 0.7527,
-9.1877

■ 35.9140, -1.3816,
-0.8582

■ 26.9957, 2.1160,
-13.8787

■ 39.0556, -2.2243,
2.9101

■ 24.2357, 3.7404,
-19.0302

■ 42.2664, -2.9529,
6.4800

■ 21.6145, 5.6868,
-24.7381

■ 45.5400, -3.5868,
9.8888

■ 19.1615, 8.0232,
-31.0932

■ 48.8712, -4.1417,
13.1661

■ 16.9160, 10.8112,
-38.1417

■ 52.2555, -4.6300,
16.3359

■ 14.9287, 14.0706,
-45.7995

■ 55.6891, -5.0616,
19.4172

■ 13.2215, 17.6271,
-53.9222

■ 59.1690, -5.4447,
22.4258

■ 12.8683, 18.4155,
-55.8381

■ 62.6923, -5.7859,
25.3742

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.8497, -3.7532, -4.6642



32.8490, -0.3992, -4.8720



32.8497, 2.7105, -3.1660

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



32.8497, -0.3998, -4.8714



32.8497, 3.2353, 5.6635



32.8497, -7.7199, 3.6549

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32.8490, -0.3992, -4.8720



36.7844, -2.8648, 7.7345

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



32.8497, -5.9931, 6.0736



32.8490, -0.3992, -4.8720



32.8497, 0.2931, 7.1498

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



32.8497, -0.3998, -4.8714



32.8497, 4.8654, 3.0410



32.8497, -3.0877, 7.2919



32.8497, -7.8885, 0.4838

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32.8490, -0.3992, -4.8720



32.8497, 4.1917, -1.2658



32.8497, -3.0877, 7.2919



32.8497, -7.3058, 4.5744

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32.8497, -0.3998, -4.8714



49.1478, -2.1601, 0.1991



36.8338, -7.6397, 1.9569



24.0706, -1.0321, -0.0358



75.5302, -4.0301, 4.1037



25.2436, -1.3469, 1.3715

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32.8497, -0.3998, -4.8714



42.4143, 0.0271, -8.6819



32.2312, 2.8363, -5.6776



17.6606, -0.6316, -0.6602



14.0499, 20.7667, -62.3904



29.9941, 52.6019, -151.0424

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.9822, 4.4391, 2.1988



42.6688, 7.8704, 3.0448



37.4468, -6.1594, 8.3483



17.6812, 0.5904, 1.0415



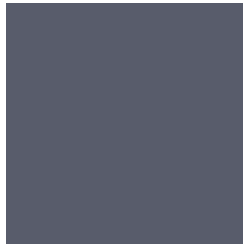
19.6765, 34.0467, 9.9999



44.2950, 76.4071, 24.3540

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 32.8490, -0.3992, -4.8720 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 32.8490, -0.3992, -4.8720 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

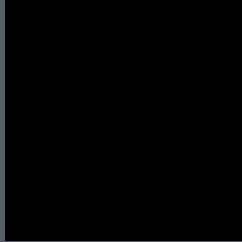
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

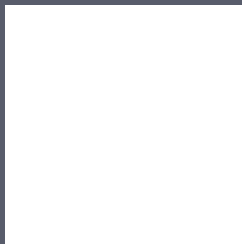
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 32.8490, -0.3992, -4.8720 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 32.8490, -0.3992, -4.8720.



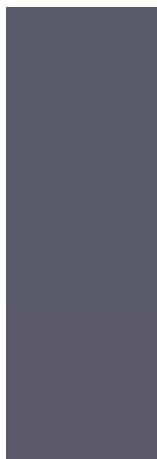
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 32.8490, -0.3992, -4.8720.

-4.8720.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

32.8490, -0.3992, -4.8720

Protanopia

32.9992, 0.1161, -4.6561

Deuteranopia

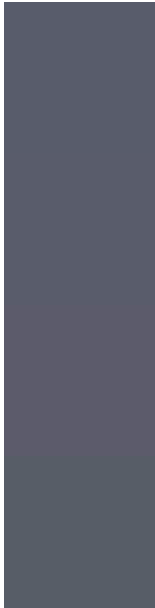
32.7926, 2.0870, -4.9064



Tritanopia

32.8254, -2.2767, -1.5900

Trichromacy



Original Color

32.8490, -0.3992, -4.8720

Protanomaly

32.9237, -0.1427, -4.7645

Deuteranomaly

32.8923, 1.0945, -4.7861

Tritanomaly

32.9154, -1.7829, -2.8630

Monochromacy



Original Color

32.8490, -0.3992, -4.8720

Achromatopsia

33.0850, -1.7653, 1.7976

Achromatomaly

33.0676, -1.5489, -0.3695

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 32.8490, -0.3992, -4.8720 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(88, 92, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(88, 92, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(88, 92, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(88, 92, 107) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 32.8490, -0.3992, -4.8720 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(88, 92, 107) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(88, 92, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(88, 92, 107)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(88, 92, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 92, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 92,  
107) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 32.8490, -0.3992, -4.8720 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(88, 92, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(88, 92,  
107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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