

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(32.8761, 9.4902,  
-18.9151)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(32.8761, 9.4902,  
-18.9151) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(32.8760, 9.3394,  
-18.9472)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	605684
RGB	96, 86, 132
RGB Percent	38%, 34%, 52%
CMY	0.6235, 0.6627, 0.4824
CMYK	0.27, 0.35, 0.00, 0.48
HSL	253°, 21%, 43%
HSV	253°, 35%, 52%
XYZ	12.3165, 10.8083, 23.2668
YIQ	94.2340, -8.8060, 16.4260

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

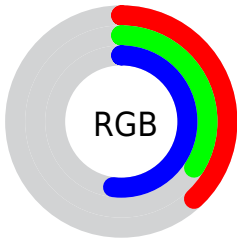
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	96, 86, 132
Decimal	6313604
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	39.26, 14.85, -24.30
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	39, 28.477, 301.424
Yxy	10.8087, 0.2655, 0.2330
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284503684 (0xFF605684)
<b>YUV</b>	94.2340, 18.6186, 1.5488
Hunter-Lab	32.8760, 9.3394, -18.9472

# Details

The HunterLab color  $32.8760, 9.3394, -18.9472$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666699$ . A complement of this color would be  $46.1651, -11.3563, 16.9403$ , and the grayscale version is  $33.4792, -1.7864, 1.8190$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $52.3517, 9.9024, -19.5498$ , and  $16.8031, 8.1453, -17.6702$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $28.9274, 13.1937, -26.6871$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $37.0304, 5.7153, -12.0342$ .

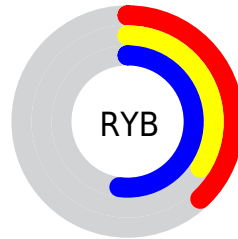
# Distribution



Red (38%)

Green (34%)

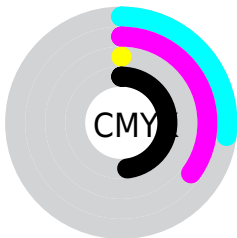
Blue (52%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (34%)

Blue (52%)

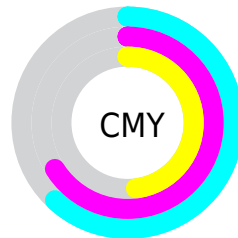


Cyan (27%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (48%)



Cyan (62%)

Magenta (66%)

Yellow (48%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 32.8760, 9.3394, -18.9472 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 32.8760, 9.3394, -18.9472 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 32.8760, 9.3394,  
-18.9472

■ 32.8760, 9.3394,  
-18.9472

■ 140.1252, 9.8326,  
-21.3427

■ 24.3688, 8.8754,  
-18.4244

■ 52.2551, 9.9482,  
-19.8807

■ 16.7560, 8.2779,  
-17.9383

■ 63.0092, 10.1222,  
-20.2628

■ 10.1595, 7.5152,  
-17.6945

■ 74.4140, 10.2226,  
-20.5843

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 86.4343, 10.2566,  
-20.8461

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 99.0401, 10.2301,  
-21.0504

0.0000, NaN, NaN

112.2053, 10.1480,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-21.1995

0.0000, NaN, NaN

125.9070, 10.0144,  
-21.2962

■ 32.8760, 9.3394,  
-18.9472

■ 32.8760, 9.3394,  
-18.9472

■ 28.9274, 13.1937,  
-26.6871

■ 37.0304, 5.7153,  
-12.0342

■ 25.2304, 17.3149,  
-35.4490

■ 41.3543, 2.2787,  
-5.7755

■ 21.8533, 21.6969,  
-45.3810

■ 45.8231, -1.0111,  
-0.0272

■ 18.8895, 26.2161,  
-56.4210

■ 50.4180, -4.1874,  
5.3226

■ 16.4608, 30.4977,  
-67.9522

■ 55.1242, -7.2770,  
10.3603

■ 14.6766, 33.8992,  
-78.5510

■ 59.9306, -10.3009,  
15.1520

■ 13.8664, 35.7606,  
-84.1705

■ 64.8279, -13.2756,  
19.7491

■ 69.8085, -16.2137,  
24.1912

■ 74.8664, -19.1254,  
28.5094

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.8766, -1.2573, -23.4889



32.8760, 9.3394, -18.9472



32.8766, 17.7236, -8.6778

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



32.8766, 9.3390, -18.9464



32.8766, 8.3718, 14.5000



32.8766, -19.4617, 1.3131

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32.8760, 9.3394, -18.9472



46.1651, -11.3563, 16.9403

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



32.8766, -17.5458, 9.6537



32.8760, 9.3394, -18.9472



32.8766, -2.2517, 15.6970

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



32.8766, 9.3390, -18.9464



32.8766, 17.1182, 10.2464



32.8766, -11.5504, 14.2402



32.8766, -17.1463, -9.7601



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32.8760, 9.3394, -18.9472



32.8766, 20.4589, -1.1770



32.8766, -11.5504, 14.2402



32.8766, -19.2929, 4.5031

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32.8766, 9.3390, -18.9464



57.6061, 0.9841, -4.0633



41.9189, -9.6271, -5.2146



27.4524, 0.7292, -2.4066



82.0889, -4.3801, 4.4600



30.7619, -1.6414, 1.6714



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32.8766, 9.3390, -18.9464



39.3699, 16.5077, -33.3609



34.9878, 15.7883, -15.1570



21.4238, 0.1867, -1.1885



13.6520, 35.1946, -82.7671



0.9574, 2.2232, -3.9061



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.0092, 18.0648, -7.8118



44.6737, 30.3828, -13.2432



44.5300, -17.4766, 15.4103



21.7852, 1.3339, -0.1050



23.8845, 44.9009, -15.5576



1.4432, 2.7746, -1.4164



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 32.8760, 9.3394, -18.9472 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 32.8760, 9.3394, -18.9472 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

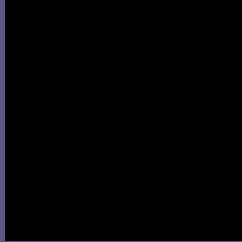
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 32.8760, 9.3394, -18.9472 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 32.8760, 9.3394, -18.9472.



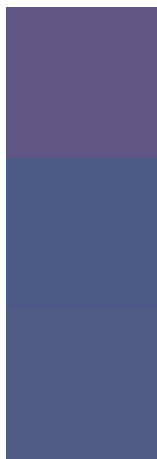
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 32.8760, 9.3394, -18.9472.

-18.9472.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

32.8760, 9.3394, -18.9472

### Protanopia

32.9204, 3.3648, -21.6058

### Deuteranopia

33.0987, 2.1997, -18.0305



## Tritanopia

33.0491, -1.4974, -1.2909

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

32.8760, 9.3394, -18.9472

## Protanomaly

32.8312, 5.6229, -21.0656

## Deuteranomaly

32.9884, 4.4926, -18.1870

## Tritanomaly

32.7986, 2.4374, -7.4576

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

32.8760, 9.3394, -18.9472

## Achromatopsia

33.4563, -1.7851, 1.8177

## Achromatomaly

33.1629, 2.0725, -4.8936

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 32.8760, 9.3394, -18.9472 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(96, 86, 132) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(96, 86, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 86, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(96, 86, 132) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 32.8760, 9.3394, -18.9472 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(96, 86, 132) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(96, 86, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(96, 86, 132)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(96, 86, 132); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 86, 132);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 86,  
132) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 32.8760, 9.3394, -18.9472 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(96, 86, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(96, 86,  
132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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