

Converting Colors

HunterLab(32.9534, -9.8784,
-27.3634)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(32.9534, -9.8784,
-27.3634) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(33.6467, -7.4870,
-25.8931)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	006590
RGB	0, 101, 144
RGB Percent	0%, 40%, 56%
CMY	0.9999, 0.6039, 0.4353
CMYK	1.00, 0.30, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	198°, 100%, 28%
HSV	198°, 100%, 56%
XYZ	9.6877, 11.3210, 28.0602
YIQ	75.7030, -73.9990, -8.0390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

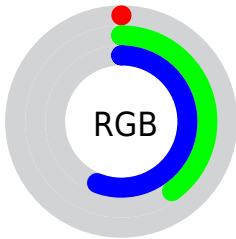
Format	Color
RYB	0, 59, 144
Decimal	26000
CIELab	40.12, -8.32, -30.52
CIELCh	40, 31.635, 254.755
Yxy	11.3214, 0.1974, 0.2307
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278216080 (0xFF006590)
YUV	75.7030, 33.6704, -66.3915
Hunter-Lab	33.6467, -7.4870, -25.8931

Details

The HunterLab color **33.6467, -7.4870, -25.8931** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006699**. A complement of this color would be **27.6744, 31.3339, 17.6000**, and the grayscale version is **26.6819, -1.4237, 1.4497**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **53.2236, -9.6291, -26.8880**, and **18.7688, -1.0618, -21.1673** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33.6452, -7.4845, -25.8966**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35.0359, -8.8154, -23.2171**.

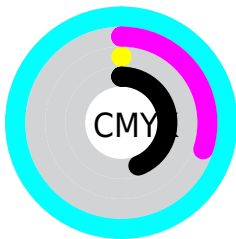
Distribution



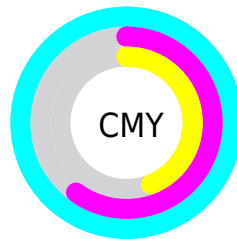
- Red (0%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 33.6467, -7.4870, -25.8931 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 33.6467, -7.4870, -25.8931 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

33.6467, -7.4870,
-25.8931

33.6467, -7.4870,
-25.8931

141.3716,
-16.9296, -29.6574

25.0668, -6.4577,
-25.3401

53.1535, -9.5259,
-27.0482

17.3729, -5.4049,
-24.9504

63.9651, -10.5502,
-27.5777

10.6828, -4.2989,
-25.0963

75.4241, -11.5828,
-28.0576

1.1360, -1.9880,
-140.0335

87.4959, -12.6260,
-28.4842

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

100.1508,
-13.6813, -28.8566

0.0000, NaN, NaN

113.3630,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-14.7498, -29.1753

0.0000, NaN, NaN

127.1099,
-15.8324, -29.4417

■ 33.6467, -7.4870,
-25.8931

■ 33.6467, -7.4870,
-25.8931

■ 33.6452, -7.4845,
-25.8966

■ 35.0359, -8.8154,
-23.2171

■ 36.5219, -9.8144,
-20.5022

■ 38.1377, -10.3603,
-17.7014

■ 39.8833, -10.4518,
-14.8319

■ 41.7558, -10.1045,
-11.9131

■ 43.7499, -9.3441,
-8.9632

■ 45.8596, -8.2016,
-5.9983

■ 48.0781, -6.7106,
-3.0310

■ 50.3986, -4.9042,
-0.0713

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



33.6473, -16.2712, -16.8886



33.6467, -7.4870, -25.8931



33.6473, 4.0994, -25.9742

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.6473, -7.4866, -25.8924



33.6473, 22.7174, 6.8186



33.6473, -16.1595, 13.7208

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.6467, -7.4870, -25.8931



27.6744, 31.3339, 17.6000

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



33.6473, -7.3136, 16.6076



33.6467, -7.4870, -25.8931



33.6473, 15.6315, 13.6446

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33.6473, -7.4866, -25.8924



33.6473, 22.6545, -4.2667



33.6473, 4.2974, 16.5855



33.6473, -20.7950, 6.9663

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.6467, -7.4870, -25.8931



33.6473, 11.9469, -20.7980



33.6473, 4.2974, 16.5855



33.6473, -13.6372, 15.0556

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.6473, -7.4866, -25.8924



60.7234, -11.0021, -8.2146



44.8394, -37.1845, 24.2272



28.5653, -5.5650, -4.6467



85.4018, -4.5568, 4.6400



33.5864, -1.7921, 1.8248

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.6473, -7.4866, -25.8924



44.3454, -9.4346, -35.0613



17.3353, 26.6054, -79.0966



24.1828, -2.2679, 0.0806



31.4637, -7.0842, -24.0341



3.6502, -1.4904, -1.3451

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.2096, 48.4650, -10.8534



34.7629, 64.2117, -13.8096



42.0669, 0.1527, 25.9232



23.4178, 1.3884, 0.0890



24.4657, 45.2594, -10.2461



2.4723, 4.7095, -2.0890

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 33.6467, -7.4870, -25.8931 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 33.6467, -7.4870, -25.8931 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 33.6467, -7.4870, -25.8931 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 33.6467, -7.4870, -25.8931.

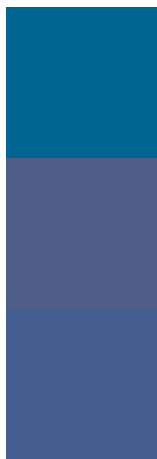


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 33.6467, -7.4870, -25.8931.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

33.6467, -7.4870, -25.8931

Protanopia

33.6754, 3.2865, -20.8606

Deuteranopia

33.6837, 2.7651, -27.0629



Tritanopia

33.6086, -16.1550, -7.1340

Trichromacy



Original Color

33.6467, -7.4870, -25.8931

Protanomaly

33.1104, -2.5139, -24.0699

Deuteranomaly

33.3604, -2.6044, -27.0982

Tritanomaly

33.6985, -13.4797, -13.0213

Monochromacy



Original Color

33.6467, -7.4870, -25.8931

Achromatopsia

26.8834, -1.4344, 1.4606

Achromatomaly

28.3989, -6.8539, -8.3250

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 33.6467, -7.4870, -25.8931 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 101, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 101, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 101, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 101, 144) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 33.6467, -7.4870, -25.8931 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 101, 144) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 101, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 101, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 101, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 101, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 101,  
144) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 33.6467, -7.4870, -25.8931 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 101, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 101,  
144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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