

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(32.9755, 15.0464,  
2.1648)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(32.9755, 15.0464,  
2.1648) contains.

<b>HunterLab(32.8906, 15.0339, 1.8622)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(32.8906, 15.0339,  
1.8622)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	7E4F5D
RGB	126, 79, 93
RGB Percent	49%, 31%, 36%
CMY	0.5059, 0.6902, 0.6353
CMYK	0.00, 0.37, 0.26, 0.51
HSL	342°, 23%, 40%
HSV	342°, 37%, 49%
XYZ	13.3760, 10.8179, 11.7390
YIQ	94.6490, 23.5180, 14.3180

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

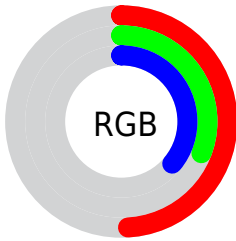
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	126, 79, 93
Decimal	8277853
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	39.27, 21.83, 0.11
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	39, 21.832, 0.285
Yxy	10.8184, 0.3722, 0.3011
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286467933 (0xFF7E4F5D)
YUV	94.6490, -0.8130, 27.4948
Hunter-Lab	32.8906, 15.0339, 1.8622

# Details

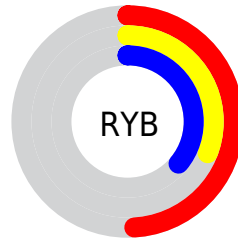
The HunterLab color **32.8906, 15.0339, 1.8622** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **42.1356, -16.0792, 4.1109**, and the grayscale version is **33.6951, -1.7979, 1.8307**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **52.3326, 16.3060, 3.0911**, and **16.6997, 13.0882, 0.9713** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.0364, 19.8332, 2.2370**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **36.0246, 10.2300, 1.7537**.

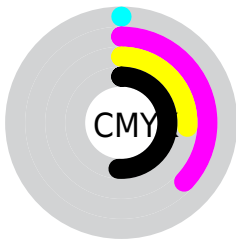
# Distribution



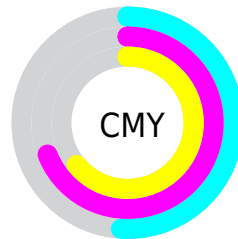
- Red (49%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (64%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 32.8906, 15.0339, 1.8622 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 32.8906, 15.0339, 1.8622 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 32.8906, 15.0339,  
1.8622

■ 32.8906, 15.0339,  
1.8622

140.1491, 18.2617,  
7.7463

■ 24.3821, 14.1925,  
1.3928

■ 52.2723, 16.3418,  
2.9299

■ 16.7678, 13.2031,  
0.9706

■ 63.0275, 16.8420,  
3.5208

■ 10.1694, 12.0478,  
0.6025

■ 74.4333, 17.2546,  
4.1468

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 86.4546, 17.5884,  
4.8061

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 99.0613, 17.8505,  
5.4969

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

112.2274, 18.0469,

125.9301, 18.1825,  
6.9682

■ 32.8906, 15.0339,  
1.8622

■ 32.8906, 15.0339,  
1.8622

■ 30.0364, 19.8332,  
2.2370

■ 36.0246, 10.2300,  
1.7537

■ 27.5098, 24.4959,  
2.9152

■ 39.3933, 5.4988,  
1.8676

■ 25.3661, 28.8017,  
3.9210


■ 42.9622, 0.8706,  
2.1661


■ 23.6571, 32.4518,  
5.2427


■ 46.7028, -3.6465,  
2.6168


■ 22.4189, 35.1239,  
6.8137


■ 50.5922, -8.0572,  
3.1932


 21.5920, 36.8045,  
8.4573

 54.6119, -12.3719,  
3.8739

 21.3835, 37.2601,  
8.8547

 58.7469, -16.6032,  
4.6421

 62.9852, -20.7637,  
5.4845

 67.3165, -24.8652,  
6.3902

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.8914, 12.6552, -6.2958



32.8906, 15.0339, 1.8622



32.8914, 12.5663, 8.3323

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



32.8914, 15.0324, 1.8629



32.8914, -9.1411, 12.0635



32.8914, -9.0208, -13.5728

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32.8906, 15.0339, 1.8622



42.1356, -16.0792, 4.1109

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



32.8914, -13.9833, -6.4520



32.8906, 15.0339, 1.8622



32.8914, -14.0480, 8.2337

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



32.8914, 15.0324, 1.8629



32.8914, -1.8330, 13.2956



32.8914, -15.7345, 1.7177



32.8914, -1.6804, -16.4010



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32.8906, 15.0339, 1.8622



32.8914, 8.6307, 11.1539



32.8914, -15.7345, 1.7177



32.8914, -10.9963, -11.5296

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32.8914, 15.0324, 1.8629



55.0959, 3.5679, 2.6908



32.4609, 15.9534, -15.7714



26.0343, 2.0150, 1.2624



79.8926, -4.2629, 4.3407



28.9024, -1.5422, 1.5703



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32.8914, 15.0324, 1.8629



40.3004, 25.5240, 2.8848



34.7073, 8.8909, 8.9046



20.8895, 0.8396, 1.0370



21.6571, 37.7337, 8.9916

0.0000, NaN, NaN



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.8914, 15.0324, 1.8629



40.3004, 25.5240, 2.8848



39.7474, -9.8046, -5.1232



20.8895, 0.8396, 1.0370



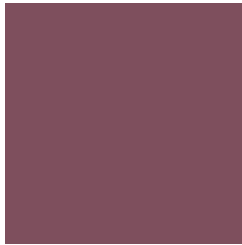
21.6571, 37.7337, 8.9916

0.0000, NaN, NaN



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 32.8906, 15.0339, 1.8622 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

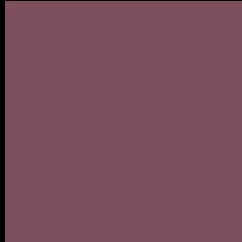
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 32.8906, 15.0339, 1.8622 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

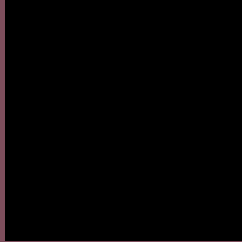
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 32.8906, 15.0339, 1.8622 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 32.8906, 15.0339, 1.8622.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 32.8906, 15.0339,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

32.8906, 15.0339, 1.8622

### Protanopia

32.9685, -0.3591, -1.8329

### Deuteranopia

33.0037, 1.8666, 2.5888



## Tritanopia

32.8164, 13.3144, 4.5479

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

32.8906, 15.0339, 1.8622

## Protanomaly

32.6210, 4.8650, -0.8161

## Deuteranomaly

32.8752, 6.6199, 2.1128

## Tritanomaly

32.8916, 13.6913, 3.4707

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

32.8906, 15.0339, 1.8622

## Achromatopsia

33.8283, -1.8050, 1.8380

## Achromatomaly

33.1920, 3.9557, 1.6059

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 32.8906, 15.0339, 1.8622 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(126, 79, 93)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(126, 79, 93)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 79, 93) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(126, 79, 93) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 32.8906, 15.0339, 1.8622 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(126, 79, 93) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(126, 79, 93) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 79, 93) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(126, 79, 93); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 79, 93);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 79,  
93) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 32.8906, 15.0339, 1.8622 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(126, 79, 93) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(126, 79,  
93) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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