

Converting Colors

HunterLab(33.1223, 1.3163,
-0.6740)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(33.1223, 1.3163, -0.6740)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(33.1356, 1.4319,
-0.6786)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	625B63
RGB	98, 91, 99
RGB Percent	38%, 36%, 39%
CMY	0.6157, 0.6431, 0.6118
CMYK	0.01, 0.08, 0.00, 0.61
HSL	292°, 4%, 37%
HSV	292°, 8%, 39%
XYZ	11.0302, 10.9797, 13.3423
YIQ	94.0050, 1.6040, 3.9720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

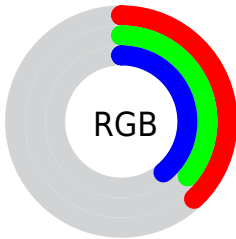
Format	Color
RYB	98, 91, 99
Decimal	6445923
CIELab	39.55, 4.46, -3.57
CIELCh	40, 5.713, 321.336
Yxy	10.9802, 0.3120, 0.3106
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284636003 (0xFF625B63)
YUV	94.0050, 2.4625, 3.5036
Hunter-Lab	33.1356, 1.4319, -0.6786

Details

The HunterLab color **33.1356, 1.4319, -0.6786** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **34.5754, -4.9354, 4.2455**, and the grayscale version is **33.4495, -1.7848, 1.8174**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **52.5750, 1.1034, -0.1237**, and **16.9230, 1.9982, -1.3376** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.5440, 5.6123, -3.9949**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35.8544, -2.6649, 2.5264**.

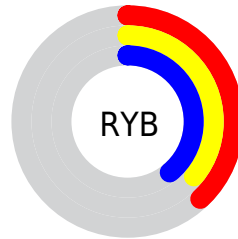
Distribution



Red (38%)

Green (36%)

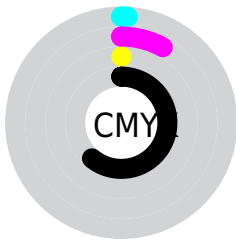
Blue (39%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (36%)

Blue (39%)

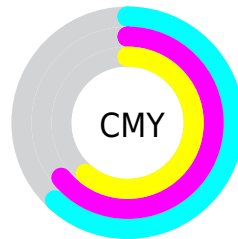


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (61%)



Cyan (62%)

Magenta (64%)

Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 33.1356, 1.4319, -0.6786 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 33.1356, 1.4319, -0.6786 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 33.1356, 1.4319,
-0.6786

■ 33.1356, 1.4319,
-0.6786

■ 140.5458, -2.3844,
3.7238

■ 24.6038, 1.5962,
-0.9262

■ 52.5580, 0.9075,
-0.0052

■ 16.9636, 1.6814,
-1.1033

■ 63.3316, 0.5640,
0.4071

■ 10.3353, 1.6663,
-1.1942

■ 74.7547, 0.1729,
0.8642

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 86.7925, -0.2619,
1.3627

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 99.4148, -0.7375,
1.9001

0.0000, NaN, NaN

112.5959, -1.2511,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

126.3130, -1.8007,
3.0824

■ 33.1356, 1.4319,
-0.6786

■ 33.1356, 1.4319,
-0.6786

■ 30.5440, 5.6123,
-3.9949

■ 35.8544, -2.6649,
2.5264

■ 28.0967, 9.8657,
-7.4242

■ 38.6823, -6.6746,
5.6258

■ 25.8179, 14.1581,
-10.9519

■ 41.6071, -10.6033,
8.6311

■ 23.7352, 18.4236,
-14.5393

■ 44.6179, -14.4589,
11.5540

■ 21.8801, 22.5491,
-18.1104

■ 47.7060, -18.2506,
14.4058

■ 20.2859, 26.3634,
-21.5396

■ 50.8640, -21.9875,
17.1972

■ 18.9840, 29.6410,
-24.6504

■ 54.0857, -25.6779,
19.9374

■ 17.9961, 32.1377,
-27.2393

■ 57.3658, -29.3295,
22.6346

■ 17.2098, 34.0901,
-29.4667

■ 60.7001, -32.9490,
25.2960

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



33.1363, -0.2930, -1.9636



33.1356, 1.4319, -0.6786



33.1363, 2.3028, 1.2219

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.1363, 1.4311, -0.6780



33.1363, -1.1615, 5.3692



33.1363, -5.4354, 0.3805

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.1356, 1.4319, -0.6786



34.5754, -4.9354, 4.2455

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



33.1363, -5.6548, 2.3752



33.1356, 1.4319, -0.6786



33.1363, -3.2213, 5.1748

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33.1363, 1.4311, -0.6780



33.1363, 0.7818, 4.6556



33.1363, -4.8537, 4.1072



33.1363, -4.2465, -1.3266

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.1356, 1.4319, -0.6786



33.1363, 2.2687, 2.5473



33.1363, -4.8537, 4.1072



33.1363, -5.6238, 1.0424

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.1363, 1.4311, -0.6780



45.5257, -1.3698, 1.6564



32.8502, -0.9774, -1.0804



22.2279, -0.7162, 0.8454



72.2857, -3.8570, 3.9274



22.5557, -1.2035, 1.2255

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.1363, 1.4311, -0.6780



42.6361, 3.0734, -1.8337



33.1377, 1.2694, 0.6122



16.1673, 0.8602, -0.4571



19.4439, 39.3376, -34.2514



44.6500, 90.5144, -80.0604

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.0273, 0.6738, 2.1855



42.4547, 1.8128, 2.9702



34.5760, -4.7838, 3.0892



16.1087, 0.4530, 1.0869



18.6806, 32.1612, 10.7524



43.0887, 74.0078, 26.1598

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 33.1356, 1.4319, -0.6786 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 33.1356, 1.4319, -0.6786 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

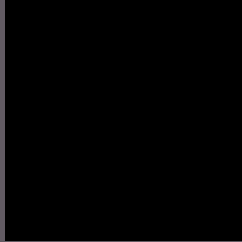
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 33.1356, 1.4319, -0.6786 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 33.1356, 1.4319, -0.6786.



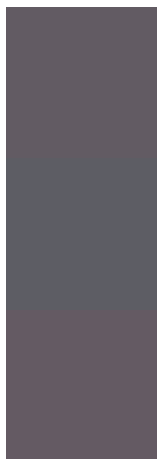
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 33.1356, 1.4319, -0.6786.

-0.6786.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

33.1356, 1.4319, -0.6786

Protanopia

33.2806, -0.6971, -0.9839

Deuteranopia

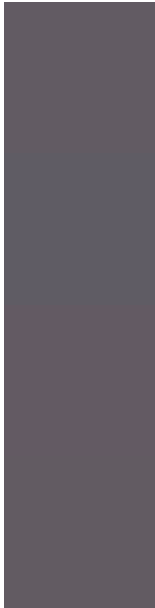
33.0492, 2.4601, -0.7691



Tritanopia

33.1069, 1.2774, -0.2712

Trichromacy



Original Color

33.1356, 1.4319, -0.6786

Protanomaly

33.1772, 0.2973, -1.0971

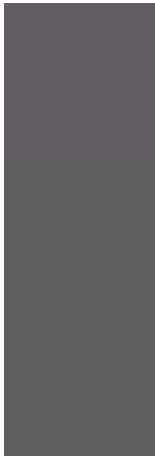
Deuteranomaly

32.9634, 2.1721, -0.8822

Tritanomaly

33.1069, 1.2774, -0.2712

Monochromacy



Original Color

33.1356, 1.4319, -0.6786

Achromatopsia

33.4563, -1.7851, 1.8177

Achromatomaly

33.3259, -0.7679, 0.8337

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 33.1356, 1.4319, -0.6786 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(98, 91, 99)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(98, 91, 99)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 91, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(98, 91, 99) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 33.1356, 1.4319, -0.6786 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(98, 91, 99) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(98, 91, 99) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(98, 91, 99)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(98, 91, 99); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 91, 99);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 91, 99)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 33.1356, 1.4319, -0.6786 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(98, 91, 99) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(98, 91,  
99) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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