

Converting Colors

HunterLab(33.1468, -1.8813,
-1.2502)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(33.1468, -1.8813,
-1.2502) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(33.2406, -2.2013,
-1.0608)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	595E64
RGB	89, 94, 100
RGB Percent	35%, 37%, 39%
CMY	0.6510, 0.6314, 0.6078
CMYK	0.11, 0.06, 0.00, 0.61
HSL	213°, 6%, 37%
HSV	213°, 11%, 39%
XYZ	10.4228, 11.0494, 13.6400
YIQ	93.1890, -4.9060, 0.8060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

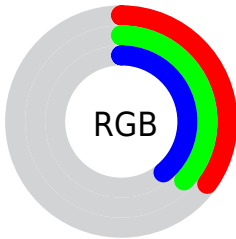
Format	Color
R_{YB}	89, 92, 100
Decimal	5856868
CIE Lab	39.66, -0.61, -4.10
CIE LCh	40, 4.145, 261.588
Yxy	11.0498, 0.2968, 0.3147
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284046948 (0xFF595E64)
YUV	93.1890, 3.3578, -3.6738
Hunter-Lab	33.2406, -2.2013, -1.0608

Details

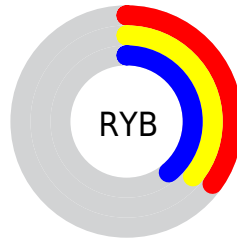
The HunterLab color $[33.2406, -2.2013, -1.0608]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[34.0807, -1.2373, 4.5362]$, and the grayscale version is $[33.1450, -1.7685, 1.8008]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[52.6021, -3.1242, -0.6421]$, and $[16.9839, -1.3890, -1.3170]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[31.0683, -2.3173, -3.9054]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[35.4726, -1.9385, 1.6720]$.

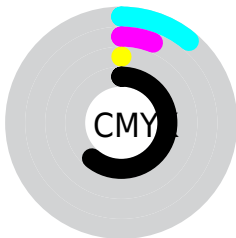
Distribution



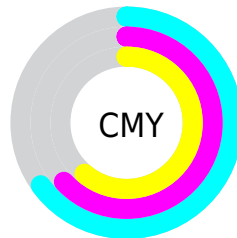
- Red (35%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (39%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (61%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 33.2406, -2.2013, -1.0608 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 33.2406, -2.2013, -1.0608 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 33.2406, -2.2013,
-1.0608

■ 33.2406, -2.2013,
-1.0608

■ 140.7157, -8.2068,
3.1372

■ 24.6989, -1.7053,
-1.2788

■ 52.6804, -3.3113,
-0.4410

■ 17.0476, -1.2514,
-1.4237

■ 63.4618, -3.9191,
-0.0533

■ 10.4065, -0.8446,
-1.4795

■ 74.8924, -4.5598,
0.3805

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 86.9371, -5.2317,
0.8568

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 99.5662, -5.9335,
1.3728

0.0000, NaN, NaN

112.7537, -6.6640,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

1.9262

0.0000, NaN, NaN

126.4769, -7.4221,
2.5149

■ 33.2406, -2.2013,
-1.0608

■ 33.2406, -2.2013,
-1.0608

■ 31.0683, -2.3173,
-3.9054

■ 35.4726, -1.9385,
1.6720

■ 28.9596, -2.2617,
-6.8792

■ 37.7571, -1.5462,
4.3058

■ 26.9223, -2.0086,
-9.9980

■ 40.0902, -1.0413,
6.8542

■ 24.9647, -1.5272,
-13.2779

■ 42.4683, -0.4374,
9.3286

■ 23.0965, -0.7835,
-16.7322

■ 44.8879, 0.2538,
11.7390

■ 21.3287, 0.2591,
-20.3686

■ 47.3463, 1.0226,
14.0942

■ 19.6735, 1.6353,
-24.1843

■ 49.8409, 1.8607,
16.4017

■ 18.1432, 3.3699,
-28.1616

■ 52.3695, 2.7611,
18.6681

■ 16.8311, 5.0836,
-32.0115

■ 54.9302, 3.7176,
20.8991

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



33.2413, -3.5720, -0.4437



33.2406, -2.2013, -1.0608



33.2413, -0.6932, -0.8812

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.2413, -2.2020, -1.0602



33.2413, 0.9862, 2.8162



33.2413, -4.0348, 3.4910

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.2406, -2.2013, -1.0608



34.0807, -1.2373, 4.5362

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



33.2413, -2.8440, 4.2923



33.2406, -2.2013, -1.0608



33.2413, 0.0601, 3.9151

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33.2413, -2.2020, -1.0602



33.2413, 1.1656, 1.4001



33.2413, -1.3468, 4.4440



33.2413, -4.6177, 2.2136

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.2406, -2.2013, -1.0608



33.2413, 0.1869, -0.3380



33.2413, -1.3468, 4.4440



33.2413, -3.6934, 3.8225

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.2413, -2.2020, -1.0602



46.3445, -2.6544, 1.4699



34.7307, -5.5970, 2.8745



22.8888, -1.3300, 0.6089



73.3645, -3.9145, 3.9860



23.4461, -1.2510, 1.2739

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.2413, -2.2020, -1.0602



43.3208, -2.9707, -2.2862



31.9485, 0.1172, -2.6864



17.1738, -1.1005, -0.2495



19.2450, 6.3524, -37.7676



41.9637, 18.6829, -92.7821

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.6534, 2.1602, 0.9296



42.3892, 4.0403, 0.9654



35.3897, -3.5464, 5.9105



16.9269, 0.7101, 0.5649



19.6912, 34.9888, 2.9016



44.7778, 79.2046, 9.3899

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 33.2406, -2.2013, -1.0608 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 33.2406, -2.2013, -1.0608 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

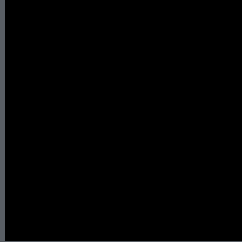
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

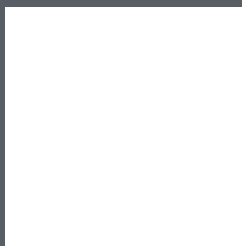
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 33.2406, -2.2013, -1.0608 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 33.2406, -2.2013, -1.0608.



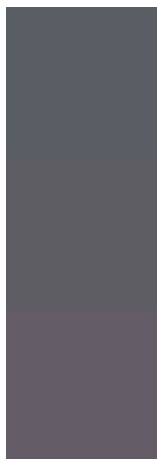
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 33.2406, -2.2013, -1.0608.

-1.0608.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

33.2406, -2.2013, -1.0608

Protanopia

33.2516, -0.8548, -0.5735

Deuteranopia

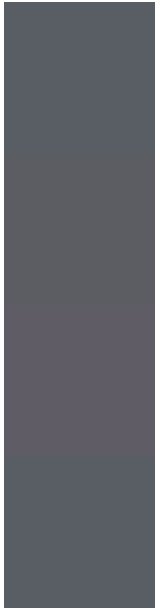
33.2782, 2.0296, -1.3941



Tritanopia

33.2699, -2.0405, -1.4760

Trichromacy



Original Color

33.2406, -2.2013, -1.0608

Protanomaly

33.1736, -1.1244, -0.6758

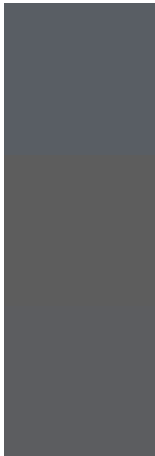
Deuteranomaly

33.2066, 0.4562, -1.5131

Tritanomaly

33.2699, -2.0405, -1.4760

Monochromacy



Original Color

33.2406, -2.2013, -1.0608

Achromatopsia

33.0850, -1.7653, 1.7976

Achromatomaly

33.0886, -1.5890, 0.5319

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 33.2406, -2.2013, -1.0608 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 94, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 94, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 94, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 94, 100) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 33.2406, -2.2013, -1.0608 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 94, 100) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 94, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 94, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 94, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 94, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 94,  
100) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 33.2406, -2.2013, -1.0608 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 94, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 94,  
100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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