

Converting Colors

HunterLab(33.1968, 0.8342,
15.8539)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(33.1968, 0.8342,
15.8539) contains.

HunterLab(33.1968, 0.8342, 15.8539)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(33.1968, 0.8342,
15.8539)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	715A2E
RGB	113, 90, 46
RGB Percent	44%, 35%, 18%
CMY	0.5569, 0.6470, 0.8196
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.59, 0.56
HSL	39°, 42%, 31%
HSV	39°, 59%, 44%
XYZ	10.9593, 11.0203, 4.1343
YIQ	91.8610, 27.8320, -8.8080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

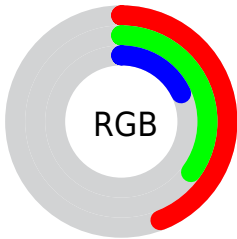
Format	Color
R_{YB}	81, 113, 46
Decimal	7428654
CIE _{Lab}	39.62, 3.64, 28.67
CIE _{LCh}	40, 28.896, 82.760
Yxy	11.0208, 0.4197, 0.4220
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285618734 (0xFF715A2E)
YUV	91.8610, -22.6095, 18.5389
Hunter-Lab	33.1968, 0.8342, 15.8539

Details

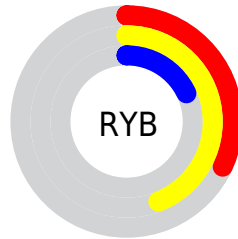
The HunterLab color **33.1968, 0.8342, 15.8539** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **24.5542, 2.3590, -22.5520**, and the grayscale version is **32.7373, -1.7468, 1.7787**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **52.6896, 0.2459, 20.8182**, and **17.1276, 1.1701, 10.5744** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32.1026, 1.9073, 16.9209**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34.3417, -0.0727, 14.4087**.

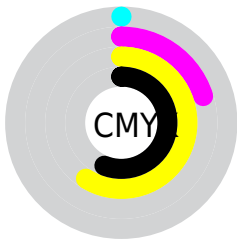
Distribution



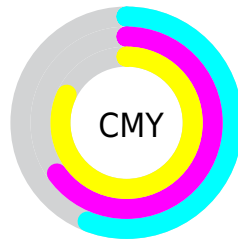
- Red (44%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (18%)



- Red (32%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (18%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (82%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 33.1968, 0.8342, 15.8539 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 33.1968, 0.8342, 15.8539 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 33.1968, 0.8342,
15.8539

■ 33.1968, 0.8342,
15.8539

■ 140.6450, -3.3346,
35.3407

■ 24.6593, 1.0508,
13.1755

■ 52.6295, 0.2154,
20.7098

■ 17.0126, 1.1945,
10.6531

■ 63.4076, -0.1705,
22.9678

■ 10.3769, 1.2458,
7.2638

■ 74.8351, -0.6017,
25.1471

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 86.8769, -1.0747,
27.2651

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 99.5032, -1.5867,
29.3346

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 112.6880, -2.1353,

31.3655

0.0000, NaN, NaN

126.4087, -2.7185,
33.3655

■ 33.1968, 0.8342,
15.8539

■ 33.1968, 0.8342,
15.8539

■ 32.1026, 1.9073,
16.9209

■ 34.3417, -0.0727,
14.4087

■ 31.0579, 3.1484,
17.6048

■ 35.5331, -0.8103,
12.5946

■ 30.0643, 4.5490,
17.9127

■ 36.7700, -1.3833,
10.4266

■ 29.1127, 6.0492,
17.9982

■ 38.0505, -1.7968,
7.9219

■ 29.0462, 6.1557,
18.0059

■ 39.3725, -2.0573,
5.0990

■ 40.7341, -2.1717,
1.9770

■ 42.1334, -2.1475,
-1.4252

■ 43.5685, -1.9921,
-5.0893

■ 45.0377, -1.7132,
-8.9978

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



33.1976, 11.4733, 13.8271



33.1968, 0.8342, 15.8539



33.1976, -9.2911, 15.1685

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.1976, 0.8328, 15.8542



33.1976, -18.5444, -6.5966



33.1976, 16.0475, -12.1860

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.1968, 0.8342, 15.8539



24.5542, 2.3590, -22.5520

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



33.1976, 6.4798, -21.4840



33.1968, 0.8342, 15.8539



33.1976, -13.2213, -17.6141

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33.1976, 0.8328, 15.8542



33.1976, -19.6585, 4.1571



33.1976, -4.3011, -23.7322



33.1976, 20.9445, -0.7285

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.1968, 0.8342, 15.8539



33.1976, -14.5005, 13.1170



33.1976, -4.3011, -23.7322



33.1976, 13.2176, -15.7976

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.1976, 0.8328, 15.8542



51.0591, -2.4402, 10.3106



24.2900, 22.7141, 1.4424



24.3613, -1.1228, 5.3526



76.6170, -4.0881, 4.1627



26.1505, -1.3953, 1.4208

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.1976, 0.8328, 15.8542



42.4464, 3.1263, 23.0322



38.5850, -12.0747, 19.5926



19.3204, -1.0112, 2.4561



30.8755, 6.6728, 19.1422



67.7032, 17.2495, 42.0204

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.5542, 2.3590, -22.5520



28.6857, 6.5524, -40.0315



19.9713, 15.0249, -33.8106



18.6290, -0.9560, -0.4861



17.1692, 13.3985, -50.3835



36.3570, 34.9767, -120.9477

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 33.1968, 0.8342, 15.8539 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 33.1968, 0.8342, 15.8539 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 33.1968, 0.8342, 15.8539 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 33.1968, 0.8342, 15.8539.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 33.1968, 0.8342,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

33.1968, 0.8342, 15.8539

Protanopia

33.3080, -4.1124, 15.6651

Deuteranopia

33.1464, 1.9620, 15.8356



Tritanopia

33.2178, 8.8937, 2.9584

Trichromacy



Original Color

33.1968, 0.8342, 15.8539

Protanomaly

33.4062, -2.4049, 15.7696

Deuteranomaly

33.0445, 1.6186, 15.7525

Tritanomaly

33.2226, 5.6935, 8.6917

Monochromacy



Original Color

33.1968, 0.8342, 15.8539

Achromatopsia

32.7144, -1.7456, 1.7774

Achromatomaly

32.7101, -1.2174, 8.0688

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 33.1968, 0.8342, 15.8539 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 90, 46)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 90, 46)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 90, 46) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 90, 46) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 33.1968, 0.8342, 15.8539 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 90, 46) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 90, 46) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 90, 46) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 90, 46); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 90, 46);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 90,  
46) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 33.1968, 0.8342, 15.8539 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 90, 46) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113, 90,  
46) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor