

Converting Colors

HunterLab(33.5425, -1.3118,
-2.5015)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(33.5425, -1.3118,
-2.5015) contains.

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Color

HunterLab(33.4343, -1.2894,
-2.6452)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5A5E68
RGB	90, 94, 104
RGB Percent	35%, 37%, 41%
CMY	0.6471, 0.6314, 0.5922
CMYK	0.13, 0.10, 0.00, 0.59
HSL	223°, 7%, 38%
HSV	223°, 13%, 41%
XYZ	10.7178, 11.1785, 14.6894
YIQ	93.9440, -5.5940, 2.2620

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

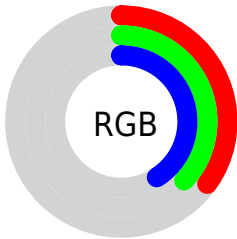
Format	Color
RYB	90, 93, 104
Decimal	5922408
CIELab	39.88, 0.70, -6.23
CIELCh	40, 6.270, 276.407
Yxy	11.1790, 0.2930, 0.3055
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284112488 (0xFF5A5E68)
YUV	93.9440, 4.9576, -3.4589
Hunter-Lab	33.4343, -1.2894, -2.6452

Details

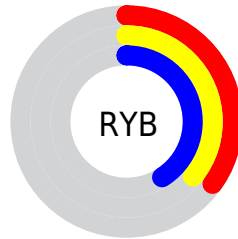
The HunterLab color $[33.4343, -1.2894, -2.6452]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[35.7708, -2.1608, 5.9709]$, and the grayscale version is $[33.4197, -1.7832, 1.8158]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[52.8096, -2.1525, -2.3124]$, and $[17.1604, -0.5499, -2.8096]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[30.7170, -0.5992, -6.3623]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[36.2254, -1.8292, 0.8543]$.

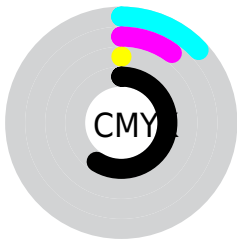
Distribution



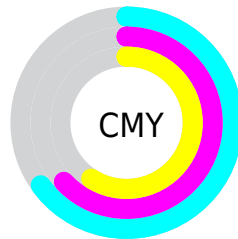
- Red (35%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (59%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 33.4343, -1.2894, -2.6452 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 33.4343, -1.2894, -2.6452 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 33.4343, -1.2894,
-2.6452

■ 33.4343, -1.2894,
-2.6452

■ 141.0289, -6.7329,
0.7411

■ 24.8744, -0.8791,
-2.7475

■ 52.9062, -2.2485,
-2.2364

■ 17.2027, -0.5209,
-2.7687

■ 63.7021, -2.7884,
-1.9458

■ 10.5382, -0.2243,
-2.6929

■ 75.1462, -3.3650,
-1.6046

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 87.2039, -3.9762,
-1.2169

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 99.8453, -4.6200,
-0.7859

0.0000, NaN, NaN

113.0446, -5.2949,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-0.3144

0.0000, NaN, NaN

126.7792, -5.9997,
0.1952

■ 33.4343, -1.2894,
-2.6452

■ 33.4343, -1.2894,
-2.6452

■ 30.7170, -0.5992,
-6.3623

■ 36.2254, -1.8292,
0.8543

■ 28.0807, 0.2746,
-10.3449

■ 39.0806, -2.2418,
4.1726

■ 25.5377, 1.3697,
-14.6463

■ 41.9947, -2.5477,
7.3416

■ 23.1029, 2.7330,
-19.3272

■ 44.9625, -2.7632,
10.3871

■ 20.7952, 4.4195,
-24.4495

■ 47.9798, -2.9014,
13.3300

■ 18.6389, 6.4877,
-30.0619

■ 51.0431, -2.9729,
16.1876

■ 16.6646, 8.9883,
-36.1705

■ 54.1492, -2.9865,
18.9740

■ 14.9029, 11.9204,
-42.7131

■ 57.2956, -2.9495,
21.7009

■ 13.8353, 13.9265,
-47.3563

■ 60.4799, -2.8678,
24.3781

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



33.4350, -3.5405, -2.2769



33.4343, -1.2894, -2.6452



33.4350, 0.8843, -1.7525

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.4350, -1.2900, -2.6446



33.4350, 1.8549, 4.2258



33.4350, -5.7495, 3.4631

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.4343, -1.2894, -2.6452



35.7708, -2.1608, 5.9709

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



33.4350, -4.3747, 5.0371



33.4343, -1.2894, -2.6452



33.4350, 0.0058, 5.4561

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33.4350, -1.2900, -2.6446



33.4350, 2.7315, 2.2868



33.4350, -2.2787, 5.7428



33.4350, -6.0753, 1.3463

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.4343, -1.2894, -2.6452



33.4350, 1.9850, -0.5967



33.4350, -2.2787, 5.7428



33.4350, -5.3965, 4.0687

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.4350, -1.2900, -2.6446



47.7383, -2.3818, 0.8374



36.0426, -6.3315, 2.3485



23.4689, -1.1574, 0.2790



74.4461, -3.9723, 4.0448



24.3420, -1.2988, 1.3225

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.4350, -1.2900, -2.6446



43.1991, -1.4579, -4.9421



32.6018, 1.2521, -3.7071



16.9684, -0.7595, -0.5009



15.1939, 15.9201, -53.3579



32.7283, 42.0284, -131.6348

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.2622, 2.8918, 1.6696



42.9421, 5.2936, 2.1482



36.6295, -4.7218, 6.8311



16.9060, 0.5974, 0.8631



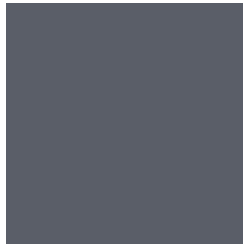
19.3302, 33.6658, 8.1329



43.9934, 76.3233, 20.8045

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 33.4343, -1.2894, -2.6452 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 33.4343, -1.2894, -2.6452 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

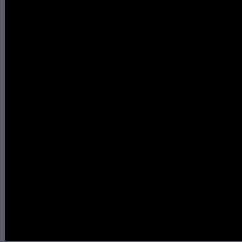
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

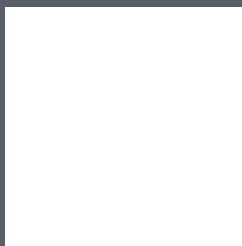
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 33.4343, -1.2894, -2.6452 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 33.4343, -1.2894, -2.6452.



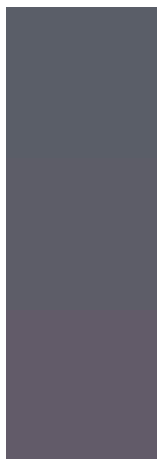
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 33.4343, -1.2894, -2.6452.

-2.6452.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

33.4343, -1.2894, -2.6452

Protanopia

33.3996, -0.0500, -2.6691

Deuteranopia

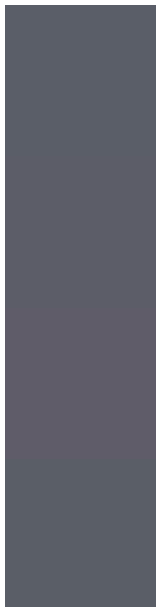
33.3148, 2.3937, -3.2145



Tritanopia

33.3742, -1.6182, -1.7948

Trichromacy



Original Color

33.4343, -1.2894, -2.6452

Protanomaly

33.3219, -0.3166, -2.7758

Deuteranomaly

33.3273, 1.1084, -3.2203

Tritanomaly

33.4041, -1.4546, -2.2179

Monochromacy



Original Color

33.4343, -1.2894, -2.6452

Achromatopsia

33.4563, -1.7851, 1.8177

Achromatomaly

33.4879, -1.4552, 0.1511

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 33.4343, -1.2894, -2.6452 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(90, 94, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(90, 94, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 94, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(90, 94, 104) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 33.4343, -1.2894, -2.6452 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(90, 94, 104) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(90, 94, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(90, 94, 104)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(90, 94, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 94, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 94,  
104) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 33.4343, -1.2894, -2.6452 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(90, 94, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(90, 94,  
104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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