

Converting Colors

HunterLab(33.5434, -1.5796,
1.8921)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(33.5434, -1.5796, 1.8921)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(33.5357, -1.5092,
1.9160)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5F5E5E
RGB	95, 94, 94
RGB Percent	37%, 37%, 37%
CMY	0.6274, 0.6314, 0.6314
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.01, 0.63
HSL	0°, 1%, 37%
HSV	0°, 1%, 37%
XYZ	10.7424, 11.2464, 12.1942
YIQ	94.2990, 0.5960, 0.2120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	95, 94, 94
Decimal	6250078
CIE Lab	39.99, 0.40, 0.14
CIE LCh	40, 0.419, 18.852
Yxy	11.2469, 0.3143, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284440158 (0xFF5F5E5E)
YUV	94.2990, -0.1474, 0.6148
Hunter-Lab	33.5357, -1.5092, 1.9160

Details

The HunterLab color $[33.5357, -1.5092, 1.9160]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[33.7493, -2.0784, 1.7398]$, and the grayscale version is $[33.5684, -1.7911, 1.8238]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[52.8960, -2.5204, 2.9751]$, and $[17.2635, -0.6696, 1.0223]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[30.8261, 1.3544, 2.6880]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[36.3587, -4.2660, 1.1889]$.

Distribution



Red (37%)

Green (37%)

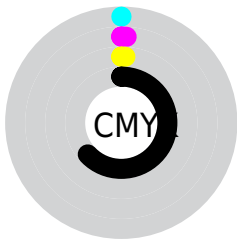
Blue (37%)



Red (37%)

Yellow (37%)

Blue (37%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (63%)



Cyan (63%)

Magenta (63%)

Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 33.5357, -1.5092, 1.9160 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 33.5357, -1.5092, 1.9160 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 33.5357, -1.5092,
1.9160

■ 33.5357, -1.5092,
1.9160

■ 141.1927, -7.0876,
7.8327

■ 24.9663, -1.0785,
1.4415

■ 53.0244, -2.5046,
2.9924

■ 17.2840, -0.6975,
1.0138

■ 63.8278, -3.0608,
3.5872

■ 10.6073, -0.3746,
0.6393

■ 75.2791, -3.6528,
4.2169

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 87.3435, -4.2785,
4.8797

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 99.9913, -4.9362,
5.5740

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 113.1968, -5.6245,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

126.9373, -6.3420,
7.0516

■ 33.5357, -1.5092,
1.9160

■ 33.5357, -1.5092,
1.9160

■ 30.8261, 1.3544,
2.6880

■ 36.3587, -4.2660,
1.1889

■ 28.2455, 4.3371,
3.5077

■ 39.2788, -6.9265,
0.4998

■ 25.8166, 7.4402,
4.3777

■ 42.2853, -9.5045,
-0.1558

■ 23.5664, 10.6494,
5.2950

■ 45.3688, -12.0126,
-0.7828

■ 21.5278, 13.9216,
6.2471

■ 48.5217, -14.4619,
-1.3853

■ 19.7389, 17.1666,
7.2062

■ 51.7377, -16.8619,
-1.9671

■ 18.2405, 20.2324,
8.1240

■ 55.0114, -19.2211,
-2.5312

■ 17.0698, 22.9061,
8.9316

■ 58.3384, -21.5466,
-3.0804

■ 16.2466, 24.9641,
9.5573

■ 61.7148, -23.8442,
-3.6169

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



33.5364, -1.4997, 1.7709



33.5357, -1.5092, 1.9160



33.5364, -1.5958, 2.0373

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.5364, -1.5100, 1.9165



33.5364, -2.0143, 2.0106



33.5364, -1.8486, 1.5474

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.5357, -1.5092, 1.9160



33.7493, -2.0784, 1.7398

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



33.5364, -1.9862, 1.6123



33.5357, -1.5092, 1.9160



33.5364, -2.0818, 1.8800

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33.5364, -1.5100, 1.9165



33.5364, -1.8870, 2.0915



33.5364, -2.0715, 1.7342



33.5364, -1.6953, 1.5573

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.5357, -1.5092, 1.9160



33.5364, -1.6841, 2.0876



33.5364, -2.0715, 1.7342



33.5364, -1.8982, 1.5612

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.5364, -1.5100, 1.9165



44.2712, -2.3622, 2.4053



33.5629, -1.3619, 1.5319



21.6712, -1.1563, 1.1774



71.2094, -3.7996, 3.8689

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.5364, -1.5100, 1.9165



43.8973, -1.9846, 2.5059



33.6687, -1.7305, 2.0677



17.2152, -0.7975, 0.9763



18.6073, 31.8041, 12.0225



42.9911, 73.5666, 27.7788

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.7493, -2.0784, 1.7398



44.1698, -2.7122, 2.2797



33.6165, -1.8584, 1.5867



17.3075, -1.0439, 0.8996



35.7233, -18.8972, -3.8573



82.5590, -43.6668, -8.9275

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 33.5357, -1.5092, 1.9160 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 33.5357, -1.5092, 1.9160 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

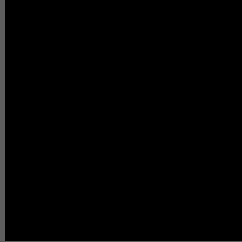
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 33.5357, -1.5092, 1.9160 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 33.5357, -1.5092, 1.9160.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 33.5357, -1.5092,

1.9160.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

33.5357, -1.5092, 1.9160

Protanopia

33.6160, -1.2310, 2.0150

Deuteranopia

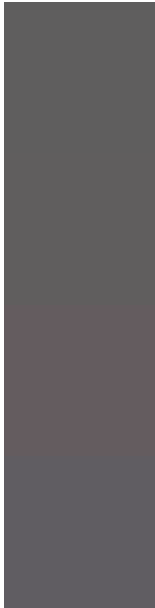
33.4544, 2.2818, 1.4670



Tritanopia

33.5195, 0.1234, -0.6692

Trichromacy



Original Color

33.5357, -1.5092, 1.9160

Protanomaly

33.6160, -1.2310, 2.0150

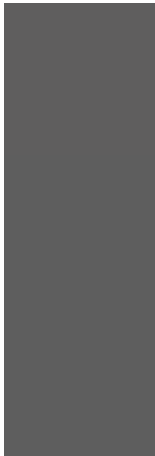
Deuteranomaly

33.4512, 0.9488, 1.4399

Tritanomaly

33.4624, -0.1865, 0.1421

Monochromacy



Original Color

33.5357, -1.5092, 1.9160

Achromatopsia

33.4563, -1.7851, 1.8177

Achromatomaly

33.4563, -1.7851, 1.8177

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 33.5357, -1.5092, 1.9160 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(95, 94, 94) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(95, 94, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 94, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(95, 94, 94) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 33.5357, -1.5092, 1.9160 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(95, 94, 94) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(95, 94, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 94, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(95, 94, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 94, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 94, 94)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 33.5357, -1.5092, 1.9160 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(95, 94, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(95, 94,  
94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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