

Converting Colors

HunterLab(33.5921, -5.8206,
4.5645)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(33.5921, -5.8206, 4.5645)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(33.5615, -5.9431,
4.6472)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	576157
RGB	87, 97, 87
RGB Percent	34%, 38%, 34%
CMY	0.6588, 0.6196, 0.6588
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.10, 0.62
HSL	120°, 5%, 36%
HSV	120°, 10%, 38%
XYZ	9.9255, 11.2637, 10.6678
YIQ	92.8700, -2.7500, -5.2300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

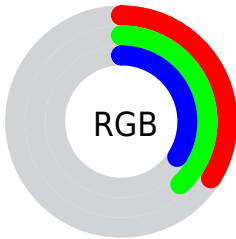
Format	Color
R_{YB}	87, 97, 97
Decimal	5726551
CIE Lab	40.02, -6.02, 4.39
CIE LCh	40, 7.447, 143.897
Yxy	11.2642, 0.3116, 0.3536
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283916631 (0xFF576157)
YUV	92.8700, -2.8939, -5.1480
Hunter-Lab	33.5615, -5.9431, 4.6472

Details

The HunterLab color $[33.5615, -5.9431, 4.6472]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[31.9705, 2.6539, -1.2278]$, and the grayscale version is $[33.0485, -1.7634, 1.7956]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[53.2018, -7.8092, 6.2707]$, and $[17.3985, -4.2179, 3.1823]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[32.6806, -9.6175, 7.1300]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[34.5432, -1.9727, 1.9649]$.

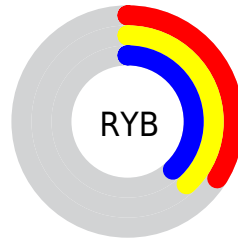
Distribution



Red (34%)

Green (38%)

Blue (34%)



Red (34%)

Yellow (38%)

Blue (38%)

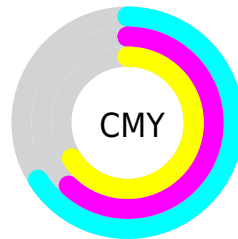


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (62%)



Cyan (66%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (66%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 33.5615, -5.9431, 4.6472 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 33.5615, -5.9431, 4.6472 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 33.5615, -5.9431,
4.6472

■ 33.5615, -5.9431,
4.6472

141.2344,
-14.3498, 12.3725

■ 24.9897, -5.0768,
3.8914

■ 53.0544, -7.7015,
6.2139

■ 17.3047, -4.2068,
3.1464

■ 63.8597, -8.6000,
7.0280

■ 10.6249, -3.3156,
2.4080

■ 75.3128, -9.5144,
7.8639

■ 0.4932, -0.8632,
0.3453

■ 87.3790, -10.4457,
8.7218

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 100.0284,
-11.3946, 9.6018

0.0000, NaN, NaN

113.2355,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-12.3615, 10.5037

0.0000, NaN, NaN

126.9775,
-13.3465, 11.4274

■ 33.5615, -5.9431,
4.6472

■ 33.5615, -5.9431,
4.6472

■ 32.6806, -9.6175,
7.1300

■ 34.5432, -1.9727,
1.9649

■ 31.9013, -12.9541,
9.3849

■ 35.6196, 2.2558,
-0.8911

■ 31.2264, -15.9168,
11.3874

■ 36.7873, 6.7027,
-3.8940

■ 30.6564, -18.4747,
13.1166

■ 38.0415, 11.3320,
-7.0195

■ 30.1905, -20.6059,
14.5575

■ 39.3775, 16.1114,
-10.2454

■ 29.8259, -22.3000,
15.7031

■ 40.7903, 21.0124,
-13.5527

■ 29.5578, -23.5613,
16.5560

■ 42.2752, 26.0106,
-16.9247

■ 29.3787, -24.4113,
17.1308

■ 43.8277, 31.0857,
-20.3478

■ 29.2401, -25.0733,
17.5785

■ 45.4434, 36.2205,
-23.8104

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



33.5622, -3.9001, 6.0933



33.5615, -5.9431, 4.6472



33.5622, -6.8719, 2.3553

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.5622, -5.9438, 4.6477



33.5622, -2.3508, -3.5479



33.5622, 3.1610, 3.7942

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.5615, -5.9431, 4.6472



31.9705, 2.6539, -1.2278

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



33.5622, 3.6079, 1.2897



33.5615, -5.9431, 4.6472



33.5622, 0.3683, -3.0855

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33.5622, -5.9438, 4.6477



33.5622, -4.8407, -2.4796



33.5622, 2.5708, -1.2622



33.5622, 1.3683, 5.6289

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.5615, -5.9431, 4.6472



33.5622, -6.7549, 0.6008



33.5622, 2.5708, -1.2622



33.5622, 3.4759, 3.0084

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.5622, -5.9438, 4.6477



44.8548, -4.0620, 3.5718



34.3212, -3.2414, 5.5151



22.3074, -2.1988, 1.8978



72.2857, -3.8570, 3.9274



22.5557, -1.2035, 1.2255

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.5622, -5.9438, 4.6477



43.6939, -8.7952, 6.7695



33.6880, -5.2405, 2.8460



16.9014, -2.7042, 2.1439



34.1065, -29.2463, 20.5041



78.8313, -67.5977, 47.3919

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.9705, 2.6539, -1.2278



41.2043, 4.6558, -2.4224



31.8288, 1.8956, 0.7843



16.2129, 1.0138, -0.3968



21.5224, 42.3134, -28.3848



49.7452, 97.8001, -65.6062

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 33.5615, -5.9431, 4.6472 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

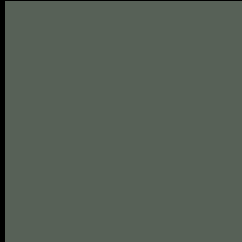
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 33.5615, -5.9431, 4.6472 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

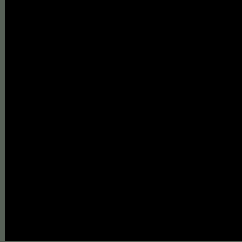
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 33.5615, -5.9431, 4.6472 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 33.5615, -5.9431, 4.6472.

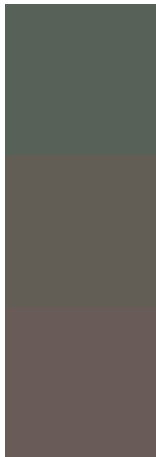


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 33.5615, -5.9431,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

33.5615, -5.9431, 4.6472

Protanopia

33.5529, -1.9035, 5.4551

Deuteranopia

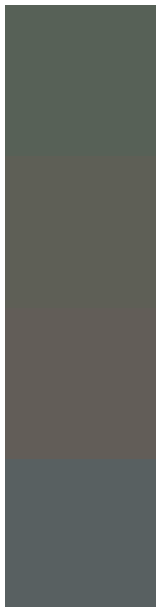
33.4515, 1.9084, 4.2822



Tritanopia

33.5672, -2.3203, -1.5598

Trichromacy



Original Color

33.5615, -5.9431, 4.6472

Protanomaly

33.5201, -3.3424, 5.0238

Deuteranomaly

33.3616, -1.0643, 4.1306

Tritanomaly

33.6207, -3.8059, 0.7064

Monochromacy



Original Color

33.5615, -5.9431, 4.6472

Achromatopsia

33.0850, -1.7653, 1.7976

Achromatomaly

33.1435, -3.0380, 2.6641

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 33.5615, -5.9431, 4.6472 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 97, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 97, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 97, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 97, 87) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 33.5615, -5.9431, 4.6472 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 97, 87) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 97, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(87, 97, 87)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 97, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 97, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 97, 87)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 33.5615, -5.9431, 4.6472 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 97, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 97,  
87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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