

Converting Colors

HunterLab(33.6751, -5.1423,
2.8308)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(33.6751, -5.1423, 2.8308)
contains.

HunterLab(33.6873, -5.2398, 2.8457)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(33.6873, -5.2398,
2.8457)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	57615C
RGB	87, 97, 92
RGB Percent	34%, 38%, 36%
CMY	0.6588, 0.6196, 0.6392
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.05, 0.62
HSL	150°, 5%, 36%
HSV	150°, 10%, 38%
XYZ	10.1369, 11.3483, 11.7814
YIQ	93.4400, -4.3550, -3.6750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

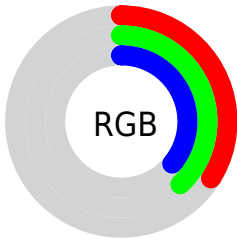
Format	Color
R_{YB}	87, 94, 97
Decimal	5726556
CIE Lab	40.16, -4.96, 1.53
CIE LCh	40, 5.189, 162.890
Yxy	11.3488, 0.3047, 0.3411
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283916636 (0xFF57615C)
YUV	93.4400, -0.7099, -5.6479
Hunter-Lab	33.6873, -5.2398, 2.8457

Details

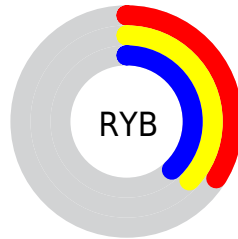
The HunterLab color $33.6873, -5.2398, 2.8457$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $31.8289, 1.8956, 0.7840$, and the grayscale version is $33.2526, -1.7743, 1.8067$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $53.3396, -7.0423, 4.2983$, and $17.4847, -3.7303, 1.9438$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $32.9101, -8.3100, 3.8311$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $34.5472, -1.9503, 1.9069$.

Distribution



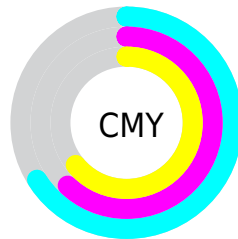
- Red (34%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (62%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 33.6873, -5.2398, 2.8457 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 33.6873, -5.2398, 2.8457 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 33.6873, -5.2398,
2.8457

■ 33.6873, -5.2398,
2.8457

141.4374,
-13.1765, 9.3482

■ 25.1037, -4.4467,
2.2812

■ 53.2010, -6.8706,
4.0798

■ 17.4056, -3.6596,
1.7528

■ 64.0156, -7.7121,
4.7455

■ 10.7107, -2.8656,
1.2616

■ 75.4775, -8.5729,
5.4420

■ 1.3387, -2.3427,
0.9371

■ 87.5520, -9.4536,
6.1681

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 100.2094,
-10.3542, 6.9227

0.0000, NaN, NaN

113.4241,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-11.2750, 7.7048

0.0000, NaN, NaN

127.1734,
-12.2158, 8.5136

■ 33.6873, -5.2398,
2.8457

■ 33.6873, -5.2398,
2.8457

■ 32.9101, -8.3100,
3.8311

■ 34.5472, -1.9503,
1.9069

■ 32.2152, -11.1332,
4.8543

■ 35.4853, 1.5340,
1.0188

■ 31.6047, -13.6861,
5.9071

■ 36.4992, 5.1865,
0.1856

■ 31.0786, -15.9487,
6.9791

■ 37.5859, 8.9826,
-0.5901

■ 30.6361, -17.9060,
8.0587

■ 38.7419, 12.8995,
-1.3072

■ 30.2751, -19.5501,
9.1334

■ 39.9638, 16.9167,
-1.9657

■ 29.9920, -20.8815,
10.1901

■ 41.2480, 21.0163,
-2.5665

■ 29.7814, -21.9114,
11.2153

■ 42.5912, 25.1825,
-3.1109

■ 29.6097, -22.7679,
12.1397

■ 43.9900, 29.4021,
-3.6012

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



33.6880, -4.2644, 4.2960



33.6873, -5.2398, 2.8457



33.6880, -5.3077, 1.0444

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.6880, -5.2405, 2.8462



33.6880, -0.9755, -1.7555



33.6880, 0.9359, 4.1275

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.6873, -5.2398, 2.8457



31.8289, 1.8956, 0.7840

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



33.6880, 1.8588, 2.6044



33.6873, -5.2398, 2.8457



33.6880, 0.7388, -0.8297

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33.6880, -5.2405, 2.8462



33.6880, -2.8738, -1.6818



33.6880, 1.7858, 0.7888



33.6880, -0.7112, 5.0070

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.6873, -5.2398, 2.8457



33.6880, -4.8303, -0.1206



33.6880, 1.7858, 0.7888



33.6880, 1.3428, 3.6776

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.6880, -5.2405, 2.8462



44.9066, -3.7763, 2.8315



33.9440, -4.5767, 5.0860



22.3387, -2.0263, 1.4513



72.2857, -3.8570, 3.9274



22.5557, -1.2035, 1.2255

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.6880, -5.2405, 2.8462



43.8882, -7.7045, 3.9845



33.8173, -4.5204, 1.0014



16.9562, -2.3983, 1.3585



34.5238, -26.6423, 14.3614



79.6842, -62.2719, 34.8288

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.8289, 1.8956, 0.7840



40.9800, 3.4612, 0.7602



31.7000, 1.2026, 2.6227



16.1522, 0.6875, 0.4664



19.3506, 34.6194, 1.0239



44.5260, 79.2903, 5.2201

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 33.6873, -5.2398, 2.8457 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 33.6873, -5.2398, 2.8457 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

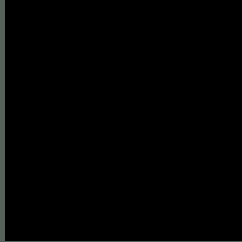
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 33.6873, -5.2398, 2.8457 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 33.6873, -5.2398, 2.8457.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 33.6873, -5.2398,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

33.6873, -5.2398, 2.8457

Protanopia

33.5931, -1.5185, 3.6013

Deuteranopia

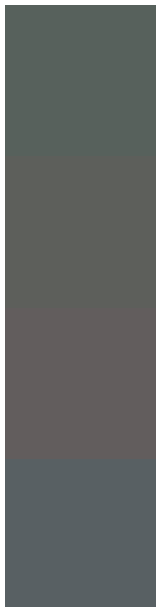
33.4896, 2.2928, 2.3422



Tritanopia

33.5969, -2.1571, -1.9806

Trichromacy



Original Color

33.6873, -5.2398, 2.8457

Protanomaly

33.5662, -2.9315, 3.1494

Deuteranomaly

33.4898, -0.3658, 2.2959

Tritanomaly

33.6768, -3.4952, -0.0920

Monochromacy



Original Color

33.6873, -5.2398, 2.8457

Achromatopsia

33.0850, -1.7653, 1.7976

Achromatomaly

33.1962, -2.7473, 1.9111

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 33.6873, -5.2398, 2.8457 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 97, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 97, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 97, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 97, 92) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 33.6873, -5.2398, 2.8457 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 97, 92) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 97, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(87, 97, 92)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 97, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 97, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 97, 92)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 33.6873, -5.2398, 2.8457 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 97, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 97,  
92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor