

Converting Colors

HunterLab(33.8005, -5.3997,
6.7040)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(33.8005, -5.3997, 6.7040)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(33.8140, -5.2703,
6.7469)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5C6152
RGB	92, 97, 82
RGB Percent	36%, 38%, 32%
CMY	0.6392, 0.6196, 0.6784
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.15, 0.62
HSL	80°, 8%, 35%
HSV	80°, 15%, 38%
XYZ	10.2113, 11.4339, 9.6514
YIQ	93.7950, 1.8350, -5.7250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

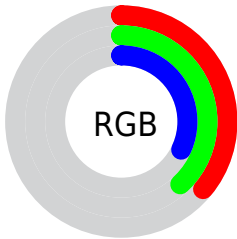
Format	Color
R _Y B	82, 97, 87
Decimal	6054226
CIE Lab	40.30, -4.99, 7.90
CIE LCh	40, 9.341, 122.272
Yxy	11.4344, 0.3263, 0.3653
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284244306 (0xFF5C6152)
YUV	93.7950, -5.8149, -1.5742
Hunter-Lab	33.8140, -5.2703, 6.7469

Details

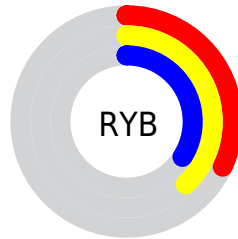
The HunterLab color $[33.8140, -5.2703, 6.7469]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[29.8734, 2.1312, -4.0016]$, and the grayscale version is $[33.4012, -1.7822, 1.8147]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[53.4502, -7.2373, 8.9903]$, and $[17.5558, -3.8349, 4.8396]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[33.3675, -7.2955, 9.4478]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[34.2969, -3.0956, 3.6939]$.

Distribution



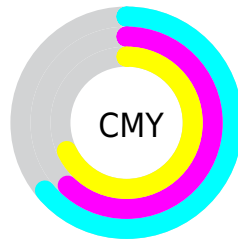
- Red (36%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (32%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (62%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (68%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 33.8140, -5.2703, 6.7469 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 33.8140, -5.2703, 6.7469 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 33.8140, -5.2703,
6.7469

■ 33.8140, -5.2703,
6.7469

141.6417,
-13.2223, 16.0333

■ 25.2186, -4.4752,
5.7426

■ 53.3485, -6.9051,
8.7421

■ 17.5073, -3.6859,
4.7144

■ 64.1725, -7.7485,
9.7462

■ 10.7972, -2.8896,
3.7709

■ 75.6433, -8.6110,
10.7601

■ 1.8304, -3.2032,
1.2813

■ 87.7261, -9.4933,
11.7859

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 100.3916,
-10.3955, 12.8253

0.0000, NaN, NaN

113.6139,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-11.3178, 13.8792

0.0000, NaN, NaN

127.3706,
-12.2601, 14.9484

■ 33.8140, -5.2703,
6.7469

■ 33.8140, -5.2703,
6.7469

■ 33.3675, -7.2955,
9.4478

■ 34.2969, -3.0956,
3.6939

■ 32.9553, -9.1636,
11.7910

■ 34.8140, -0.7749,
0.2949

■ 32.5778, -10.8720,
13.7760

■ 35.3656, 1.6842,
-3.4401

■ 32.2346, -12.4185,
15.4062

■ 35.9513, 4.2741,
-7.4994

■ 31.9248, -13.8033,
16.6895

■ 36.5705, 6.9871,
-11.8696

■ 31.6475, -15.0285,
17.6394

■ 37.2225, 9.8152,
-16.5366

■ 31.4010, -16.0995,
18.2762

■ 37.9067, 12.7503,
-21.4852

■ 31.1803, -17.0438,
18.6746

■ 38.6223, 15.7844,
-26.7002

■ 31.0838, -17.4585,
18.8481

■ 39.3683, 18.9098,
-32.1658

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



33.8147, -2.0683, 7.5516



33.8140, -5.2703, 6.7469



33.8147, -7.4726, 4.6435

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.8147, -5.2711, 6.7474



33.8147, -4.8336, -4.2264



33.8147, 5.0714, 2.0895

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.8140, -5.2703, 6.7469



29.8734, 2.1312, -4.0016

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



33.8147, 4.2601, -1.2248



33.8140, -5.2703, 6.7469



33.8147, -1.5431, -5.0814

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33.8147, -5.2711, 6.7474



33.8147, -7.2272, -1.7001



33.8147, 1.8044, -3.9332



33.8147, 3.9797, 5.0356

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.8140, -5.2703, 6.7469



33.8147, -8.1236, 2.6772



33.8147, 1.8044, -3.9332



33.8147, 5.0122, 0.9822

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.8147, -5.2711, 6.7474



44.9227, -3.9585, 4.7007



31.5711, 0.5057, 4.4712



22.3689, -2.0435, 2.4443



72.2857, -3.8570, 3.9274



22.5557, -1.2035, 1.2255

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.8147, -5.2711, 6.7474



44.0256, -8.0086, 10.3350



33.2672, -7.2487, 6.1449



17.1178, -1.9332, 2.3949



36.2214, -20.5064, 21.9605



83.4232, -48.5821, 50.5545

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.8734, 2.1312, -4.0016



37.5322, 4.2051, -7.4224



30.5027, 4.2204, -3.1142



15.9753, 0.2092, -0.7121



12.5510, 30.8500, -64.4166



28.2410, 70.5769, -153.9450

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 33.8140, -5.2703, 6.7469 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 33.8140, -5.2703, 6.7469 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

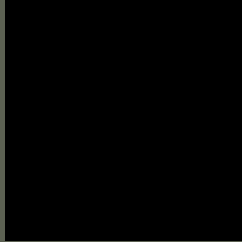
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

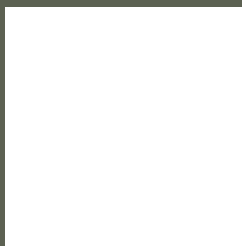
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 33.8140, -5.2703, 6.7469 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 33.8140, -5.2703, 6.7469.

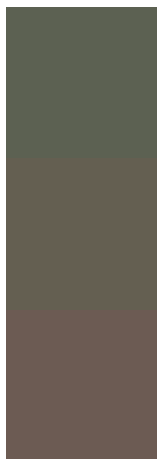


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 33.8140, -5.2703, 6.7469.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

33.8140, -5.2703, 6.7469

Protanopia

33.8937, -2.2626, 7.2280

Deuteranopia

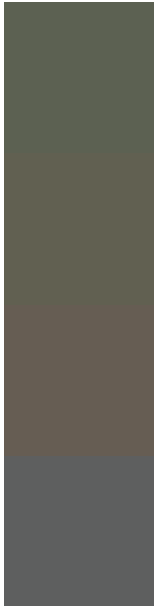
33.6078, 2.1956, 6.3101



Tritanopia

33.7604, -0.2847, -1.2781

Trichromacy



Original Color

33.8140, -5.2703, 6.7469

Protanomaly

33.9134, -3.5678, 7.2253

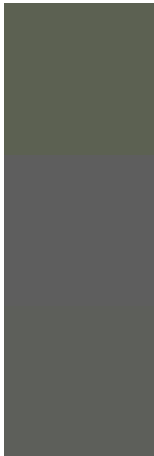
Deuteranomaly

33.5828, -0.5406, 6.2360

Tritanomaly

33.7496, -2.0792, 1.7404

Monochromacy



Original Color

33.8140, -5.2703, 6.7469

Achromatopsia

33.4563, -1.7851, 1.8177

Achromatomaly

33.5407, -3.0723, 3.5150

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 33.8140, -5.2703, 6.7469 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 97, 82)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 97, 82)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 97, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 97, 82) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 33.8140, -5.2703, 6.7469 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 97, 82) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 97, 82) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(92, 97, 82)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 97, 82); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 97, 82);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 97, 82)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 33.8140, -5.2703, 6.7469 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 97, 82) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 97,  
82) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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