

Converting Colors

HunterLab(33.9517, -10.9816,
-4.7184)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(33.9517, -10.9816,
-4.7184) contains.

HunterLab(33.8343, -10.9765, -4.6968)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(33.8343,
-10.9765, -4.6968)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	38666D
RGB	56, 102, 109
RGB Percent	22%, 40%, 43%
CMY	0.7804, 0.6000, 0.5725
CMYK	0.49, 0.06, 0.00, 0.57
HSL	188°, 32%, 32%
HSV	188°, 49%, 43%
XYZ	9.1426, 11.4476, 16.1957
YIQ	89.0440, -29.6630, -7.5750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

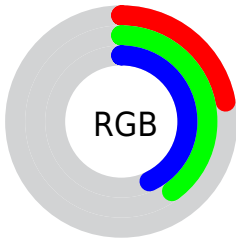
Format	Color
RYB	56, 81, 109
Decimal	3696237
CIELab	40.33, -13.68, -8.86
CIElCh	40, 16.300, 212.913
Yxy	11.4480, 0.2485, 0.3112
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281886317 (0xFF38666D)
YUV	89.0440, 9.8383, -28.9796
Hunter-Lab	33.8343, -10.9765, -4.6968




Details

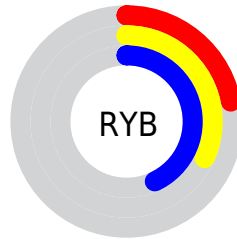
The HunterLab color $[33.8343, -10.9765, -4.6968]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 336666 . A complement of this color would be $[26.6308, 12.3686, 8.2959]$, and the grayscale version is $[31.5964, -1.6859, 1.7167]$.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[53.3351, -13.6841, -4.3457]$, and $[17.5504, -7.9748, -4.7213]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[32.9953, -11.9835, -5.8764]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[34.7599, -9.6692, -3.4288]$.

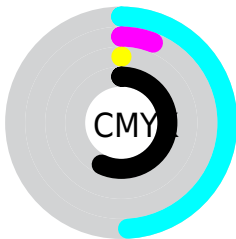
Distribution







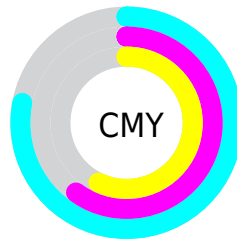
-  Red (22%)
-  Green (40%)
-  Blue (43%)






-  Red (22%)
-  Yellow (32%)
-  Blue (43%)



-  Cyan (49%)
-  Magenta (6%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (57%)



-  Cyan (78%)
-  Magenta (60%)
-  Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 33.8343, -10.9765, -4.6968 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 33.8343, -10.9765, -4.6968 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 33.8343, -10.9765,
-4.6968

■ 33.8343, -10.9765,
-4.6968

■ 141.6743,
-22.8746, -2.2631

■ 25.2370, -9.5611,
-4.6695

■ 53.3720, -13.6862,
-4.5305

■ 17.5236, -8.0694,
-4.5563

■ 64.1975, -15.0088,
-4.3533

■ 10.8110, -6.4967,
-4.3464

■ 75.6697, -16.3212,
-4.1208

■ 1.8970, -3.3198,
-19.2499

■ 87.7539, -17.6287,
-3.8376

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 100.4206,
-18.9353, -3.5073

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 113.6442,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-20.2438, -3.1331

0.0000, NaN, NaN

127.4021,
-21.5563, -2.7176

■ 33.8343, -10.9765,
-4.6968

■ 33.8343, -10.9765,
-4.6968

■ 32.9953, -11.9835,
-5.8764

■ 34.7599, -9.6692,
-3.4288

■ 32.2407, -12.6819,
-6.9622

■ 35.7692, -8.0743,
-2.0826

■ 31.5691, -13.0722,
-7.9488

■ 36.8612, -6.2094,
-0.6666

■ 30.9767, -13.1647,
-8.8352

■ 38.0333, -4.0945,
0.8099

■ 30.4353, -13.0650,
-9.6597

■ 39.2827, -1.7508,
2.3381

■ 30.3607, -13.0512,
-9.7745

■ 40.6059, 0.8003,
3.9097

■ 41.9996, 3.5381,
5.5175

■ 43.4603, 6.4427,
7.1548

■ 44.9844, 9.4958,
8.8161

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



33.8350, -12.5974, 1.2780



33.8343, -10.9765, -4.6968



33.8350, -6.9126, -9.4869

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.8350, -10.9767, -4.6963



33.8350, 9.1144, -3.5590



33.8350, -2.3928, 11.0878

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.8343, -10.9765, -4.6968



26.6308, 12.3686, 8.2959

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



33.8350, 3.6201, 10.2437



33.8343, -10.9765, -4.6968



33.8350, 10.5316, 2.3960

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33.8350, -10.9767, -4.6963



33.8350, 4.7073, -8.7538



33.8350, 8.4566, 7.2896



33.8350, -7.8632, 9.8352

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.8343, -10.9765, -4.6968



33.8350, -3.2218, -10.9920



33.8350, 8.4566, 7.2896



33.8350, -0.3689, 11.0394

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.8350, -10.9767, -4.6963



49.8170, -7.4369, -0.2668



34.8254, -20.0714, 13.3034



23.9152, -3.7949, -0.2764



75.5302, -4.0301, 4.1037



25.2436, -1.3469, 1.3715

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.8350, -10.9767, -4.6963



44.0479, -16.1463, -8.0125



26.7541, -0.1313, -15.5796



18.5126, -2.0300, 0.3710



32.7974, -14.0667, -10.6280



73.4190, -30.9597, -24.9341

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.5314, 21.6520, -11.3645



32.7310, 35.7753, -18.6587



32.6024, 0.7996, 13.2989



17.7690, 1.0625, -0.2077



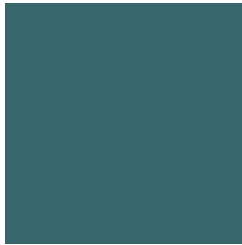
21.8134, 41.7365, -19.8603



49.1465, 93.8852, -43.5923

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 33.8343, -10.9765, -4.6968 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 33.8343, -10.9765, -4.6968 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

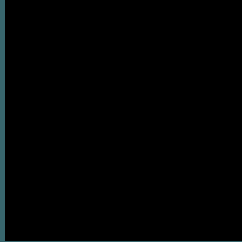
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 33.8343, -10.9765, -4.6968 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 33.8343, -10.9765, -4.6968.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 33.8343,

-10.9765, -4.6968.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

33.8343, -10.9765, -4.6968

Protanopia

33.7410, -0.2320, -2.2266

Deuteranopia

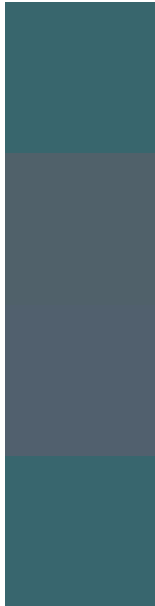
33.5988, 2.4057, -5.7929



Tritanopia

33.8663, -10.7927, -5.1468

Trichromacy



Original Color

33.8343, -10.9765, -4.6968

Protanomaly

33.6087, -4.7243, -3.4282

Deuteranomaly

33.5274, -3.3529, -5.4865

Tritanomaly

33.8663, -10.7927, -5.1468

Monochromacy



Original Color

33.8343, -10.9765, -4.6968

Achromatopsia

31.6068, -1.6865, 1.7173

Achromatomaly

32.2920, -5.7967, -0.5218

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 33.8343, -10.9765, -4.6968 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(56, 102, 109)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(56, 102, 109)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(56, 102, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(56, 102, 109) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 33.8343, -10.9765, -4.6968 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(56, 102, 109) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(56, 102, 109) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(56, 102, 109)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(56, 102, 109); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 102, 109);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 102,  
109) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 33.8343, -10.9765, -4.6968 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(56, 102, 109) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(56, 102,  
109) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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