

Converting Colors

HunterLab(34.0651, -1.6614,
2.5304)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(34.0651, -1.6614, 2.5304)
contains.

HunterLab(33.9617, -1.3952, 2.4152)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(33.9617, -1.3952,
2.4152)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	615F5E
RGB	97, 95, 94
RGB Percent	38%, 37%, 37%
CMY	0.6196, 0.6274, 0.6314
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.03, 0.62
HSL	20°, 2%, 37%
HSV	20°, 3%, 38%
XYZ	11.0424, 11.5340, 12.2340
YIQ	95.4840, 1.5130, 0.1130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

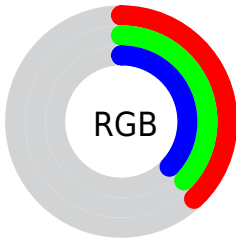
Format	Color
R_{YB}	97, 96, 94
Decimal	6381406
CIE Lab	40.47, 0.59, 0.85
CIE LCh	40, 1.030, 55.265
Yxy	11.5345, 0.3172, 0.3313
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284571486 (0xFF615F5E)
YUV	95.4840, -0.7316, 1.3295
Hunter-Lab	33.9617, -1.3952, 2.4152

Details

The HunterLab color $[33.9617, -1.3952, 2.4152]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[34.0710, -2.2218, 1.2750]$, and the grayscale version is $[34.0115, -1.8148, 1.8479]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[53.4419, -2.0980, 3.6210]$, and $[17.6461, -0.5637, 1.4681]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[32.0234, 0.1246, 4.0911]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[35.9617, -2.8129, 0.6488]$.

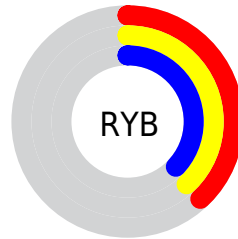
Distribution



Red (38%)

Green (37%)

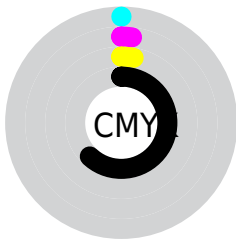
Blue (37%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (38%)

Blue (37%)

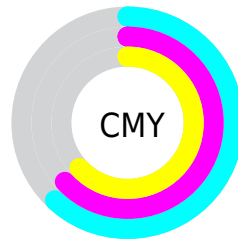


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (62%)



Cyan (62%)

Magenta (63%)

Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 33.9617, -1.3952, 2.4152 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 33.9617, -1.3952, 2.4152 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 33.9617, -1.3952,
2.4152

■ 33.9617, -1.3952,
2.4152

■ 141.8797, -6.9058,
8.6411

■ 25.3526, -0.9748,
1.8935

■ 53.5204, -2.3725,
3.5747

■ 17.6260, -0.6051,
1.4130

■ 64.3553, -2.9205,
4.2069

■ 10.8982, -0.2952,
0.9776

■ 75.8364, -3.5048,
4.8719

■ 2.2724, 1.0043,
1.5907

■ 87.9290, -4.1232,
5.5681

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 100.6038, -4.7739,
6.2942

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 113.8351, -5.4554,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

7.0491

0.0000, NaN, NaN

127.6004, -6.1665,
7.8317

■ 33.9617, -1.3952,
2.4152

■ 33.9617, -1.3952,
2.4152

■ 32.0234, 0.1246,
4.0911

■ 35.9617, -2.8129,
0.6488

■ 30.1509, 1.7588,
5.6602

■ 38.0156, -4.1359,
-1.1980

■ 28.3524, 3.5158,
7.1056

■ 40.1195, -5.3744,
-3.1147

■ 26.6365, 5.4029,
8.4063

■ 42.2690, -6.5371,
-5.0934

■ 25.0129, 7.4235,
9.5375

■ 44.4608, -7.6318,
-7.1275

■ 23.4926, 9.5748,
10.4715

■ 46.6916, -8.6657,
-9.2114

■ 22.0876, 11.8437,
11.1784

■ 48.9587, -9.6450,
-11.3406

■ 20.8107, 14.2028,
11.6303

■ 51.2598, -10.5755,
-13.5113

■ 19.6729, 16.5976,
11.8330

■ 53.5926, -11.4622,
-15.7202

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



33.9624, -1.1497, 2.1444



33.9617, -1.3952, 2.4152



33.9624, -1.7535, 2.5351

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.9624, -1.3960, 2.4157



33.9624, -2.5401, 1.9061



33.9624, -1.5011, 1.2131

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.9617, -1.3952, 2.4152



34.0710, -2.2218, 1.2750

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



33.9624, -1.8744, 1.1476



33.9617, -1.3952, 2.4152



33.9624, -2.4732, 1.5502

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33.9624, -1.3960, 2.4157



33.9624, -2.4132, 2.2429



33.9624, -2.2299, 1.2716



33.9624, -1.2105, 1.4497

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.9617, -1.3952, 2.4152



33.9624, -2.0064, 2.5134



33.9624, -2.2299, 1.2716



33.9624, -1.6211, 1.1703

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.9624, -1.3960, 2.4157



44.9986, -2.2212, 2.6947



33.7513, -0.6569, 1.3457



22.4342, -1.1154, 1.3324



72.2857, -3.8570, 3.9274



22.5557, -1.2035, 1.2255

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.9624, -1.3960, 2.4157



44.2010, -1.6304, 3.3931



34.3613, -2.0599, 2.8645



16.9022, -0.6007, 1.3276



21.9324, 21.7122, 13.8948



49.2104, 54.2769, 31.2734

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.0710, -2.2218, 1.2750



44.3900, -3.0681, 1.4071



33.6713, -1.5586, 0.8067



16.9802, -1.1944, 0.5075



24.8399, -4.4230, -21.4998



55.9426, -7.9365, -52.7908

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 33.9617, -1.3952, 2.4152 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 33.9617, -1.3952, 2.4152 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

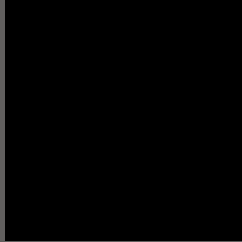
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 33.9617, -1.3952, 2.4152 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 33.9617, -1.3952, 2.4152.

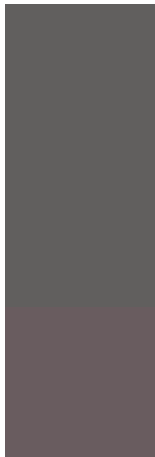


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 33.9617, -1.3952,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

33.9617, -1.3952, 2.4152

Protanopia

33.9617, -1.3952, 2.4152

Deuteranopia

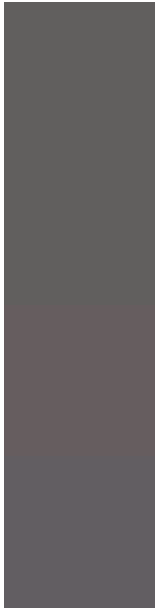
33.8877, 2.4220, 1.9818



Tritanopia

33.9730, 0.3852, -0.5461

Trichromacy



Original Color

33.9617, -1.3952, 2.4152

Protanomaly

33.9617, -1.3952, 2.4152

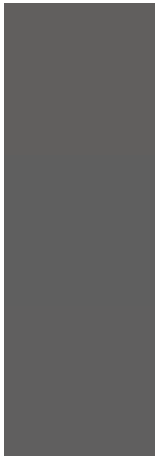
Deuteranomaly

33.8817, 1.0789, 1.9513

Tritanomaly

33.8879, -0.0760, 0.6633

Monochromacy



Original Color

33.9617, -1.3952, 2.4152

Achromatopsia

33.8283, -1.8050, 1.8380

Achromatomaly

33.9079, -1.5285, 1.9364

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 33.9617, -1.3952, 2.4152 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(97, 95, 94)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(97, 95, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 95, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(97, 95, 94) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 33.9617, -1.3952, 2.4152 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(97, 95, 94) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(97, 95, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 95, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(97, 95, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 95, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 95, 94)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 33.9617, -1.3952, 2.4152 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(97, 95, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(97, 95,  
94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor