

Converting Colors

HunterLab(34.0830, -4.0078,
-0.9355)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(34.0830, -4.0078,
-0.9355) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(34.2358, -4.1432,
-0.7461)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	576266
RGB	87, 98, 102
RGB Percent	34%, 38%, 40%
CMY	0.6588, 0.6157, 0.6000
CMYK	0.15, 0.04, 0.00, 0.60
HSL	196°, 8%, 37%
HSV	196°, 15%, 40%
XYZ	10.6964, 11.7209, 14.2690
YIQ	95.1670, -7.8400, -1.0880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

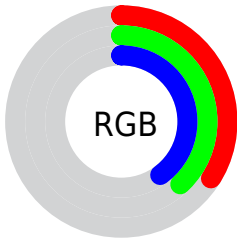
Format	Color
R_{YB}	87, 93, 102
Decimal	5726822
CIE Lab	40.77, -3.30, -3.71
CIE LCh	41, 4.962, 228.382
Yxy	11.7214, 0.2916, 0.3195
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283916902 (0xFF576266)
YUV	95.1670, 3.3687, -7.1625
Hunter-Lab	34.2358, -4.1432, -0.7461

Details

The HunterLab color $34.2358, -4.1432, -0.7461$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $33.1587, 0.8694, 4.3244$, and the grayscale version is $33.8811, -1.8078, 1.8408$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $53.9566, -5.7185, 0.0318$, and $17.8976, -3.0758, -0.9991$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $32.8091, -5.4009, -2.5942$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $35.7283, -2.6909, 1.1080$.

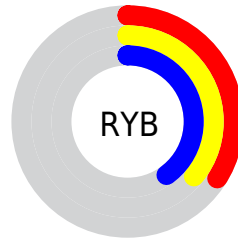
Distribution



Red (34%)

Green (38%)

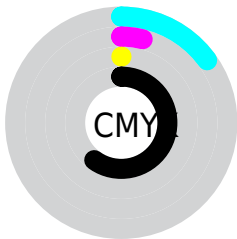
Blue (40%)



Red (34%)

Yellow (36%)

Blue (40%)

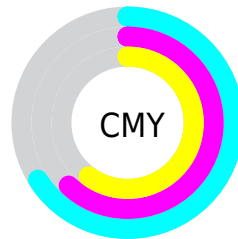


Cyan (15%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (60%)



Cyan (66%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 34.2358, -4.1432, -0.7461 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 34.2358, -4.1432, -0.7461 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 34.2358, -4.1432,
-0.7461

■ 34.2358, -4.1432,
-0.7461

142.3208,
-11.3551, 3.6472

■ 25.6013, -3.4628,
-0.9937

■ 53.8392, -5.5774,
-0.0740

■ 17.8464, -2.8028,
-1.1714

■ 64.6943, -6.3311,
0.3374

■ 11.0862, -2.1580,
-1.2644

■ 76.1944, -7.1093,
0.7934

■ 2.9193, -5.0746,
-5.1077

■ 88.3051, -7.9117,
1.2909

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 100.9971, -8.7380,
1.8271

0.0000, NaN, NaN

114.2449, -9.5876,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

128.0261,
-10.4601, 3.0070

■ 34.2358, -4.1432,
-0.7461

■ 34.2358, -4.1432,
-0.7461

■ 32.8091, -5.4009,
-2.5942

■ 35.7283, -2.6909,
1.1080

■ 31.4499, -6.4422,
-4.4317

■ 37.2805, -1.0612,
2.9616

■ 30.1627, -7.2478,
-6.2503

■ 38.8895, 0.7277,
4.8115

■ 28.9511, -7.7984,
-8.0406

■ 40.5517, 2.6595,
6.6552

■ 27.8181, -8.0774,
-9.7923

■ 42.2639, 4.7195,
8.4908

■ 26.7656, -8.0725,
-11.4942

■ 44.0229, 6.8948,
10.3174

■ 25.7944, -7.7786,
-13.1359

■ 45.8258, 9.1736,
12.1343

■ 24.8950, -7.2308,
-14.7245

■ 47.6699, 11.5458,
13.9414

■ 24.4250, -6.9229,
-15.5847

■ 49.5530, 14.0023,
15.7388

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.2365, -5.1175, 0.7867



34.2358, -4.1432, -0.7461



34.2365, -2.5373, -1.5948

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.2365, -4.1438, -0.7455



34.2365, 1.7015, 1.1798



34.2365, -2.9357, 4.9022

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.2358, -4.1432, -0.7461



33.1587, 0.8694, 4.3244

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



34.2365, -1.1141, 4.9951



34.2358, -4.1432, -0.7461



34.2365, 1.5893, 2.9066

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.2365, -4.1438, -0.7455



34.2365, 0.8530, -0.4447



34.2365, 0.5498, 4.2823



34.2365, -4.4302, 4.0216

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.2358, -4.1432, -0.7461



34.2365, -1.3121, -1.6312



34.2365, 0.5498, 4.2823



34.2365, -2.3421, 5.0248

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.2365, -4.1438, -0.7455



47.4340, -3.4423, 1.6124



35.0431, -7.5377, 4.8108



22.9820, -1.7297, 0.7140



73.3645, -3.9145, 3.9860



23.4461, -1.2510, 1.2739

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.2365, -4.1438, -0.7455



44.6085, -6.1541, -1.9215



32.2882, -0.9516, -3.2038



17.5161, -1.6602, 0.1629



27.5641, -7.6791, -17.8758



61.7552, -15.8081, -43.0636

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.4396, 4.2680, -1.0568



41.6494, 7.8197, -2.4125



35.0647, -2.3577, 6.3187



16.9623, 0.9003, 0.0617



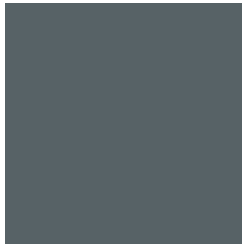
20.6653, 38.4995, -10.7516



47.0349, 87.3546, -22.3659

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 34.2358, -4.1432, -0.7461 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 34.2358, -4.1432, -0.7461 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

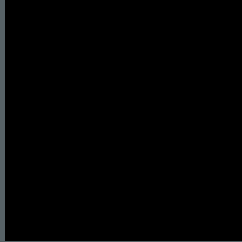
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

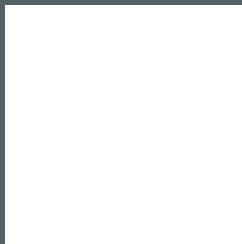
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 34.2358, -4.1432, -0.7461 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 34.2358, -4.1432, -0.7461.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 34.2358, -4.1432, -0.7461.

-0.7461.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

34.2358, -4.1432, -0.7461

Protanopia

34.0460, -0.7744, -0.0307

Deuteranopia

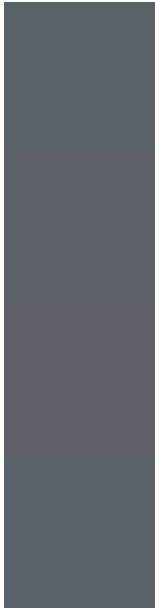
34.1068, 2.2890, -1.2501



Tritanopia

34.1233, -2.9644, -2.2465

Trichromacy



Original Color

34.2358, -4.1432, -0.7461

Protanomaly

34.1064, -1.8755, -0.4194

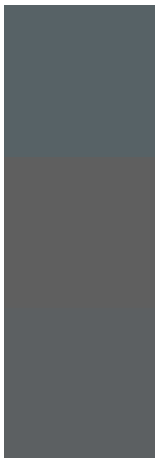
Deuteranomaly

34.2127, -0.0282, -1.1564

Tritanomaly

34.0934, -3.1297, -1.8224

Monochromacy



Original Color

34.2358, -4.1432, -0.7461

Achromatopsia

33.8283, -1.8050, 1.8380

Achromatomaly

33.9454, -2.6074, 0.6886

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 34.2358, -4.1432, -0.7461 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 98, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 98, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 98, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 98, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 34.2358, -4.1432, -0.7461 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 98, 102) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 98, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 98, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 98, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 98, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 98,  
102) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 34.2358, -4.1432, -0.7461 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 98, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 98,  
102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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