

Converting Colors

HunterLab(34.0935, -2.3388,
-0.0544)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(34.0935, -2.3388,
-0.0544) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(34.0017, -2.2979,
-0.1121)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5C6064
RGB	92, 96, 100
RGB Percent	36%, 38%, 39%
CMY	0.6392, 0.6235, 0.6078
CMYK	0.08, 0.04, 0.00, 0.61
HSL	210°, 4%, 38%
HSV	210°, 8%, 39%
XYZ	10.8967, 11.5612, 13.7138
YIQ	95.2600, -3.6680, 0.3960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

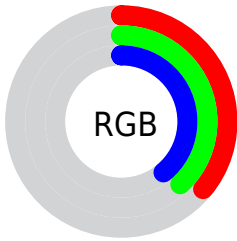
Format	Color
RYB	92, 95, 100
Decimal	6053988
CIELab	40.51, -0.68, -2.82
CIElCh	41, 2.902, 256.428
Yxy	11.5616, 0.3013, 0.3196
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284244068 (0xFF5C6064)
YUV	95.2600, 2.3368, -2.8590
Hunter-Lab	34.0017, -2.2979, -0.1121

Details

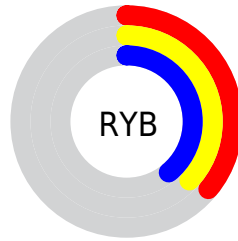
The HunterLab color $[34.0017, -2.2979, -0.1121]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[34.4204, -1.2714, 3.7463]$, and the grayscale version is $[33.9183, -1.8098, 1.8428]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[53.4256, -3.2179, 0.3723]$, and $[17.6609, -1.4959, -0.4509]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[31.9326, -2.6579, -2.7559]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[36.1281, -1.7928, 2.4441]$.

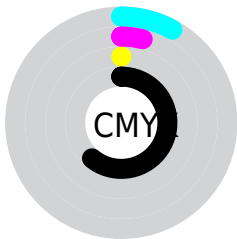
Distribution



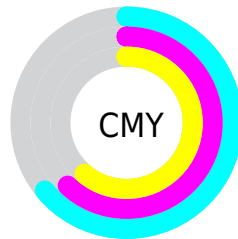
- Red (36%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (39%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (61%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 34.0017, -2.2979, -0.1121 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 34.0017, -2.2979, -0.1121 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 34.0017, -2.2979,
-0.1121

■ 34.0017, -2.2979,
-0.1121

■ 141.9441, -8.3596,
4.6220

■ 25.3889, -1.7935,
-0.4093

■ 53.5669, -3.4229,
0.6495

■ 17.6581, -1.3304,
-0.6411

■ 64.4048, -4.0375,
1.1018

■ 10.9256, -0.9130,
-0.7935

■ 75.8886, -4.6846,
1.5967

■ 2.3779, -1.3749,
-4.7881

■ 87.9839, -5.3626,
2.1312

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 100.6612, -6.0702,
2.7029

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 113.8949, -6.8063,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

127.6625, -7.5697,
3.9500

■ 34.0017, -2.2979,
-0.1121

■ 34.0017, -2.2979,
-0.1121

■ 31.9326, -2.6579,
-2.7559

■ 36.1281, -1.7928,
2.4441

■ 29.9240, -2.8499,
-5.4996

■ 38.3049, -1.1584,
4.9210

■ 27.9828, -2.8505,
-8.3530

■ 40.5288, -0.4108,
7.3285

■ 26.1161, -2.6323,
-11.3254

■ 42.7963, 0.4372,
9.6750

■ 24.3319, -2.1653,
-14.4237

■ 45.1042, 1.3743,
11.9683

■ 22.6392, -1.4176,
-17.6504

■ 47.4498, 2.3911,
14.2149

■ 21.0474, -0.3586,
-21.0006

■ 49.8308, 3.4795,
16.4209

■ 19.5663, 1.0366,
-24.4597

■ 52.2450, 4.6325,
18.5916

■ 18.1727, 2.6750,
-28.0916

■ 54.6905, 5.8441,
20.7316

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.0024, -3.2257, 0.3989



34.0017, -2.2979, -0.1121



34.0024, -1.2310, -0.0848

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.0024, -2.2986, -0.1115



34.0024, 0.1843, 2.4009



34.0024, -3.2971, 3.1752

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.0017, -2.2979, -0.1121



34.4204, -1.2714, 3.7463

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



34.0024, -2.3973, 3.6789



34.0017, -2.2979, -0.1121



34.0024, -0.3832, 3.2415

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.0024, -2.2986, -0.1115



34.0024, 0.2115, 1.3873



34.0024, -1.3309, 3.7028



34.0024, -3.7973, 2.3079

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.0017, -2.2979, -0.1121



34.0024, -0.5830, 0.2346



34.0024, -1.3309, 3.7028



34.0024, -3.0318, 3.3915

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.0024, -2.2986, -0.1115



46.6844, -2.6673, 1.8761



34.9742, -4.6746, 2.7631



23.1819, -1.3171, 0.9601



73.3645, -3.9145, 3.9860



23.4461, -1.2510, 1.2739

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.0024, -2.2986, -0.1115



44.3857, -3.1706, -0.9395



32.9742, -0.5795, -1.3705



17.2294, -1.1922, -0.1819



20.4887, 3.8986, -34.0250



44.8810, 12.6280, -83.3576

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.4789, 1.0966, 1.0496



43.5049, 2.6022, 1.0682



35.4556, -2.9837, 4.8634



16.9326, 0.7408, 0.4837



19.8174, 35.4487, 1.0945



45.0625, 80.2438, 5.2977

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 34.0017, -2.2979, -0.1121 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 34.0017, -2.2979, -0.1121 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

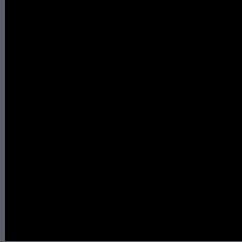
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

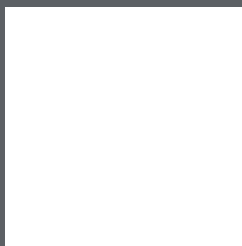
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 34.0017, -2.2979, -0.1121 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 34.0017, -2.2979, -0.1121.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 34.0017, -2.2979, -0.1121.

-0.1121.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

34.0017, -2.2979, -0.1121

Protanopia

34.0177, -0.9285, 0.3713

Deuteranopia

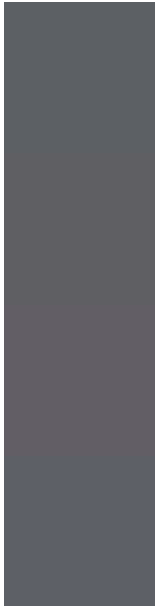
34.0486, 1.9767, -0.4240



Tritanopia

34.1646, -1.5572, -1.2441

Trichromacy



Original Color

34.0017, -2.2979, -0.1121

Protanomaly

33.9384, -1.2027, 0.2695

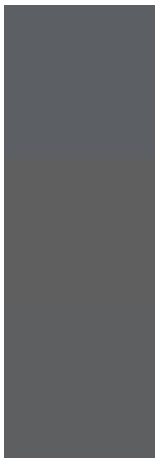
Deuteranomaly

33.9730, 0.3852, -0.5461

Tritanomaly

34.1353, -1.7172, -0.8296

Monochromacy



Original Color

34.0017, -2.2979, -0.1121

Achromatopsia

33.8283, -1.8050, 1.8380

Achromatomaly

33.8041, -1.7802, 0.9631

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 34.0017, -2.2979, -0.1121 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 96, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 96, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 96, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 96, 100) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 34.0017, -2.2979, -0.1121 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 96, 100) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 96, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(92, 96, 100)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 96, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 96, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 96,  
100) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 34.0017, -2.2979, -0.1121 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 96, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 96,  
100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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