

Converting Colors

HunterLab(34.1006, -28.8231,
19.5994)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(34.1006, -28.8231,
19.5994) contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| HunterLab(34.1010, -28.8180, 19.5864) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 31 |

Color

**HunterLab(34.1010,
-28.8180, 19.5864)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | 007011 |
| RGB | 0, 112, 17 |
| RGB Percent | 0%, 44%, 7% |
| CMY | 1.0000, 0.5608, 0.9333 |
| CMYK | 1.00, 0.00, 0.85, 0.56 |
| HSL | 129°, 100%, 22% |
| HSV | 129°, 100%, 44% |
| XYZ | 5.8953, 11.6288, 2.4641 |
| YIQ | 67.6820, -36.2570, -53.2890 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

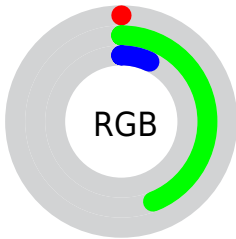
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| RYB | 0, 97, 112 |
| Decimal | 28689 |
| CIELab | 40.62, -46.13, 41.05 |
| CIELCh | 41, 61.749, 138.336 |
| Yxy | 11.6293, 0.2949, 0.5818 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4278218769 (0xFF007011) |
| YUV | 67.6820, -24.9862, -59.3571 |
| Hunter-Lab | 34.1010, -28.8180, 19.5864 |

Details

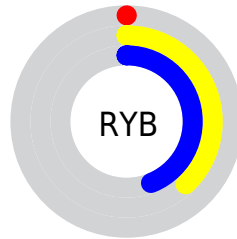
The HunterLab color $[34.1010, -28.8180, 19.5864]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 006600 . A complement of this color would be $[20.6666, 39.3897, -17.6346]$, and the grayscale version is $[24.0257, -1.2820, 1.3054]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[53.6990, -36.0312, 26.2418]$, and $[18.5614, -15.9164, 11.1588]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[34.1017, -28.8184, 19.5865]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[34.2610, -28.0340, 18.8780]$.

Distribution



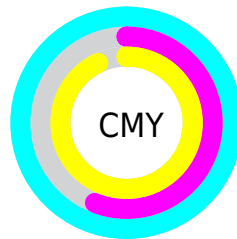
- Red (0%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (7%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (93%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 34.1010, -28.8180, 19.5864 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 34.1010, -28.8180, 19.5864 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 34.1010, -28.8180,
19.5864

■ 34.1010, -28.8180,
19.5864

142.1039,
-56.6239, 45.5600

■ 25.4790, -24.8196,
15.9243

■ 53.6825, -35.9491,
26.2289

■ 17.7380, -20.3723,
12.4166

■ 64.5276, -39.2178,
29.2852

■ 10.9937, -19.2389,
7.6956

■ 76.0184, -42.3452,
32.2104

■ 2.6214, -4.5875,
1.8350

■ 88.1202, -45.3588,
35.0289

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 100.8037,
-48.2792, 37.7596

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 114.0434,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-51.1223, 40.4176

0.0000, NaN, NaN

127.8168,
-53.9006, 43.0145

34.1010, -28.8180,
19.5864

34.1010, -28.8180,
19.5864

34.1017, -28.8184,
19.5865

34.2610, -28.0340,
18.8780

34.4838, -26.9456,
17.9069

34.8073, -25.4029,
16.6875

35.2392, -23.3871,
15.2229

35.7847, -20.8967,
13.5232

■ 36.4467, -17.9452,
11.6043

■ 37.2261, -14.5578,
9.4870

■ 38.1220, -10.7686,
7.1950

■ 39.1323, -6.6177,
4.7533

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.1017, -14.5664, 22.4829



34.1010, -28.8180, 19.5864



34.1017, -35.0532, 9.2680

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.1017, -28.8184, 19.5865



34.1017, -10.2534, -69.6346



34.1017, 50.6774, 12.5568

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.1010, -28.8180, 19.5864



20.6666, 39.3897, -17.6346

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



34.1017, 52.7246, -7.7156



34.1010, -28.8180, 19.5864



34.1017, 13.1229, -66.3728

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.1017, -28.8184, 19.5865



34.1017, -26.3798, -46.4229



34.1017, 37.5779, -39.2282



34.1017, 32.5572, 20.6406

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.1010, -28.8180, 19.5864



34.1017, -35.3030, -4.7728



34.1017, 37.5779, -39.2282



34.1017, 53.4155, 7.3745

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.1017, -28.8184, 19.5865



49.2527, -19.6678, 12.8036



37.4600, -15.3563, 22.8138



23.9694, -10.3814, 6.7349



76.6170, -4.0881, 4.1627



26.1505, -1.3953, 1.4208

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.1017, -28.8184, 19.5865



45.1842, -38.2857, 26.1716



34.7379, -24.8711, 10.2703



19.4184, -3.0608, 2.2280



36.6622, -31.0064, 21.1092



81.7758, -69.5244, 47.8706

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.6666, 39.3897, -17.6346



27.3656, 52.1160, -23.0265



18.9544, 33.2398, 6.2027



18.5612, 1.1162, -0.1886



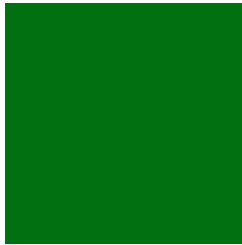
22.2145, 42.3305, -18.8816



49.4782, 94.1168, -40.7704

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 34.1010, -28.8180, 19.5864 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 34.1010, -28.8180, 19.5864 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 34.1010, -28.8180, 19.5864 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 34.1010, -28.8180, 19.5864.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 34.1010, -28.8180, 19.5864.

-28.8180, 19.5864.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

34.1010, -28.8180, 19.5864

Protanopia

34.0300, -4.8246, 20.2787

Deuteranopia

34.0058, 1.9494, 18.9617



Tritanopia

34.2012, -12.3412, -6.2245

Trichromacy



Original Color

34.1010, -28.8180, 19.5864

Protanomaly

32.8628, -17.9409, 19.1863

Deuteranomaly

32.4505, -14.8853, 18.0549

Tritanomaly

33.6771, -20.9407, 7.6955

Monochromacy



Original Color

34.1010, -28.8180, 19.5864

Achromatopsia

24.0428, -1.2829, 1.3063

Achromatomaly

26.6007, -14.8720, 9.6543

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 34.1010, -28.8180, 19.5864 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 112, 17)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 112, 17)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 112, 17) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 112, 17) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 34.1010, -28.8180, 19.5864 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 112, 17) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 112, 17) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 112, 17) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 112, 17); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 112, 17);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 112, 17)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 34.1010, -28.8180, 19.5864 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 112, 17) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 112,  
17) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor