

Converting Colors

HunterLab(34.1663, 4.5849,
4.0031)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(34.1663, 4.5849, 4.0031)
contains.

HunterLab(34.1793, 4.4825, 3.9706)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(34.1793, 4.4825,
3.9706)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	705B5B
RGB	112, 91, 91
RGB Percent	44%, 36%, 36%
CMY	0.5608, 0.6431, 0.6431
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.19, 0.56
HSL	0°, 10%, 40%
HSV	0°, 19%, 44%
XYZ	12.3115, 11.6822, 11.5035
YIQ	97.2790, 12.5160, 4.4520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

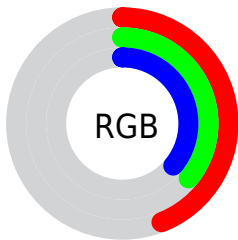
Format	Color
R_{YB}	112, 91, 91
Decimal	7363419
CIE Lab	40.71, 8.56, 3.22
CIE LCh	41, 9.145, 20.633
Yxy	11.6828, 0.3468, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285553499 (0xFF705B5B)
YUV	97.2790, -3.0955, 12.9103
Hunter-Lab	34.1793, 4.4825, 3.9706

Details

The HunterLab color $[34.1793, 4.4825, 3.9706]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[38.7065, -7.6328, 0.2360]$, and the grayscale version is $[34.6872, -1.8508, 1.8846]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[53.7265, 4.4622, 5.3754]$, and $[17.7658, 4.3411, 2.7379]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[31.1924, 8.2300, 5.0122]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[37.3504, 0.8823, 2.9934]$.

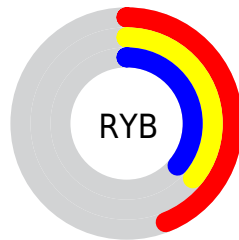
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (36%)

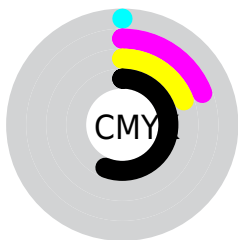
Blue (36%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (36%)

Blue (36%)

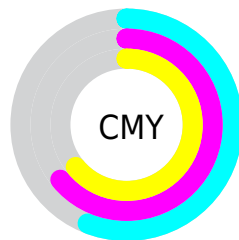


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (19%)

Black (56%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (64%)

Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 34.1793, 4.4825, 3.9706 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 34.1793, 4.4825, 3.9706 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 34.1793, 4.4825,
3.9706

■ 34.1793, 4.4825,
3.9706

■ 142.2300, 2.3339,
11.2067

■ 25.5501, 4.4018,
3.2927

■ 53.7736, 4.3972,
5.4032

■ 17.8010, 4.2198,
2.6365

■ 64.6245, 4.2541,
6.1578

■ 11.0474, 3.9086,
1.9963

■ 76.1207, 4.0532,
6.9379

■ 2.7985, 13.1763,
1.9590

■ 88.2277, 3.7998,
7.7432

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 100.9162, 3.4979,
8.5732

0.0000, NaN, NaN

114.1606, 3.1511,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

9.4275

0.0000, NaN, NaN

127.9385, 2.7623,
10.3055

■ 34.1793, 4.4825,
3.9706

■ 34.1793, 4.4825,
3.9706

■ 31.1924, 8.2300,
5.0122

■ 37.3504, 0.8823,
2.9934

■ 28.4206, 12.1148,
6.1143

■ 40.6767, -2.5723,
2.0753

■ 25.9052, 16.0878,
7.2645

■ 44.1376, -5.8961,
1.2107

■ 23.6936, 20.0440,
8.4307

■ 47.7161, -9.1057,
0.3928

■ 21.8373, 23.7997,
9.5553

■ 51.3984, -12.2175,
-0.3849

■ 20.3846, 27.0911,
10.5533

■ 55.1733, -15.2470,
-1.1282

■ 19.3670, 29.6222,
11.3277

■ 59.0317, -18.2075,
-1.8425

■ 18.6507, 31.5339,
11.9167

■ 62.9661, -21.1108,
-2.5321

■ 18.5608, 31.7823,
11.9935

■ 66.9701, -23.9667,
-3.2008

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.1801, 4.8363, 0.8374



34.1793, 4.4825, 3.9706



34.1801, 2.4015, 6.3094

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.1801, 4.4814, 3.9712



34.1801, -6.7133, 5.5593



34.1801, -2.8785, -4.8296

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.1793, 4.4825, 3.9706



38.7065, -7.6328, 0.2360

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



34.1801, -5.8568, -3.2806



34.1793, 4.4825, 3.9706



34.1801, -8.0134, 2.8530

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.1801, 4.4814, 3.9712



34.1801, -4.0890, 7.1625



34.1801, -7.7060, -0.3940



34.1801, 0.4983, -4.4559

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.1793, 4.4825, 3.9706



34.1801, 0.3597, 7.2014



34.1801, -7.7060, -0.3940



34.1801, -3.9573, -4.5113

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.1801, 4.4814, 3.9712



50.6294, -0.0353, 3.6448



34.7806, 7.6377, -4.5663



24.7168, 0.0878, 1.8146



76.6170, -4.0881, 4.1627



26.1505, -1.3953, 1.4208

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.1801, 4.4814, 3.9712



43.7569, 7.8180, 5.7815



36.8849, -0.3159, 6.8129



18.4433, 0.4807, 1.4932



19.9565, 34.1726, 12.8954



44.5403, 76.2734, 28.7808

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.7065, -7.6328, 0.2360



50.9387, -11.4388, -0.1569



35.7755, -3.0256, -3.4132



19.5324, -2.4253, 0.5975



38.4009, -20.3557, -4.0557



85.7069, -45.4315, -9.0526

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 34.1793, 4.4825, 3.9706 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 34.1793, 4.4825, 3.9706 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

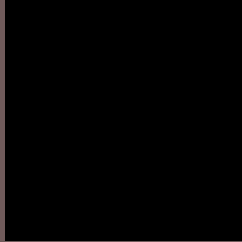
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 34.1793, 4.4825, 3.9706 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 34.1793, 4.4825, 3.9706.

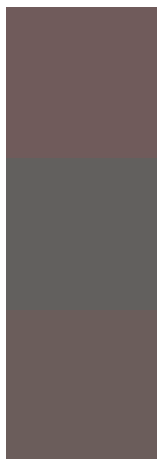


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 34.1793, 4.4825,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

34.1793, 4.4825, 3.9706

Protanopia

34.3083, -1.5583, 2.8127

Deuteranopia

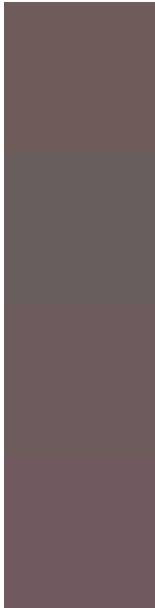
34.2196, 2.0127, 3.9724



Tritanopia

34.1849, 6.0932, 1.5566

Trichromacy



Original Color

34.1793, 4.4825, 3.9706

Protanomaly

34.1750, 0.6358, 3.1031

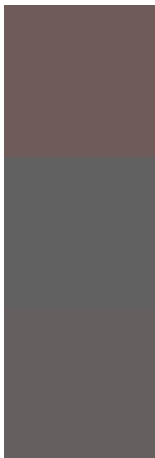
Deuteranomaly

34.1480, 3.0839, 3.9110

Tritanomaly

34.1310, 5.8100, 2.3261

Monochromacy



Original Color

34.1793, 4.4825, 3.9706

Achromatopsia

34.5743, -1.8448, 1.8785

Achromatomaly

34.4026, 0.1759, 2.5433

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 34.1793, 4.4825, 3.9706 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 91, 91)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 91, 91)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 91, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 91, 91) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 34.1793, 4.4825, 3.9706 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 91, 91) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 91, 91) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 91, 91)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 91, 91); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 91, 91);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 91,  
91) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 34.1793, 4.4825, 3.9706 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 91, 91) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112, 91,  
91) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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