

Converting Colors

HunterLab(34.1667, -3.5894,
1.8851)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(34.1667, -3.5894, 1.8851)
contains.

HunterLab(34.1603, -3.3483, 1.7836) 3
 Conversions 4
 Details 6
 Harmonies 12
 Previews 24
 Color Blindness Simulation 28
 CSS Examples 31

Color

HunterLab(34.1603, -3.3483,
1.7836)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	5C6160
RGB	92, 97, 96
RGB Percent	36%, 38%, 38%
CMY	0.6392, 0.6196, 0.6235
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.01, 0.62
HSL	168°, 3%, 37%
HSV	168°, 5%, 38%
XYZ	10.7997, 11.6693, 12.7495
YIQ	95.3910, -2.6590, -1.3710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

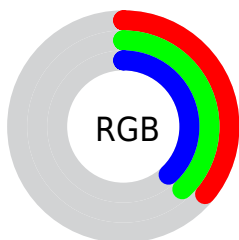
Format	Color
RYB	92, 95, 97
Decimal	6054240
CIELab	40.69, -2.16, -0.11
CIELCh	41, 2.164, 182.945
Yxy	11.6698, 0.3066, 0.3313
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284244320 (0xFF5C6160)
YUV	95.3910, 0.3002, -2.9739
Hunter-Lab	34.1603, -3.3483, 1.7836

Details

The HunterLab color **34.1603, -3.3483, 1.7836** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **33.1456, -0.2033, 1.8951**, and the grayscale version is **33.9742, -1.8128, 1.8459**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **53.8571, -4.9835, 3.1619**, and **17.8291, -2.3046, 0.9110** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33.4162, -6.1091, 1.6705**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34.9828, -0.3851, 1.9889**.

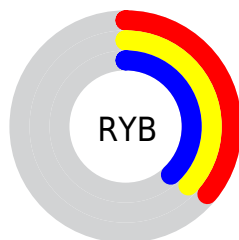
Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (38%)

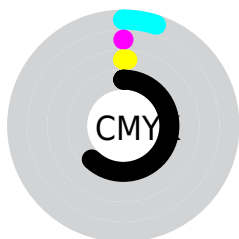
Blue (38%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (37%)

Blue (38%)

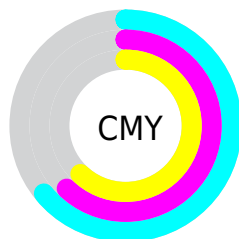


Cyan (5%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (62%)



Cyan (64%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 34.1603, -3.3483, 1.7836 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 34.1603, -3.3483, 1.7836 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 34.1603, -3.3483,
1.7836

■ 34.1603, -3.3483,
1.7836

142.1994,
-10.0607, 7.6192

■ 25.5328, -2.7446,
1.3214

■ 53.7515, -4.6481,
2.8382

■ 17.7857, -2.1704,
0.9075

■ 64.6010, -5.3414,
3.4233

■ 11.0344, -1.6249,
0.5489

■ 76.0958, -6.0626,
4.0438

■ 2.7565, -3.5639,
-0.0171

■ 88.2016, -6.8110,
4.6977

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

100.8889, -7.5858,
5.3836

0.0000, NaN, NaN

114.1321, -8.3861,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

6.1000

0.0000, NaN, NaN

127.9089, -9.2113,
6.8455

■ 34.1603, -3.3483,
1.7836

■ 34.1603, -3.3483,
1.7836

■ 33.4162, -6.1091,
1.6705

■ 34.9828, -0.3851,
1.9889

■ 32.7498, -8.6442,
1.6505

■ 35.8795, 2.7606,
2.2815

■ 32.1628, -10.9353,
1.7248

■ 36.8484, 6.0664,
2.6574

■ 31.6553, -12.9663,
1.8928

■ 37.8869, 9.5110,
3.1119

■ 31.2263, -14.7257,
2.1519

■ 38.9919, 13.0747,
3.6396

■ 30.8740, -16.2078,
2.4974

■ 40.1603, 16.7394,
4.2352

■ 30.5951, -17.4139,
2.9226

■ 41.3890, 20.4890,
4.8934

■ 30.3849, -18.3532,
3.4186

■ 42.6748, 24.3091,
5.6089

■ 30.2286, -19.0793,
3.9646

■ 44.0147, 28.1873,
6.3768

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.1610, -3.1853, 2.5192



34.1603, -3.3483, 1.7836



34.1610, -3.1074, 1.0531

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.1610, -3.3490, 1.7841



34.1610, -0.9830, 0.6070



34.1610, -1.1212, 3.1386

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.1603, -3.3483, 1.7836



33.1456, -0.2033, 1.8951

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



34.1610, -0.5225, 2.6466



34.1603, -3.3483, 1.7836



34.1610, -0.4422, 1.1864

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.1610, -3.3490, 1.7841



34.1610, -1.7454, 0.3638



34.1610, -0.2729, 1.9346



34.1610, -1.9037, 3.2904

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.1603, -3.3483, 1.7836



34.1610, -2.7477, 0.6695



34.1610, -0.2729, 1.9346



34.1610, -0.8916, 3.0081

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.1610, -3.3490, 1.7841



45.0464, -3.2096, 2.4063



34.1382, -3.6399, 3.3866



22.4559, -1.5646, 1.2013



72.2857, -3.8570, 3.9274



22.5557, -1.2035, 1.2255

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.1610, -3.3490, 1.7841



44.6198, -4.7652, 2.3151



33.8064, -2.5767, 0.9509



17.0928, -1.8312, 0.8867



35.1655, -22.7072, 5.0645



81.2009, -52.9575, 12.8261

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.1456, -0.2033, 1.8951



43.0296, 0.1618, 2.4892



33.4911, -0.9786, 2.6947



16.4797, 0.0683, 0.9538



18.7554, 32.4378, 9.6492



43.2276, 74.5224, 24.1048

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 34.1603, -3.3483, 1.7836 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 34.1603, -3.3483, 1.7836 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

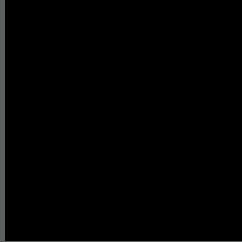
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 34.1603, -3.3483, 1.7836 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 34.1603, -3.3483, 1.7836.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 34.1603, -3.3483,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

34.1603, -3.3483, 1.7836

Protanopia

34.0695, -0.9690, 2.1356

Deuteranopia

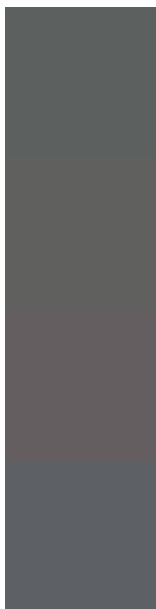
34.1980, 2.2549, 1.5049



Tritanopia

34.1646, -1.5572, -1.2441

Trichromacy



Original Color

34.1603, -3.3483, 1.7836

Protanomaly

34.1742, -1.9716, 2.2402

Deuteranomaly

34.0262, 0.3416, 1.2666

Tritanomaly

34.0778, -2.0322, -0.0135

Monochromacy



Original Color

34.1603, -3.3483, 1.7836

Achromatopsia

33.8283, -1.8050, 1.8380

Achromatomaly

34.0171, -2.5199, 2.0471

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 34.1603, -3.3483, 1.7836 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(92, 97, 96) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 97, 96)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 97, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 97, 96) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 34.1603, -3.3483, 1.7836 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 97, 96) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 97, 96) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 97, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 97, 96); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 97, 96);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 97, 96)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 34.1603, -3.3483, 1.7836 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 97, 96) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 97,  
96) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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