

Converting Colors

HunterLab(34.1735, -1.7709,
11.2583)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(34.1735, -1.7709,
11.2583) contains.

HunterLab(34.1735, -1.7709, 11.2583)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(34.1735, -1.7709,
11.2583)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6A5F45
RGB	106, 95, 69
RGB Percent	42%, 37%, 27%
CMY	0.5843, 0.6274, 0.7294
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.35, 0.58
HSL	42°, 21%, 34%
HSV	42°, 35%, 42%
XYZ	11.1103, 11.6783, 7.2988
YIQ	95.3250, 14.9020, -5.7540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

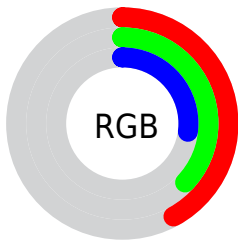
Format	Color
R_{YB}	85, 106, 69
Decimal	6971205
CIE Lab	40.70, 0.07, 16.52
CIE LCh	41, 16.515, 89.741
Yxy	11.6788, 0.3693, 0.3882
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285161285 (0xFF6A5F45)
YUV	95.3250, -12.9782, 9.3620
Hunter-Lab	34.1735, -1.7709, 11.2583

Details

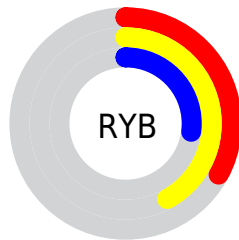
The HunterLab color **34.1735, -1.7709, 11.2583** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **28.3600, 0.2465, -11.0275**, and the grayscale version is **33.9929, -1.8138, 1.8469**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **53.6696, -2.6695, 14.4322**, and **17.7942, -0.8583, 7.8853** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33.1700, -1.3699, 13.1641**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35.2159, -2.0237, 9.0166**.

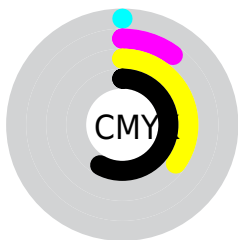
Distribution



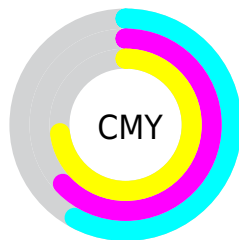
- Red (42%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 34.1735, -1.7709, 11.2583 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 34.1735, -1.7709, 11.2583 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 34.1735, -1.7709,
11.2583

■ 34.1735, -1.7709,
11.2583

142.2207, -7.5105,
24.5774

■ 25.5448, -1.3161,
9.5987

■ 53.7669, -2.8098,
14.3745

■ 17.7963, -0.9077,
7.8207

■ 64.6174, -3.3855,
15.8721

■ 11.0435, -0.5533,
7.0041

■ 76.1131, -3.9958,
17.3461

■ 2.7858, -0.0318,
1.9501

■ 88.2198, -4.6389,
18.8044

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 100.9079, -5.3132,
20.2528

0.0000, NaN, NaN

114.1519, -6.0174,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

127.9295, -6.7502,
23.1363

■ 34.1735, -1.7709,
11.2583

■ 34.1735, -1.7709,
11.2583

■ 33.1700, -1.3699,
13.1641

■ 35.2159, -2.0237,
9.0166

■ 32.2043, -0.8143,
14.7213

■ 36.2937, -2.1290,
6.4517

■ 31.2780, -0.1044,
15.9223

■ 37.4063, -2.0931,
3.5792

■ 30.3919, 0.7586,
16.7647

■ 38.5523, -1.9219,
0.4152

■ 29.5460, 1.7698,
17.2533

■ 39.7304, -1.6214,
-3.0241

■ 28.7378, 2.9075,
17.4390

■ 40.9392, -1.1981,
-6.7225

■ 28.3337, 3.4978,
17.5203

■ 42.1774, -0.6583,
-10.6644

■ 43.4438, -0.0083,
-14.8348

■ 44.7370, 0.7457,
-19.2193

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.1743, 4.3017, 10.1772



34.1735, -1.7709, 11.2583



34.1743, -7.4628, 10.2141

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.1743, -1.7720, 11.2587



34.1743, -11.4438, -4.1643



34.1743, 8.9313, -4.2674

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.1735, -1.7709, 11.2583



28.3600, 0.2465, -11.0275

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



34.1743, 4.2031, -9.3419



34.1735, -1.7709, 11.2583



34.1743, -7.5488, -9.2753

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.1743, -1.7720, 11.2587



34.1743, -12.8027, 1.9108



34.1743, -1.8785, -11.3160



34.1743, 10.7406, 1.8095

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.1735, -1.7709, 11.2583



34.1743, -10.3404, 8.3258



34.1743, -1.8785, -11.3160



34.1743, 7.6149, -6.1832

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.1743, -1.7720, 11.2587



48.7576, -2.8212, 6.8350



28.1091, 11.2873, 1.4689



23.5264, -1.3670, 3.4928



74.4461, -3.9723, 4.0448



24.3420, -1.2988, 1.3225

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.1743, -1.7720, 11.2587



44.1712, -1.9223, 17.0321



36.5622, -8.6685, 13.2474



18.5450, -1.0662, 2.4010



31.4693, 4.0711, 19.4625



69.9260, 11.2542, 43.2851

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.3600, 0.2465, -11.0275



34.7644, 1.5090, -19.3658



26.1724, 7.0010, -14.6400



17.7715, -0.8172, -0.5231



15.7656, 15.7243, -53.6499



33.6364, 40.9974, -130.5441

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 34.1735, -1.7709, 11.2583 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 34.1735, -1.7709, 11.2583 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

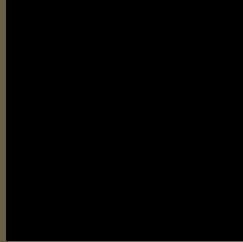
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 34.1735, -1.7709, 11.2583 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 34.1735, -1.7709, 11.2583.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 34.1735, -1.7709, 11.2583.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

34.1735, -1.7709, 11.2583

Protanopia

34.1745, -3.1308, 11.2354

Deuteranopia

34.1671, 2.2312, 11.0377



Tritanopia

34.0811, 4.5299, 0.9775

Trichromacy



Original Color

34.1735, -1.7709, 11.2583

Protanomaly

34.2614, -2.8255, 11.3191

Deuteranomaly

34.1327, 0.8023, 10.9814

Tritanomaly

33.9567, 2.2463, 5.2195

Monochromacy



Original Color

34.1735, -1.7709, 11.2583

Achromatopsia

33.8283, -1.8050, 1.8380

Achromatomaly

33.9248, -1.9246, 5.4838

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 34.1735, -1.7709, 11.2583 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(106, 95, 69)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(106, 95, 69)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 95, 69) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(106, 95, 69) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 34.1735, -1.7709, 11.2583 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(106, 95, 69) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(106, 95, 69) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 95, 69) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(106, 95, 69); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 95, 69);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 95,  
69) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 34.1735, -1.7709, 11.2583 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(106, 95, 69) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(106, 95,  
69) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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