

Converting Colors

HunterLab(34.1983, -2.8072,
-0.9865)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(34.1983, -2.8072,
-0.9865) contains.

HunterLab(34.1795, -2.9448, -0.7957)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

HunterLab(34.1795, -2.9448,
-0.7957)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5A6166
RGB	90, 97, 102
RGB Percent	35%, 38%, 40%
CMY	0.6471, 0.6196, 0.6000
CMYK	0.12, 0.05, 0.00, 0.60
HSL	205°, 6%, 38%
HSV	205°, 12%, 40%
XYZ	10.8894, 11.6824, 14.2514
YIQ	95.4770, -5.7770, 0.0710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

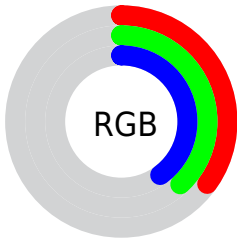
Format	Color
RYB	90, 94, 102
Decimal	5923174
CIELab	40.71, -1.58, -3.77
CIElCh	41, 4.093, 247.240
Yxy	11.6829, 0.2957, 0.3173
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284113254 (0xFF5A6166)
YUV	95.4770, 3.2158, -4.8033
Hunter-Lab	34.1795, -2.9448, -0.7957

Details

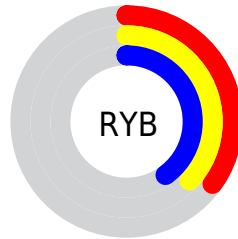
The HunterLab color $[34.1795, -2.9448, -0.7957]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[34.2744, -0.5196, 4.3775]$, and the grayscale version is $[33.9966, -1.8140, 1.8471]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[53.9028, -4.4062, -0.0114]$, and $[17.8296, -2.0474, -1.0686]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[32.3136, -3.6148, -3.2167]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[36.1059, -2.1085, 1.5691]$.

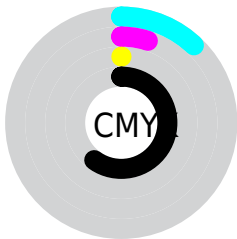
Distribution



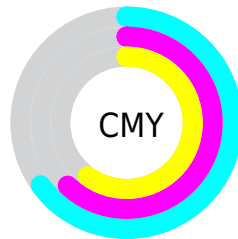
- Red (35%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 34.1795, -2.9448, -0.7957 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 34.1795, -2.9448, -0.7957 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 34.1795, -2.9448,
-0.7957

■ 34.1795, -2.9448,
-0.7957

■ 142.2302, -9.4051,
3.5696

■ 25.5502, -2.3796,
-1.0391

■ 53.7738, -4.1768,
-0.1310

■ 17.8011, -1.8486,
-1.2123

■ 64.6247, -4.8395,
0.2770

■ 11.0475, -1.3530,
-1.3003

■ 76.1209, -5.5321,
0.7298

■ 2.7988, -2.6151,
-5.4382

■ 88.2279, -6.2532,
1.2242

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 100.9164, -7.0020,
1.7575

0.0000, NaN, NaN

114.1608, -7.7774,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

2.3274

0.0000, NaN, NaN

127.9387, -8.5787,
2.9320

■ 34.1795, -2.9448,
-0.7957

■ 34.1795, -2.9448,
-0.7957

■ 32.3136, -3.6148,
-3.2167

■ 36.1059, -2.1085,
1.5691

■ 30.5111, -4.0953,
-5.6984

■ 38.0860, -1.1229,
3.8796

■ 28.7783, -4.3635,
-8.2416

■ 40.1163, -0.0049,
6.1407

■ 27.1214, -4.3941,
-10.8453

■ 42.1934, 1.2308,
8.3568

■ 25.5468, -4.1610,
-13.5053

■ 44.3137, 2.5719,
10.5320

■ 24.0609, -3.6392,
-16.2134

■ 46.4745, 4.0074,
12.6706

■ 22.6699, -2.8079,
-18.9566

■ 48.6731, 5.5280,
14.7764

■ 21.3774, -1.6589,
-21.7206

■ 50.9072, 7.1256,
16.8530

■ 20.3477, -0.6169,
-24.1012

■ 53.1747, 8.7931,
18.9038

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.1802, -4.1143, 0.1405



34.1795, -2.9448, -0.7957



34.1802, -1.4577, -1.0047

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.1802, -2.9455, -0.7951



34.1802, 1.1129, 2.2080



34.1802, -3.5709, 3.9942

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.1795, -2.9448, -0.7957



34.2744, -0.5196, 4.3775

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



34.1802, -2.1920, 4.4973



34.1795, -2.9448, -0.7957



34.1802, 0.5249, 3.4956

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.1802, -2.9455, -0.7951



34.1802, 0.9027, 0.7708



34.1802, -0.6911, 4.3188



34.1802, -4.4710, 2.9155

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.1795, -2.9448, -0.7957



34.1802, -0.4818, -0.6965



34.1802, -0.6911, 4.3188



34.1802, -3.1490, 4.2341

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.1802, -2.9455, -0.7951



47.2087, -3.0714, 1.3485



35.3542, -6.2082, 3.5996



22.8571, -1.5244, 0.5673



73.3645, -3.9145, 3.9860



23.4461, -1.2510, 1.2739

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.1802, -2.9455, -0.7951



44.6048, -4.1571, -1.8912



32.6338, -0.3701, -2.7363



17.3314, -1.3596, -0.0586



22.8925, -0.4169, -27.7137



50.5738, 1.9930, -67.5150

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.1669, 2.7386, 0.2675



42.9815, 5.0357, -0.1294



35.8214, -3.0930, 6.0084



16.9431, 0.7973, 0.3341



20.0813, 36.4050, -2.6448



45.6671, 82.4397, -3.3076

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 34.1795, -2.9448, -0.7957 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

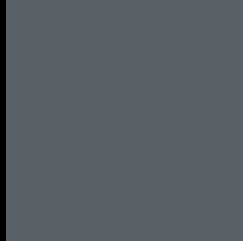
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 34.1795, -2.9448, -0.7957 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

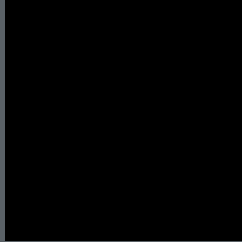
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

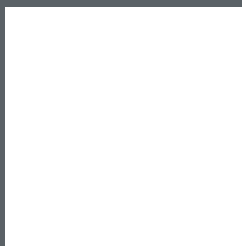
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 34.1795, -2.9448, -0.7957 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 34.1795, -2.9448, -0.7957.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 34.1795, -2.9448, -0.7957.

-0.7957.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

34.1795, -2.9448, -0.7957

Protanopia

34.0746, -0.6186, -0.4370

Deuteranopia

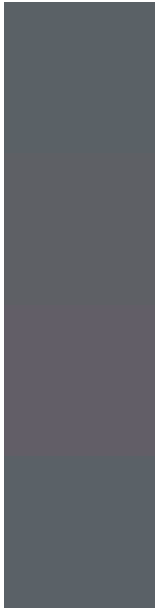
34.1068, 2.2890, -1.2501



Tritanopia

34.2382, -2.6215, -1.6280

Trichromacy



Original Color

34.1795, -2.9448, -0.7957

Protanomaly

34.1833, -1.6081, -0.3192

Deuteranomaly

34.0314, 0.7009, -1.3738

Tritanomaly

34.2087, -2.7840, -1.2097

Monochromacy



Original Color

34.1795, -2.9448, -0.7957

Achromatopsia

33.8283, -1.8050, 1.8380

Achromatomaly

34.0217, -2.3406, 0.7855

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 34.1795, -2.9448, -0.7957 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(90, 97, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(90, 97, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 97, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(90, 97, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 34.1795, -2.9448, -0.7957 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(90, 97, 102) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(90, 97, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(90, 97, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(90, 97, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 97, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 97,  
102) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 34.1795, -2.9448, -0.7957 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(90, 97, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(90, 97,  
102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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