

Converting Colors

HunterLab(34.3082, 79.7977,
-140.9597)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(34.3082, 79.7977,
-140.9597) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(34.3645, 79.8597,
-140.6559)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8000FF
RGB	128, 0, 255
RGB Percent	50%, 0%, 100%
CMY	0.4980, 1.0000, 0.0000
CMYK	0.50, 1.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	270°, 100%, 50%
HSV	270°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	26.9521, 11.8092, 95.4666
YIQ	67.3420, -5.5670, 106.4410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

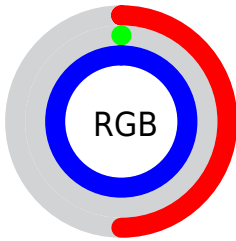
Format	Color
RYB	128, 0, 255
Decimal	8388863
CIELab	40.91, 83.18, -93.30
CIElCh	41, 124.996, 311.719
Yxy	11.8097, 0.2008, 0.0880
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286578943 (0xFF8000FF)
YUV	67.3420, 92.5154, 53.1971
Hunter-Lab	34.3645, 79.8597, -140.6559

Details

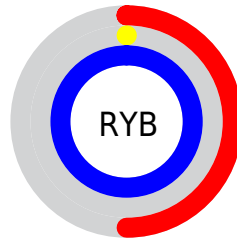
The HunterLab color $[34.3645, 79.8597, -140.6559]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex $6600FF$. The color can be described as dark saturated purple. A complement of this color would be $[87.1961, -61.4732, 52.6536]$, and the grayscale version is $[23.4992, -1.2539, 1.2768]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[49.6115, 67.4657, -81.3130]$, and $[22.0078, 56.0057, -127.7667]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[34.3652, 79.8604, -140.6523]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[36.8426, 77.6899, -128.1880]$.

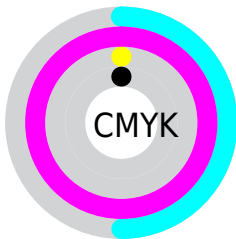
Distribution



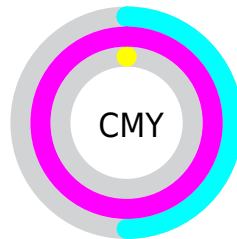
- Red (50%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 34.3645, 79.8597, -140.6559 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 34.3645, 79.8597, -140.6559 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 34.3645, 79.8597,
-140.6559

■ 34.3645, 79.8597,
-140.6559

142.5276,
100.7462, -135.9639

■ 25.7181, 77.6644,
-147.8105

■ 53.9888, 84.8130,
-134.5251

■ 17.9500, 76.1320,
-161.2109

■ 64.8534, 87.3100,
-133.4679

■ 11.1746, 76.4264,
-189.0560

■ 76.3623, 89.7530,
-133.1144

■ 3.1774, 156.8534,
-464.1431

■ 88.4815, 92.1222,
-133.2258

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 101.1816, 94.4084,
-133.6510

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 114.4371, 96.6077,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-134.2908

128.2257, 98.7199,
-135.0775

■ 34.3645, 79.8597,
-140.6559

■ 34.3645, 79.8597,
-140.6559

■ 34.3652, 79.8604,
-140.6523

■ 36.8426, 77.6899,
-128.1880

■ 40.4962, 72.1533,
-112.2974

■ 45.3611, 63.9212,
-94.5883

■ 51.2670, 54.2415,
-76.8732

■ 58.0258, 44.0114,
-60.1433

■ 65.4740, 33.7259,
-44.7369

■ 73.4825, 23.6067,
-30.6422

■ 81.9529, 13.7268,
-17.7060

■ 90.8109, 4.0882,
-5.7401

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.3652, 18.2055, -227.7381



34.3645, 79.8597, -140.6559



34.3652, 130.3391, -36.7644

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.3652, 79.8604, -140.6523



34.3652, 30.8266, 24.0556



34.3652, -52.8038, -20.1901

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.3645, 79.8597, -140.6559



87.1961, -61.4732, 52.6536

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



34.3652, -52.1208, 19.2534



34.3645, 79.8597, -140.6559



34.3652, -18.1293, 24.0556

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.3652, 79.8604, -140.6523



34.3652, 93.1968, 24.0556



34.3652, -43.3077, 24.0556



34.3652, -46.2658, -115.8952

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.3645, 79.8597, -140.6559



34.3652, 140.3237, 4.3184



34.3652, -43.3077, 24.0556



34.3652, -53.2508, -0.7717

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.3652, 79.8604, -140.6523



73.4825, 23.6067, -30.6422



47.4639, 13.6050, -88.6950



32.4058, 12.8828, -16.8556

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.3652, 79.8604, -140.6523



53.3667, 104.9207, -70.3875



42.2205, 1.6732, -2.3915



25.0193, 57.9246, -100.7179



8.2123, 18.5366, -29.3651

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.7411, 84.9673, 5.9720



84.5695, -72.5183, 50.8418



42.5887, 2.5328, 1.0597



34.5536, 61.5781, 3.6922



10.8837, 19.5843, -0.2976

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 34.3645, 79.8597, -140.6559 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

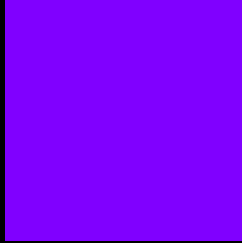
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 34.3645, 79.8597, -140.6559 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

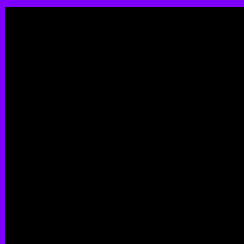
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 34.3645, 79.8597, -140.6559 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 34.3645, 79.8597, -140.6559.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 34.3645, 79.8597, -140.6559.

-140.6559.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

34.3645, 79.8597, -140.6559

Protanopia

34.7601, 12.0679, -69.4982

Deuteranopia

34.6106, -0.1312, -42.9771



Tritanopia

34.6575, -3.7586, -2.5062

Trichromacy



Original Color

34.3645, 79.8597, -140.6559

Protanomaly

29.9174, 40.5675, -113.6699

Deuteranomaly

29.0538, 31.6728, -93.0535

Tritanomaly

29.9216, 29.3064, -47.8625

Monochromacy



Original Color

34.3645, 79.8597, -140.6559

Achromatopsia

23.6915, -1.2641, 1.2872

Achromatomaly

23.6662, 29.1577, -42.3314

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 34.3645, 79.8597, -140.6559 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 0, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(128, 0, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 0, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 0, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 34.3645, 79.8597, -140.6559 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 0, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 0, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 0, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 0, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 0, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 0,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 34.3645, 79.8597, -140.6559 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 0, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128, 0,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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