

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(34.3133, 37.4365,  
-74.7512)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(34.3133, 37.4365,  
-74.7512) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(34.3133, 37.4365,  
-74.7512)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	6947CA
RGB	105, 71, 202
RGB Percent	41%, 28%, 79%
CMY	0.5882, 0.7216, 0.2078
CMYK	0.48, 0.65, 0.00, 0.21
HSL	256°, 55%, 54%
HSV	256°, 65%, 79%
XYZ	18.7396, 11.7740, 57.1621
YIQ	96.1000, -21.7870, 47.9490

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

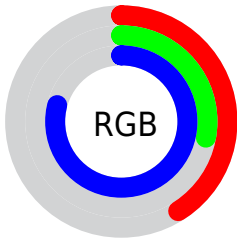
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	105, 71, 202
Decimal	6899658
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	40.86, 45.95, -63.32
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	41, 78.232, 305.969
Yxy	11.7744, 0.2137, 0.1343
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285089738 (0xFF6947CA)
YUV	96.1000, 52.2087, 7.8053
Hunter-Lab	34.3133, 37.4365, -74.7512

# Details

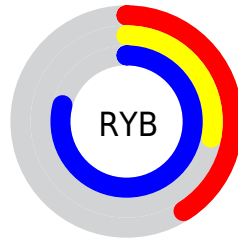
The HunterLab color **34.3133, 37.4365, -74.7512** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6633CC**. The color can be described as dark muted purple. A complement of this color would be **71.4288, -29.0247, 38.5577**, and the grayscale version is **34.0562, -1.8172, 1.8503**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **53.5549, 39.5722, -71.0461**, and **17.9805, 33.7488, -79.3523** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.6490, 44.7844, -92.6864**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39.7129, 30.1035, -58.4253**.

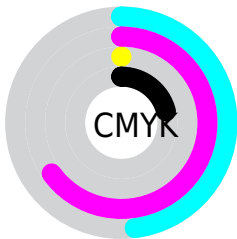
# Distribution



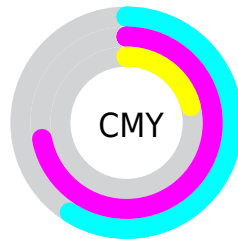
- Red (41%)
- Green (28%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (21%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (72%)
- Yellow (21%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 34.3133, 37.4365, -74.7512 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 34.3133, 37.4365, -74.7512 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



34.3133, 37.4365,  
-74.7512

34.3133, 37.4365,  
-74.7512

142.4450, 48.9334,  
-79.9206

25.6715, 35.6326,  
-76.0882

53.9291, 40.7175,  
-74.6142

17.9086, 33.7697,  
-79.4567

64.7899, 42.1843,  
-75.1191

11.1393, 32.0265,  
-87.6217

76.2953, 43.5423,  
-75.7976

3.0771, 68.2020,  
-204.5735

88.4111, 44.7982,  
-76.5729

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

101.1080, 45.9591,  
-77.3981

0.0000, NaN, -NF

114.3604, 47.0314,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-78.2431

0.0000, NaN, NaN

128.1461, 48.0211,  
-79.0883

■ 34.3133, 37.4365,  
-74.7512

■ 34.3133, 37.4365,  
-74.7512

■ 29.6490, 44.7844,  
-92.6864

■ 39.7129, 30.1035,  
-58.4253

■ 25.9289, 51.3418,  
-110.8957

■ 45.6781, 23.1015,  
-43.9776

■ 23.3558, 55.7702,  
-126.4797

■ 52.0873, 16.4961,  
-31.2195

■ 22.3739, 57.3746,  
-133.2820

■ 58.8536, 10.2525,  
-19.8470

■ 65.9148, 4.3081,  
-9.5697

■ 73.2257, -1.4001,  
-0.1465

■ 80.7526, -6.9259,  
8.6119

■ 88.4699, -12.3132,  
16.8517

■ 96.3573, -17.5966,  
24.6847

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.3138, 4.1598, -103.8270



34.3133, 37.4365, -74.7512



34.3138, 65.3769, -27.5096

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.3138, 37.4373, -74.7499



34.3138, 23.9508, 24.0197



34.3138, -41.5411, -4.1180

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.3133, 37.4365, -74.7512



71.4288, -29.0247, 38.5577

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



34.3138, -39.3498, 17.2068



34.3133, 37.4365, -74.7512



34.3138, -7.4403, 24.0197

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.3138, 37.4373, -74.7499



34.3138, 55.9518, 20.6983



34.3138, -28.8230, 23.1590



34.3138, -36.3014, -46.1662



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.3133, 37.4365, -74.7512



34.3138, 73.3718, -2.0734



34.3138, -28.8230, 23.1590



34.3138, -41.6176, 5.3907

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.3138, 37.4373, -74.7499



81.6747, 8.9732, -18.1938



58.3722, -18.0760, -21.1038



36.5577, 5.1926, -10.2242

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.3138, 37.4373, -74.7499



36.3720, 62.0844, -130.7211



41.5134, 53.4653, -53.2886



33.1397, 0.5557, -2.0593



18.0502, 46.1132, -106.1765



4.5346, 10.8874, -21.2684



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.5985, 56.7454, -20.7725



53.3175, 85.7478, -28.7320



67.5459, -44.3748, 35.6119



33.6928, 2.2721, -0.1270



30.8273, 57.4092, -15.8671

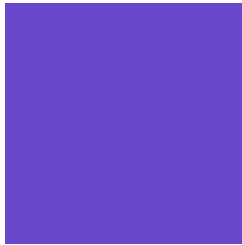


7.0868, 13.3412, -4.7605



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 34.3133, 37.4365, -74.7512 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

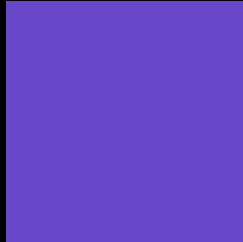
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 34.3133, 37.4365, -74.7512 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 34.3133, 37.4365, -74.7512 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 34.3133, 37.4365, -74.7512.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 34.3133, 37.4365, -74.7512.

-74.7512.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

34.3133, 37.4365, -74.7512

### Deuteranopia

34.3889, 0.6408, -44.3665

### Tritanopia

34.4374, -5.9006, -3.3092

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

34.3133, 37.4365, -74.7512

**Deuteranomaly**

33.0669, 11.3111, -58.7785

**Tritanomaly**

33.4252, 8.1491, -24.6548

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

34.3133, 37.4365, -74.7512

**Achromatopsia**

34.2010, -1.8249, 1.8582

**Achromatomaly**

33.4937, 10.2783, -19.7569

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 34.3133, 37.4365, -74.7512 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(105, 71, 202)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(105, 71, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(105, 71, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(105, 71, 202) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 34.3133, 37.4365, -74.7512 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(105, 71, 202) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(105, 71, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(105, 71, 202)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(105, 71, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 71, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 71,  
202) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 34.3133, 37.4365, -74.7512 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(105, 71, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(105, 71,  
202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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