

Converting Colors

HunterLab(34.4313, -12.5096,
13.4896)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(34.4313, -12.5096,
13.4896) contains.

HunterLab(34.4622, -12.3467, 13.4238)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(34.4622,
-12.3467, 13.4238)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	53673D
RGB	83, 103, 61
RGB Percent	33%, 40%, 24%
CMY	0.6745, 0.5961, 0.7608
CMYK	0.19, 0.00, 0.41, 0.60
HSL	89°, 26%, 32%
HSV	89°, 41%, 40%
XYZ	9.2598, 11.8764, 6.2192
YIQ	92.2320, 1.5620, -17.3020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

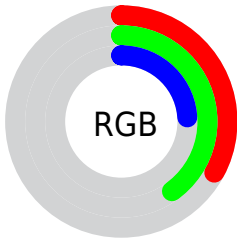
Format	Color
RYB	61, 103, 81
Decimal	5465917
CIELab	41.02, -15.70, 21.29
CIELCh	41, 26.452, 126.418
Yxy	11.8770, 0.3385, 0.4342
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283655997 (0xFF53673D)
YUV	92.2320, -15.3974, -8.0965
Hunter-Lab	34.4622, -12.3467, 13.4238

Details

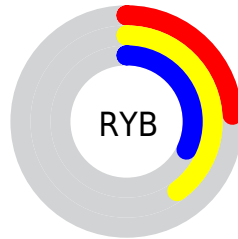
The HunterLab color $[34.4622, -12.3467, 13.4238]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666633 . A complement of this color would be $[24.6301, 11.3295, -15.5157]$, and the grayscale version is $[32.8558, -1.7531, 1.7851]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[54.0388, -15.3284, 17.1561]$, and $[18.0614, -9.0910, 9.2293]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[34.0016, -14.4015, 15.2983]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[34.9713, -10.0911, 11.1797]$.

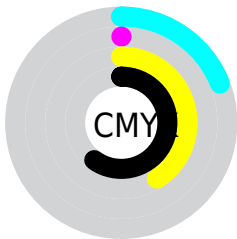
Distribution



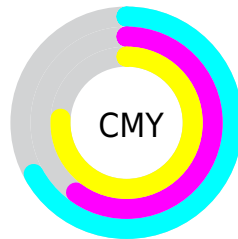
- Red (33%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (24%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 34.4622, -12.3467, 13.4238 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 34.4622, -12.3467, 13.4238 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 34.4622, -12.3467,
13.4238

■ 34.4622, -12.3467,
13.4238

■ 142.6846,
-25.1753, 29.0777

■ 25.8069, -10.7877,
11.3837

■ 54.1025, -15.3090,
17.1922

■ 18.0287, -9.1340,
9.1741

■ 64.9742, -16.7444,
18.9764

■ 11.2419, -7.3488,
7.8693

■ 76.4899, -18.1628,
20.7172

■ 3.3602, -5.8803,
2.3521

■ 88.6155, -19.5707,
22.4258

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 101.3217,
-20.9728, 24.1105

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 114.5831,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-22.3726, 25.7776

0.0000, NaN, NaN

128.3773,
-23.7727, 27.4321

■ 34.4622, -12.3467,
13.4238

■ 34.4622, -12.3467,
13.4238

■ 34.0016, -14.4015,
15.2983

■ 34.9713, -10.0911,
11.1797

■ 33.5870, -16.2479,
16.8045

■ 35.5267, -7.6397,
8.5678

■ 33.2181, -17.8842,
17.9514

■ 36.1288, -5.0027,
5.5955

■ 32.8939, -19.3117,
18.7548

■ 36.7771, -2.1906,
2.2734

■ 32.6123, -20.5359,
19.2401

■ 37.4708, 0.7851,
-1.3850

■ 32.3788, -21.5509,
19.5744

■ 38.2090, 3.9125,
-5.3646

■ 38.9905, 7.1795,
-9.6484

■ 39.8142, 10.5742,
-14.2188

■ 40.6788, 14.0849,
-19.0578

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.4630, -3.9258, 15.3756



34.4622, -12.3467, 13.4238



34.4630, -17.4921, 8.3148

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.4630, -12.3475, 13.4241



34.4630, -9.0727, -18.9752



34.4630, 18.9974, 3.8236

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.4622, -12.3467, 13.4238



24.6301, 11.3295, -15.5157

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



34.4630, 17.2240, -6.1096



34.4622, -12.3467, 13.4238



34.4630, 0.2951, -21.1670

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.4630, -12.3475, 13.4241



34.4630, -15.7546, -10.5794



34.4630, 10.0984, -15.9302



34.4630, 14.7046, 10.9251

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.4622, -12.3467, 13.4238



34.4630, -18.7309, 2.9791



34.4630, 10.0984, -15.9302



34.4630, 19.0973, 0.7350

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.4630, -12.3475, 13.4241



48.2130, -7.2658, 8.1452



30.0774, 2.8484, 9.8803



23.7792, -3.7422, 4.1987



74.4461, -3.9723, 4.0448



24.3420, -1.2988, 1.3225

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.4630, -12.3475, 13.4241



45.5176, -19.1820, 20.3937



33.2793, -16.9130, 12.3446



17.9066, -2.2186, 2.4710



36.2883, -24.2909, 21.9354



82.5568, -56.7743, 49.8772

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.6301, 11.3295, -15.5157



29.5577, 19.6214, -27.5331



26.6806, 17.2120, -11.7751



16.7976, 0.4128, -0.6969



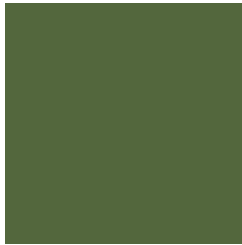
14.2631, 33.0638, -57.7423



31.7736, 74.6365, -136.2357

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 34.4622, -12.3467, 13.4238 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

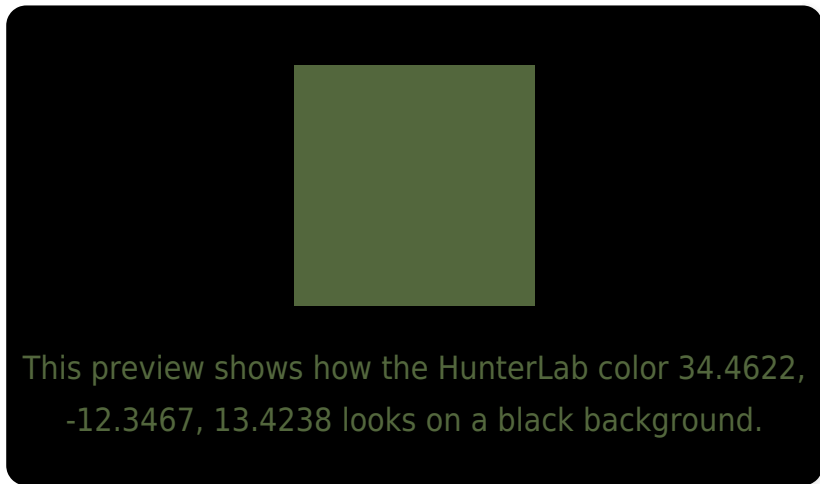
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

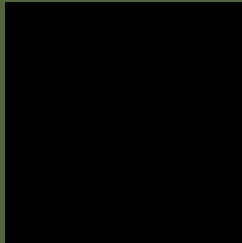
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 34.4622, -12.3467, 13.4238 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 34.4622, -12.3467, 13.4238.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 34.4622,

-12.3467, 13.4238.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

34.4622, -12.3467, 13.4238

Protanopia

34.4506, -3.8647, 14.0396

Deuteranopia

34.2435, 2.2443, 12.9977



Tritanopia

34.4961, -2.9881, -2.2322

Trichromacy



Original Color

34.4622, -12.3467, 13.4238

Protanomaly

34.3385, -7.0327, 13.6548

Deuteranomaly

34.1418, -3.4859, 13.0626

Tritanomaly

34.4656, -6.7988, 4.4786

Monochromacy



Original Color

34.4622, -12.3467, 13.4238

Achromatopsia

32.7144, -1.7456, 1.7774

Achromatomaly

33.2921, -5.7822, 6.5497

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 34.4622, -12.3467, 13.4238 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(83, 103, 61)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(83, 103, 61)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(83, 103, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(83, 103, 61) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 34.4622, -12.3467, 13.4238 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(83, 103, 61) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(83, 103, 61) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(83, 103, 61)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(83, 103, 61); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 103, 61);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 103,  
61) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 34.4622, -12.3467, 13.4238 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(83, 103, 61) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(83, 103,  
61) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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