

Converting Colors

HunterLab(34.5817, -16.7933,
-16.9612)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(34.5817, -16.7933,
-16.9612) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(35.5397,
-13.4644, -15.3558)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	006D85
RGB	0, 109, 133
RGB Percent	0%, 43%, 52%
CMY	0.9999, 0.5725, 0.4784
CMYK	1.00, 0.18, 0.00, 0.48
HSL	191°, 100%, 26%
HSV	191°, 100%, 52%
XYZ	9.7023, 12.6307, 24.1169
YIQ	79.1450, -72.6680, -15.6440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

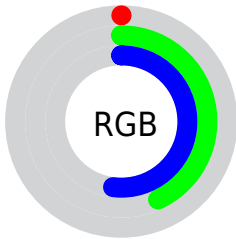
Format	Color
RYB	0, 60, 133
Decimal	28037
CIELab	42.20, -17.19, -20.66
CIELCh	42, 26.878, 230.237
Yxy	12.6311, 0.2089, 0.2719
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278218117 (0xFF006D85)
YUV	79.1450, 26.5505, -69.4102
Hunter-Lab	35.5397, -13.4644, -15.3558

Details

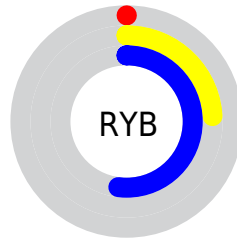
The HunterLab color **35.5397, -13.4644, -15.3558** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **23.7499, 33.5960, 15.2215**, and the grayscale version is **27.9426, -1.4909, 1.5182**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **55.4440, -16.8107, -15.8067**, and **19.9048, -5.8672, -12.2138** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35.5392, -13.4635, -15.3570**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **36.3843, -13.9618, -13.9851**.

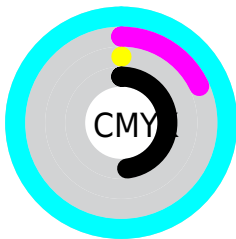
Distribution



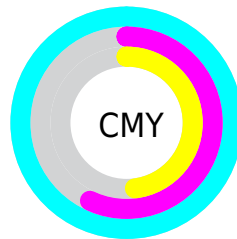
- Red (0%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 35.5397, -13.4644, -15.3558 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 35.5397, -13.4644, -15.3558 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

35.5397, -13.4644,
-15.3558

35.5397, -13.4644,
-15.3558

144.4091,
-26.9661, -16.6313

26.7863, -11.8040,
-14.9108

55.3530, -16.6049,
-16.0599

18.8992, -10.0403,
-14.4308

66.3028, -18.1216,
-16.3143

11.9877, -8.1063,
-13.9977

77.8923, -19.6170,
-16.5060

4.9375, -8.6406,
-19.5821

90.0880, -21.0980,
-16.6380

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

102.8611,
-22.5700, -16.7136

0.0000, NaN, NaN

116.1866,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-24.0368, -16.7358

0.0000, NaN, NaN

130.0424,
-25.5014, -16.7075

■ 35.5397, -13.4644,
-15.3558

■ 35.5397, -13.4644,
-15.3558

■ 35.5392, -13.4635,
-15.3570

■ 36.3843, -13.9618,
-13.9851

■ 37.2978, -14.2037,
-12.5408

■ 38.3150, -14.0613,
-10.9751

■ 39.4404, -13.5209,
-9.2923

■ 40.6757, -12.5839,
-7.5016

■ 42.0203, -11.2624,
-5.6149

■ 43.4720, -9.5758,
-3.6453

■ 45.0275, -7.5485,
-1.6058

■ 46.6827, -5.2075,
0.4911

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.5403, -18.3156, -5.0515



35.5397, -13.4644, -15.3558



35.5403, -5.1254, -21.4525

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.5403, -13.4642, -15.3552



35.5403, 19.2891, -1.3359



35.5403, -8.3566, 15.2495

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.5397, -13.4644, -15.3558



23.7499, 33.5960, 15.2215

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



35.5403, 1.4483, 15.7296



35.5397, -13.4644, -15.3558



35.5403, 18.1750, 7.7390

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.5403, -13.4642, -15.3552



35.5403, 14.2599, -11.9930



35.5403, 11.3666, 13.3887



35.5403, -15.6026, 11.8217

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.5397, -13.4644, -15.3558



35.5403, 1.6120, -21.4102



35.5403, 11.3666, 13.3887



35.5403, -5.2773, 15.7152

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.5403, -13.4642, -15.3552



58.0347, -12.9864, -5.0645



41.0292, -34.6717, 23.5648



27.2106, -6.5670, -2.8553



82.0889, -4.3801, 4.4600



30.7619, -1.6414, 1.6714

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.5403, -13.4642, -15.3552



47.3396, -17.7239, -20.9097



18.7637, 16.1318, -58.2735



22.6711, -2.4166, 0.3264



34.7003, -13.1603, -14.9631



2.2573, -1.0518, -0.5508

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.6802, 46.7354, -18.7318



32.9941, 62.4322, -24.6388



34.7521, 7.0780, 21.5371



21.7917, 1.3688, -0.1974



24.0884, 45.6222, -18.3109



1.4503, 2.7995, -1.5105

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 35.5397, -13.4644, -15.3558 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 35.5397, -13.4644, -15.3558 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

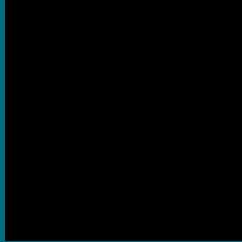
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 35.5397, -13.4644, -15.3558 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 35.5397, -13.4644, -15.3558.



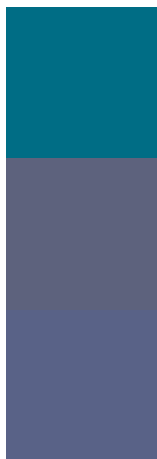
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 35.5397,

-13.4644, -15.3558.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

35.5397, -13.4644, -15.3558

Protanopia

35.4164, 1.4430, -10.6320

Deuteranopia

35.5084, 2.5106, -16.3493



Tritanopia

35.6382, -17.2175, -7.3769

Trichromacy



Original Color

35.5397, -13.4644, -15.3558

Protanomaly

34.6281, -6.7252, -13.7466

Deuteranomaly

34.7762, -5.7226, -17.1241

Tritanomaly

35.5065, -15.8151, -10.2397

Monochromacy



Original Color

35.5397, -13.4644, -15.3558

Achromatopsia

27.9620, -1.4920, 1.5192

Achromatomaly

29.8183, -8.9391, -5.2542

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 35.5397, -13.4644, -15.3558 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 109, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 109, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 109, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 109, 133) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 35.5397, -13.4644, -15.3558 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 109, 133) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 109, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 109, 133)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 109, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 109, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 109,  
133) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 35.5397, -13.4644, -15.3558 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 109, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 109,  
133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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