

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(34.5906, 8.7014,  
21.4669)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(34.5906, 8.7014,  
21.4669) contains.

<b>HunterLab(34.5938, 8.6027, 21.4671)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(34.5938, 8.6027,  
21.4671)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	875700
RGB	135, 87, 0
RGB Percent	53%, 34%, 0%
CMY	0.4706, 0.6588, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 1.00, 0.47
HSL	39°, 100%, 26%
HSV	39°, 100%, 53%
XYZ	13.3999, 11.9673, 1.6037
YIQ	91.4340, 56.5350, -16.8810

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

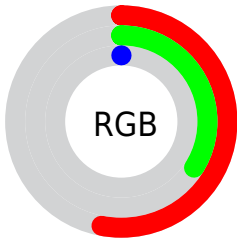
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>Y</sub>B</b>	74, 135, 0
Decimal	8869632
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	41.17, 13.83, 49.53
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	41, 51.428, 74.399
Yxy	11.9679, 0.4968, 0.4437
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287059712 (0xFF875700)
YUV	91.4340, -45.0770, 38.2074
Hunter-Lab	34.5938, 8.6027, 21.4671

# Details

The HunterLab color **34.5938, 8.6027, 21.4671** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996600**. A complement of this color would be **19.6551, 14.9184, -56.7707**, and the grayscale version is **32.6525, -1.7423, 1.7741**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **54.3362, 8.9723, 29.4150**, and **18.3341, 8.1854, 11.4407** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34.5943, 8.6014, 21.4674**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35.7793, 6.6210, 21.5033**.

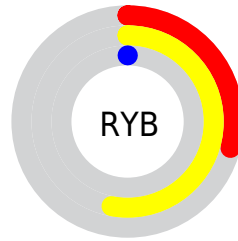
# Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (34%)

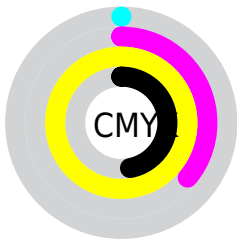
Blue (0%)



Red (29%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (0%)

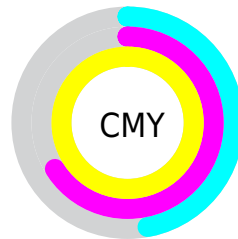


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (47%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (66%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 34.5938, 8.6027, 21.4671 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 34.5938, 8.6027, 21.4671 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



34.5938, 8.6027,  
21.4671

34.5938, 8.6027,  
21.4671

142.8961, 8.5737,  
51.9437

25.9265, 8.2172,  
17.4771

54.2556, 9.0691,  
29.3168

18.1349, 7.7082,  
12.6945

65.1369, 9.1799,  
32.9258

11.3326, 7.0442,  
7.9328

76.6617, 9.2209,  
36.3714

3.5914, 16.5888,  
2.5140

88.7959, 9.1986,  
39.6812

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

101.5104, 9.1186,  
42.8772


0.0000, NaN, NaN


114.7797, 8.9854,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

45.9772

0.0000, NaN, NaN


 128.5815, 8.8027,  
48.9954


 34.5938, 8.6027,  
21.4671


 34.5938, 8.6027,  
21.4671


 34.5943, 8.6014,  
21.4674

 35.7793, 6.6210,  
21.5033

 37.0220, 4.7736,  
21.2353

 38.3319, 3.1242,  
20.4995

 39.7079, 1.6835,  
19.2853

 41.1481, 0.4555,  
17.5969

■ 42.6501, -0.5608,  
15.4480

■ 44.2112, -1.3697,  
12.8576

■ 45.8289, -1.9779,  
9.8487

■ 47.5002, -2.3937,  
6.4455

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.5947, 28.5200, 18.4999



34.5938, 8.6027, 21.4671



34.5947, -10.5207, 21.5141

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.5947, 8.6007, 21.4674



34.5947, -30.7326, -7.9876



34.5947, 27.8025, -33.5642

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.5938, 8.6027, 21.4671



19.6551, 14.9184, -56.7707

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



34.5947, 7.7739, -51.9751



34.5938, 8.6027, 21.4671



34.5947, -24.3843, -32.5930

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.5947, 8.6007, 21.4674



34.5947, -30.6055, 10.0272



34.5947, -11.1867, -51.5460



34.5947, 41.1413, -8.8997



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.5938, 8.6027, 21.4671



34.5947, -20.2582, 20.0921



34.5947, -11.1867, -51.5460



34.5947, 21.4592, -41.1646

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.5947, 8.6007, 21.4674



59.0207, -1.7684, 17.4585



23.1883, 40.6842, 7.4281



28.0304, -0.6718, 9.0395



83.1908, -4.4389, 4.5199



31.6988, -1.6914, 1.7223



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.5947, 8.6007, 21.4674



45.9593, 12.1719, 28.5330



45.9453, -18.2432, 27.9917



22.6976, -1.1535, 2.9181



33.2587, 8.1842, 20.6371



2.2832, -0.1056, 1.4050



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.6551, 14.9184, -56.7707



25.7657, 21.3103, -78.2077



13.7040, 36.2307, -90.0905



21.8987, -1.1537, -0.6072



18.9358, 14.1737, -54.2651

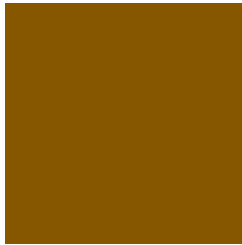


1.5896, -0.1081, -1.7535



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 34.5938, 8.6027, 21.4671 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 34.5938, 8.6027, 21.4671 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

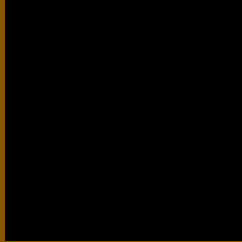
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 34.5938, 8.6027, 21.4671 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 34.5938, 8.6027, 21.4671.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 34.5938, 8.6027,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

34.5938, 8.6027, 21.4671

### Protanopia

34.7420, -5.0660, 20.8781

### Deuteranopia

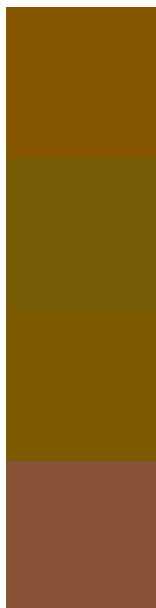
34.6982, 1.4360, 21.4060



## Tritanopia

34.7303, 17.9102, 6.3211

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

34.5938, 8.6027, 21.4671

## Protanomaly

34.5550, -0.3257, 20.9913

## Deuteranomaly

34.6326, 3.7855, 21.4067

## Tritanomaly

34.4465, 13.6343, 15.2432

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

34.5938, 8.6027, 21.4671

## Achromatopsia

32.3445, -1.7258, 1.7573

## Achromatomaly

32.7775, -0.2705, 12.9517

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 34.5938, 8.6027, 21.4671 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 87, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 87, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 87, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 87, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 34.5938, 8.6027, 21.4671 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 87, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 87, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 87, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(135, 87, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 87, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 87, 0)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 34.5938, 8.6027, 21.4671 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 87, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135, 87,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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